# (Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish)

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Publicly Announced Unconsolidated Financial Statements
Related Disclosures and Independent Auditors'
Report Thereon
as of and for the Year Ended
31 December 2023

#### Convenience Translation of the Independent Auditors' Report Originally Issued in Turkish

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of ING Bank Anonim Şirketi:

#### **Audit of Unconsolidated Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements of ING Bank A.Ş (the Bank), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of balance sheet as at December 31, 2023, and the unconsolidated statement of income, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the unconsolidated financial position of ING Bank A.Ş. as at December 31,2023 and financial performance and unconsolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the prevailing accounting principles and standards set out as in accordance with "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA), circulars, interpretations published by BRSA and "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" which includes the provisions of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) for the matters which are not regulated by these regulations.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

Our audit was conducted in accordance with "Regulation on independent audit of the Banks" published in the Official Gazette no.29314 dated 2 April 2015 by BRSA (BRSA Independent Audit Regulation) and Independent Auditing Standards ("ISA") which are the part of Turkish Auditing Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with of Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors (Code of Ethics) published by POA and have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter is addressed in our audit
TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" Standard and recognition of impairment on financial assets and related significant disclosures	
As presented in Section III footnote VIII, the Bank recognizes expected credit losses of financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9 Financial Instruments standard. We considered impairment of financial assets as a key audit matter since:	Our audit procedures included among others include:  - Evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies as to the requirements of TFRS 9, Bank's past experience, local and global practices.
<ul> <li>Amount of on and off-balance sheet items that are subject to expected credit loss calculation is material to the financial statements.</li> <li>There are complex and comprehensive requirements of TFRS 9.</li> </ul>	Reviewing and testing of processes which are used to calculate expected credit losses by involving our Information technology and process audit specialists.
- The classification of the financial assets is based on the Bank's business model and characteristics of the contractual cash flows in accordance with TFRS 9 and the Bank uses significant judgment on the assessment of the business model and	<ul> <li>Reviewing the appropriateness of criteria in order to identify the financial assets having solely payments of principal and interest and checking the compliance to the Bank's Business model.</li> </ul>
identification of the complex contractual cash flow characteristics of financial instruments.  - Policies implemented by the Bank management include compliance risk to the regulations and	<ul> <li>Evaluating the alignment of the significant increase in credit risk determined during the calculation of expected credit losses, default definition, restructuring definition, probability of default, loss given default, exposure at default</li> </ul>
<ul><li>other practices.</li><li>Processes of TFRS 9 are advanced and complex.</li><li>Judgements and estimates used in expected credit</li></ul>	and macro-economic variables that are determined by the financial risk management experts with the Bank's past performance, regulations, and other processes that has forward looking estimations.
<ul><li>loss, complex and comprehensive.</li><li>Disclosure requirements of TFRS 9 are comprehensive and complex.</li></ul>	Assessing the completeness and the accuracy of the data used for expected credit loss calculation.
	Testing the mathematical accuracy of expected credit loss calculation on sample basis.
	Evaluating the judgments and estimates used for the individually assessed financial assets.
	- Evaluating the accuracy and the necessity of post-model adjustments.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Bank management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditing of TFRS 9 disclosures.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

In an independent audit, the responsibilities of us as independent auditors are:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with BRSA Independent Audit Regulation and ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with BRSA Independent Audit Regulation and ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements,
  whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. (The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
  fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.)
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with government with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 1) In accordance with Article 402 paragraph 4 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") no 6102; no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities and financial statements for the period January 1 December 31, 2023 are not in compliance with the TCC and provisions of the Bank's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.
- 2) In accordance with Article 402 paragraph 4 of the TCC; the Board of Directors submitted to us the necessary explanations and provided required documents within the context of audit.

The engagement partner who supervised and concluded this independent auditor's report is Fatma Ebru Yücel.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Fatma Ebru Yücel, SMMM Partner

February 8, 2024 Istanbul, Turkey

### The unconsolidated financial report of ING Bank A.Ş. prepared as of and for the year ended 31 December 2023

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The unconsolidated year end financial report includes the following sections in accordance with the "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes that will be Publicly Announced" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency.

- General information about the Bank
- Unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank
- Explanations on accounting policies applied in the related period
- Information on financial structure and risk management of the Bank
- Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated financial statements
- Other explanations
- Independent Auditors' report

The accompanying year end unconsolidated financial statements and footnotes to these financial statements which are expressed, unless otherwise stated, in **thousands of Turkish Lira** (TL), have been prepared based on the accounting books of the Bank in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, relating appendices and interpretations on these, and are independently audited.

John T. Mc CARTHY
Chairman of the Board

M. Semra KURAN
Chairman of the Audit
Committee

K. Atıl ÖZUS
CFO
Financial Reporting and Tax Director

M. Semra KURAN
Chairman of the Audit
Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge of addressing questions regarding this financial report:

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ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Section one

#### **General information**

### I. History of the Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status, amendments to legal status

The foundations of ING Bank A.Ş. ("The Bank") were laid in 1984 by the establishment of "The First National Bank of Boston Istanbul Branch" and the current structure has been formed with the below mergers and takeovers. The establishment and historical developments of the Bank are explained below:

"The First National Bank of Boston Istanbul Branch" was established in 1984. In 1990, "The First National Bank of Boston A.Ş." was established to accept deposits and carry out banking transactions, and the Articles of Association of the Bank were officially registered on 31 October 1990 and published in the Turkish Trade Registry Gazette on 5 November 1990. Upon the establishment of the Bank and permission to accept deposits, the assets and liabilities in the balance sheet of "The First National Bank of Boston Istanbul Branch" were transferred to the Bank.

The title of the Bank which was operating as a Turkish Bank with four shareholders including Ordu Yardımlaşma Kurumu ("OYAK"), was changed as "Türk Boston Bank A.Ş." in 1991; and OYAK purchased all other shares and became the sole owner of the Bank in 1993. On 10 May 1996, the title of "Türk Boston Bank A.Ş." was changed as "Oyak Bank A.Ş.".

On the other hand, on 22 December 1999, upon a Council of Ministers Decree, the shareholding rights, management and supervision of Sümerbank A.Ş. except for its dividend rights were transferred to Savings Deposit Insurance Fund ("the SDIF") as per the third and fourth paragraphs of Article 14 of the Banking Law. In 2001, the SDIF decided to merge the assets and liabilities of the banks, namely Egebank A.Ş., Türkiye Tütüncüler Bankası Yaşarbank A.Ş., Yurt Ticaret ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş., Bank Kapital A.Ş. and Ulusal Bank T.A.Ş. that have been formerly transferred to the SDIF, into Sümerbank A.Ş.

According to a share sale agreement executed between the SDIF and OYAK on 9 August 2001, all the shares constituting the capital of Sümerbank A.Ş. whose shares were transferred to the SDIF; were transferred to OYAK by the SDIF. As of 11 January 2002, it was resolved that Sümerbank A.Ş. would settle all its accounts and merge with the Bank and continue its banking operations under the Bank. The merger through transfer was performed on 11 January 2002 upon the approval of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA").

In accordance with the permissions of the Competition Board with the decree number 07-69/856-324 dated 6 September 2007 and of the BRSA with the decree number 2416 dated 12 December 2007; the transfer of 1,074,098,150 shares of the Bank that represent the total capital which belongs to OYAK in amount of TL 1,074,098 to ING Bank N.V as of 24 December 2007 has been approved by the Board of Directors decision numbered 55/1 and dated 24 December 2007 and the share transfer has been recorded in Shareholders Stock Register as of the same date. It has been decided to change the title of the Bank from "Oyak Bank A.Ş." to "ING Bank A.Ş." effective from 7 July 2008. The Articles of Association of the Bank has been changed with the Extraordinary General Meeting dated 26 June 2014 in accordance with Turkish Trade Art numbered 6102 and published in Turkish Trade Registry Gazette numbered 8608 and dated 9 July 2014.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

II. The Bank's shareholder structure, management and internal audit, direct and indirect shareholders, change in shareholder structure during the year and information on bank's risk group

The main shareholders and capital structure as of 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

		Current period		Prior period
	Share amount Full TL	Share percentage	Share amount Full TL	Share percentage
ING Bank N.V. Other shareholders total	3,486,267,793 4	100.00	3,486,267,793 4	100.00
Total	3,486,267,797	100.00	3,486,267,797	100.00

As of 31 December 2023, the Bank's paid-in capital consists of 3,486,267,797 shares with a nominal value of TL 1 (Full TL) each.

The Bank's paid-in capital is TL 3,486,268 as of 31 December 2023 and ING Bank N.V. has full control over the Bank's capital.

Other shareholders total represent the total shares of Chairman of the Board John T. Mc Carthy, Vice Chairman of the BoD A. Canan Ediboğlu, the members of the Board Nermin Güney and Karst Jan Wolters with a nominal value of TL 1 (Full TL) each.

As one of the world's leading financial services institutions, ING Group operates in the retail banking, wholesale and mid-corporate banking, investment banking and portfolio management segments. ING Group was established in 1991 as a result of a merger between NMB Postbank, which has a distinguished 150-year history, and the Netherlands' leading insurance company, Nationale-Nederlanden. Both companies were providing services in international markets before the merger, but ING became a leading global financial service provider with the merger.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# III. Information on the Bank's board of directors chairman and members, audit committee members, chief executive officer, executive vice presidents and their responsibilities and shareholdings in the Bank

As of 31 December 2023, the Bank's Board of Directors (BOD), Members of Audit Committee and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice Presidents are as follows:

Name and Surname	Title	Responsibility area
John T. Mc Carthy	Chairman of the BoD	Legally declared
A. Canan Ediboğlu	Vice Chairman of the BoD	Legally declared
M. Semra Kuran	BoD Member and Chairman of the Audit Committee	Legally declared
Nermin Güney	BoD Member and Audit Committee Member	Legally declared
Karst Jan Wolters	BoD Member	Legally declared
Alper İhsan Gökgöz	Chief Executive Officer and BoD Member	Legally declared
Ayşegül Akay	Executive Vice President	Corporate Banking
Hale Ökmen Ataklı	Executive Vice President	Human Resources
İlker Kayseri	Executive Vice President	Treasury
İpek Erhan	Executive Vice President	Corporate Customers
K. Atıl Özus	Chief Financial Officer	Financial Control and Treasury
Kamil Stefanski	Executive Vice President	Financial Markets
Martijn Bastiaan Kamps	Executive Vice President	Credits
Okan Korkmaz	Executive Vice President	Financial Risk Management
Öcal Ağar	Executive Vice President	Business Banking
Özge Gürsoy	Executive Vice President	Compliance Risk Management
Sedef Kılavuz Balcı	Executive Vice President	Legal
Tuğçe Bora Kılıç	Executive Vice President	Operation
Umut Pasin	Executive Vice President	Retail and Corporate Credits
Wouter Meijs	Executive Vice President	Technology

Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice Presidents have no share in the Bank.

Kamil Stefanski has been appointed as Financial Markets Vice President per the Board of Directors resolution No. 25/3 and dated 16 March 2023, starting from 1 April 2023.

Meltem Öztürk, our Executive Vice President for Human Resources and ExCo Member at ING Turkiye, has been appointed to global role as Senior Human Resources Business Partner of the ING Hubs effective of 1 August 2023. Hale Ökmen Ataklı has been appointed as Executive Vice President for Human Resources and ExCo Member as of 23 October 2023, following the approval of the BRSA.

Chief Audit Executive of the Bank, Okan Korkmaz, has been appointed to Executive Vice President of Financial Risk Management as of 30 October 2023, and Cankut Öztürk has been appointed as the Deputy Chairman of the Audit Executive.

Retail Banking Executive Vice President Ozan Kırmızı has resigned from his duty as of 31 October 2023.

Legal Executive Vice President Günce Çakır, resigned from her duty as of 15 October 2023. Sedef Kılavuz Balcı, who serves as Legal Director at our Bank, has been appointed as Executive Vice President of Legal on 27 December 2023, following the completion of the necessary legal processes with the Board of Directors resolution no 79/2 and dated 19 October 2023.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### IV. Information on the Bank's qualified shareholders

ING Bank N.V. has full control over the Bank's management with 3,486,267,793 shares and 100% paid-in share.

#### V. Summary information on the Bank's activities and services

The Bank is principally engaged in all types of banking transactions, accepting deposits and all kinds of legal transactions, activities and operations within banking license within the scope provided by the Banking Law, and all existing and/or future laws, regulations and decree laws and related legislation. The Bank carries out its operations with 120 domestic branches.

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and Short Explanation about the Entities Subject to Full Consolidation or Proportional Consolidation and Entities which are Deducted from Equity or Entities which are not Included in these Three Methods

There is no difference for the Bank, except for the non-financial subsidiary, between the consolidation process according to the Turkish Accounting Standards and the Communiqué of the Preparation of Financial Statements of Banks in Turkey.

ING Teknoloji A.Ş., a non-financial subsidiary owned 100% and by the Bank, was registered in the Trade Registry Gazette on 7 March 2023. The Bank presents ING Teknoloji A.Ş. in the non-consolidated non-financial subsidiaries line in its financial statements as it is non-financial institution, and has not been consolidated within the scope of the Communiqué of the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks.

VII. Current or likely actual or legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between the Bank and its subsidiaries

None.

#### Section two

#### **Unconsolidated financial statements**

- I. Unconsolidated balance sheet (statement of financial position)
- II. Unconsolidated statement of off-balance sheet items
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- IV. Unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- V. Unconsolidated statement of changes in equity
- VI. Unconsolidated statement of cash flows
- VII. Statement of profit distribution

ING Bank A.Ş.

# Unconsolidated balance sheet (statement of financial position) as of 31 December 2023

Assets						Audited			Audited
Financial seases (net)		Accete	Nete						Prior period
Financial assets (net)		ASSetS				(31/12/2023)			(31/12/2022)
1.1   Cash and cash equivalents				TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
1.1   Cash and cash equivalents	ı.	Financial assets (net)		20.804.151	22.162.033	42.966.184	10.987.386	15.867.697	26,855,083
1.1.1   Cash and balances at Central Bank   (1-1)   7,609,515   19,347,863   26,967,378   2,730,100   12,362,820   15,062,92   11.12   Banks   (1-1)   Superior of the protein of the pr	1.1								19,927,309
1.1.3	1.1.1		(I-1)						15,092,920
1.1.4   Expected credit losses (-)	1.1.2	Banks	(Ì-3)	982	1,404,392	1,405,374	491	2,340,059	2,340,550
through profit or loss (L2) 12,465 429,638 442,103 162,518 432,698 595,201 1.2.1 Government securities 12,154 429,638 441,792 162,308 432,698 595,001 1.2.2 Equity instruments 15 1,154 429,638 441,792 162,308 432,698 595,001 1.2.3 Chef intancial assets 1 1,154 17,154 1	1.1.3	Money market placements		8,508,257	-	8,508,257	2,496,991	-	2,496,991
through profit or loss	1.1.4	Expected credit losses (-)	(I-5)	(7,801)	(2,396)	(10,197)	(1,830)	(1,322)	(3,152)
1.2.1   Government securities   12,154   429,638   441,792   162,308   432,698   595,00	1.2	Financial assets at fair value							
1.2.2   Equity instruments   311   311   210   210   211		through profit or loss	(I-2)						595,216
1.2.3   Oine financial assets	1.2.1	Government securities		12,154	429,638	441,792	162,308	432,698	595,006
through other comprehensive income (I-4) 3,812,200 1,863 3,814,063 4,359,169 1,139 4,360,33 (1,30) of the comprehensive income (I-4) 3,812,200 1,863 3,814,063 4,359,169 1,139 4,360,33 (1,30) of the comprehensive income (I-1) of the comprehensiv				311	-	311	210	-	210
through other comprehensive		Other financial assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
Income	1.3	Financial assets at fair value							
1.3.1   Government securities									
1.3.2   Equity instruments   64,766   1.863   66,629   64,766   1,139   65,90		income	(I-4)		1,863			1,139	4,360,308
1.3.3   Other financial assets   868,53   980,673   1,849,206   1,239,947   732,303   1,972,254   1,41   Derivative financial assets measured at latir value through profit or loss   (1-2)   827,566   980,673   1,808,239   1,168,071   732,303   1,900,37   1,900,3	1.3.1	Government securities		3,747,434	-		4,294,403	-	4,294,403
1.3.3   Other financial assets   868,53   980,673   1,849,206   1,239,947   732,303   1,972,254   1,41   Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss   (1-2)   827,566   980,673   1,808,239   1,168,071   732,303   1,900,37		Equity instruments		64,766	1,863	66,629	64,766	1,139	65,905
1.4.1   Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss   1.90,37   1.808,239   1.168,071   732,303   1.900,37   1.42   Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (I-11)   40,967   - 40,967   71,876   - 7				-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4.1   Derivative financial asseste measured at fair value through profit or loss   1.900,37   1.808,239   1.168,071   732,303   1.900,37   1.900,37   1.4.2   Derivative financial asseste measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (I-11)   40,967   - 40,967   71,876   - 71,876		Derivative financial assets		868,533	980,673	1,849,206	1,239,947	732,303	1,972,250
1.4.2   Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (I-11)	1.4.1	Derivative financial assets measured							
1.4.2   Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (I-11)		at fair value through profit or loss	(1-2)	827,566	980,673	1,808,239	1,168,071	732,303	1,900,374
Comprehensive income	1.4.2	Derivative financial assets measured	` ,						
II.   Financial assets measured at amortised cost   58,790,465   25,611,231   84,401,696   43,947,096   24,092,194   68,039,292   21   Loans   (I-5)   49,884,145   25,962,932   75,847,077   38,075,335   24,469,836   62,545,177   38,075,335   34,469,836   37,075,858   37,075,8		at fair value through other							
II.   Financial assets measured at amortised cost   58,790,465   25,611,231   84,401,696   43,947,096   24,092,194   68,039,292   21   Loans   (I-5)   49,884,145   25,962,932   75,847,077   38,075,335   24,469,836   62,545,177   38,075,335   34,469,836   37,075,8			(I-11)	40,967	-	40,967	71,876	-	71,876
amortised cost	II.		` '	-,		-,	,		,
Loans				58.790.465	25.611.231	84.401.696	43.947.096	24.092.194	68,039,290
2.2   Receivables from leasing transactions   (I-10)	2.1	Loans	(1-5)						62,545,171
transactions (I-10)			()	,,	,,	, ,	,	, ,	,,
2.3			(I-10)	_	-	-	-	-	-
2.4   Other financial assets measured at amortised cost   (I-6)   9,970,600   - 9,970,600   7,178,958   - 7,178,958   2.4.1   Government securities   9,970,600   - 9,970,600   7,178,958   - 7,178,	2.3		()	_	-	-	-	-	-
## amortised cost   Gl-6   9,970,600   - 9,970,600   7,178,958   - 7,178,95   2.4.1   Government securities   9,970,600   - 9,970,600   7,178,958   - 7,178,95   2.4.2   Other financial assets   0,500   0,500   0,500   0,500   0,500   2.5   Expected credit tosses (-)   (I-5)   (1,064,280)   (351,701)   (1,415,981)   (1,307,197)   (377,642)   (1,684,8381)									
2.4.1         Government securities         9,970,600         -         9,970,600         7,178,958         -         7,178,958           2.4.2.2         Other financial assets         -         -         9,970,600         7,178,958         -         7,178,958           2.5.5         Expected credit losses (-)         (I-5)         (I,064,280)         (351,701)         (1,415,981)         (1,307,197)         (377,642)         (1,684,838)           III.         Assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations (net)         (I-16)         -         -         -         660         -         66           3.1         Assets held for sale         -         -         -         -         660         -         66           3.2         Assets from discontinued operations         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         660         -         66           3.2         Assets from discontinued operations         -			(1-6)	9.970.600	-	9.970.600	7.178.958	-	7.178.958
2.4.2         Chref financial assets         (I-5)         (1,064,280)         (351,701)         (1,415,981)         (1,307,197)         (377,642)         (1,684,838)           III.         Assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations (net)         (I-16)         -         -         660         -         66           3.2         Assets from discontinued operations         947,201         1,234,860         2,182,061         560,927         610,935         1,171,86           4.1         Investments in associates (net)         (I-7)         - </td <td>241</td> <td></td> <td>(,</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	241		(,		_			-	
2.5   Expected credit losses (-)   (I-5)   (1,064,280)   (351,701)   (1,415,981)   (1,307,197)   (377,642)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (377,642)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (377,642)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (377,642)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (377,642)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,307,197)   (1,307,197)   (1,307,197)   (1,307,197)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,307,197)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,328,861)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,307,197)   (1,684,8381)   (1,485,8381)				-	_	-	-,	-	-,
III.			(1-5)	(1.064.280)	(351.701)	(1.415.981)	(1.307.197)	(377.642)	(1.684.839)
discontinued operations (net)   (I-16)   -   -   -   660   -   666   3.1     Assets held for sale   -   -   -   660   -   660     Assets from discontinued operations   -   -   -   660   -   660     Equity investments   947,201   1,234,860   2,182,061   560,927   610,935   1,171,86     Investments in associates (net)   (I-7)   -   -   -   -   -   -     Associates consolidated by using equity method   -   -   -   -     Linconsolidated associates   -   -   -     Linconsolidated financial subsidiaries   765,819   1,234,860   2,000,679   389,545   610,935   1,700,48     A.2.1   Unconsolidated financial subsidiaries   765,819   1,234,860   2,000,679   389,545   610,935   1,000,48     A.3.2   Unconsolidated partnerships (Joint Ventures) (net )   (I-9)   -     -     -     -       A.3.3   Jointly Controlled Partnerships (Joint Ventures) (net )   (I-12)   758,536   -     758,536   637,312   -         A.3.2   Unconsolidated joint ventures     -     -     -       A.3.3   Local Seases (net)   (I-13)   1,043,982   -   1,043,982   256,283   -     256,28     A.3.4   Unconsolidated piont ventures     -     -           A.3.5   Unconsolidated piont ventures     -			(. 0)	(1,001,200)	(00.,.0.)	(1,110,001)	(1,001,101)	(0.1,0.2)	(1,001,000)
3.1   Assets held for sale   -			(1-16)			_	660	_	660
3.2 Assets from discontinued operations IV. Equity investments Equity investments 1.1 Investments in associates (net) 1.2 Investments in associates (net) 1.3 Joint yenthod 1.2 Joint yenthod 1.2 Joint yenthod 1.2 Joint yenthod 1.2 Joint yenthod 1.2 Joint yenthod 1.2 Joint yenthod 1.2 Joint yenthod 1.2 Joint yenthod 1.3 Joint yenthod 1.4 Joint yentures consolidated by using equity method 1.5 Joint yenthod 1.6 Joint yentures 1.7 Joint yentures consolidated by using equity method 1.7 Joint yentures consolidated by using equity method 1.7 Joint yentures 1.7 Joint	3.1		(1.10)	_	_	_		-	660
IV.   Equity investments   947,201   1,234,860   2,182,061   560,927   610,935   1,171,86				_		_	-	_	-
4.1         Investments in associates (net)         (I-7)         -				947 201	1 234 860	2 182 061	560 927	610 935	1 171 862
4.1.1 Associates consolidated by using equity method 4.1.2 Unconsolidated associates 4.2 Investments in subsidiaries (net) 4.2.1 Unconsolidated financial subsidiaries 4.2.2 Unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries 4.3 Jointly Controlled Partnerships 4.3.1 Joint Ventures) (net) 4.3.2 Unconsolidated by using equity method 4.3.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.4 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.5 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.6 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.7 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.8 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.9 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.1 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.2 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.4 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.5 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.6 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.7 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.8 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.9 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.1 Intangible assets (net) 4.3.2 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.4 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.5 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.6 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.7 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.8 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.9 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.1 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.2 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.4 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.5 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.6 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.7 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.8 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.9 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.1 Joint ventures consolidated by using equity method 4.3.2 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.4 Joint ventures consolidated by using equity method 4.3.5 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.6 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.7 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.8 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3.9 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3 Unconsolidated joint ventures 4.3			(1-7)	-	1,204,000	2,102,001	-	010,000	1,171,002
equity method 4.1.2 Unconsolidated associates 4.2 Investments in subsidiaries (net) 4.2.1 Unconsolidated financial subsidiaries 4.2.2 Unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries 4.3 Jointly Controlled Partnerships (Joint Ventures) (net) 4.3.1 Unconsolidated by using equity method 4.3.2 Unconsolidated joint ventures  V. Tangible assets (net) VI. Intangible assets (net) VII. Investment property (net) (I-14) 4.2.729 VIII. Current tax asset (I-15) 2.62,694 V. Other assets (net) (I-17) 6,821,266 2.343 6,843,609 1,599,066 26,249 1,625,314  4.1.2 Unconsolidated associates 765,819 1,234,860 2,182,061 560,927 610,935 1,171,86 1,171,86 1,171			(. , ,						
4.1.2   Unconsolidated associates	4.1.1			_	_	_	_	_	_
4.2         Investments in subsidiaries (net)         (I-8)         947,201         1,234,860         2,182,061         560,927         610,935         1,171,86           4.2.1         Unconsolidated financial subsidiaries         765,819         1,234,860         2,000,679         389,545         610,935         1,000,48           4.2.2         Unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries         181,382         -         181,382         171,382         -         171,382           4.3         Jointly Controlled Partnerships (Joint Ventures) (net)         (I-9)         -	412			-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.1 Unconsolidated financial subsidiaries 4.2.2 Unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries 181,382 - 181,382 171,382 - 171,382  4.3 Jointly Controlled Partnerships (Joint Ventures) (net) equity method 1.2 Unconsolidated piusing equity method 2. Unconsolidated piusing equity method 3.2 Unconsolidated piut ventures 5			(1-8)	947 201	1 234 860	2.182.061	560 927	610 935	1,171,862
4.2.2 Unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries			(1-0)						
subsidiaries         181,382         -         181,382         171,382         -         171,382           4.3         Joint Ventures) (net)         (I-9)         -         -         -         -         -         -           4.3.1         Joint ventures consolidated by using equity method         -				100,019	1,237,000	2,000,019	303,343	010,000	1,000,400
4.3 Jointly Controlled Partnerships (Joint Ventures) (net) (I-9)	7.2.2			181 382	_	181 382	171 382	_	171 222
Count Ventures (net)   Count Ventures consolidated by using equity method   Count Ventures consolidated by using equity method   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Ventures   Count Venture   Count Ven	13			101,302	-	101,302	17 1,302	-	171,302
4.3.1 Joint ventures consolidated by using equity method 4.3.2 Unconsolidated joint ventures  V. Tangible assets (net) (I-12) 758,536 - 758,536 637,312 - 637,31  VI. Intangible assets (net) (I-13) 1,043,982 - 1,043,982 256,283 - 256,28  6.1 Goodwill  6.2 Other 1,043,982 - 1,043,982 256,283 - 256,28  VII. Investment property (net) (I-14) 2,729 - 2,729  VIII. Current tax asset (I-15) 262,694 - 262,694  IX. Deferred tax asset (I-15) 2,058,754 - 2,058,754 267,637 - 267,637  X. Other assets (net) (I-17) 6,821,266 22,343 6,843,609 1,599,066 26,249 1,625,31	4.5		(I_Q)	_	_	_	_	_	
equity method 4.3.2 Unconsolidated joint ventures V. Tangible assets (net) (I-12) 758,536 - 758,536 637,312 - 637,31 VI. Intangible assets (net) (I-13) 1,043,982 - 1,043,982 256,283 - 256,28 6.1 Goodwill	121		(1-9)	-	-	•	•	-	-
4.3.2         Unconsolidated joint ventures         -         -         -         -         -         637,312         -         637,312         -         637,312         -         637,312         -         256,283         -         256,283         -         256,283         -         256,283         -         256,283         - <td< td=""><td>4.5.1</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td></td></td<>	4.5.1			_	_	_	_	_	
V.         Tangible assets (net)         (I-12)         758,536         -         758,536         637,312         -         637,312           VI.         Intangible assets (net)         (I-13)         1,043,982         -         1,043,982         256,283         -         256,283           6.1         Goodwill         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         256,283         -         256,289         -         2,729         -         -         -         -         -         -         267,637         -         -         -         -         -         -         267,637         -         267,637         -         267,6	122			-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.         Intangible assets (net)         (I-13)         1,043,982         -         1,043,982         256,283         -         256,283           6.1         Goodwill         -			(L12)	759 536	-	759 536	627 212	-	627 242
6.1 Goodwill 6.2 Other 1,043,982 - 1,043,982 256,283 - 256,28 VIII. Investment property (net) (I-14) 2,729 - 2,729 VIII. Current tax asset (I-15) 262,694 - 262,694 IX. Deferred tax asset (I-15) 2,058,754 - 2,058,754 267,637 - 267,63 X. Other assets (net) (I-17) 6,821,266 22,343 6,843,609 1,599,066 26,249 1,625,31					-			•	
6.2 Other 1,043,982 - 1,043,982 256,283 - 256,285 VII. Investment property (net) (I-14) 2,729 - 2,729 VIII. Current tax asset (I-15) 262,694 - 262,694 VIX. Deferred tax asset (I-15) 2,058,754 2,058,754 267,637 - 267,63 X. Other assets (net) (I-17) 6,821,266 22,343 6,843,609 1,599,066 26,249 1,625,31			(1-13)	1,043,302	-	1,043,302	230,203	-	230,203
VII.         Investment property (net)         (I-14)         2,729         -         2,729         -				1 0/3 083	-	1 0/3 093	256 292	-	256 202
VIII.         Current tax asset         (I-15)         262,694         -         262,694         -			(1-14)		-		200,203	-	230,283
IX. Deferred tax asset (I-15) 2,058,754 - 2,058,754 267,637 - 267,637 X. Other assets (net) (I-17) 6,821,266 22,343 6,843,609 1,599,066 26,249 1,625,31					-		•	-	-
X. Other assets (net) (I-17) 6,821,266 22,343 6,843,609 1,599,066 26,249 1,625,31					-		267 627	-	267 627
					22.242			20.240	
Total assets 91 489 778 49 030 467 140 520 245 58 256 367 40 597 075 98 853 44	۸.	Other assets (net)	(1-17)	6,821,266	22,343	6,843,609	1,599,066	26,249	1,625,315
		Total assets		91,489,778	49,030,467	140,520,245	58,256,367	40,597,075	98,853,442

### ING Bank A.Ş.

# Unconsolidated balance sheet (statement of financial position) as of 31 December 2023

					Audited			Audited
					Current period			Prior period
	Liabilities	Note			(31/12/2023)			(31/12/2022)
		(section five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	Deposits	(II-1)	69,124,080	31,224,296	100,348,376	37,589,697	29,703,491	67,293,188
II.	Loans received	(II-3)	9,316	13,726,348	13,735,664	84,523	8,857,075	8,941,598
III.	Money market funds		16,142	167,636	183,778	3,066,062	301,570	3,367,632
IV.	Securities Issued (net)	(II-4)			· •	394,172	· •	394,172
4.1	Bills	` ,	-	-	-	394,172	-	394,172
4.2	Asset backed securities		-	-	-	-	-	- ,
4.3	Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-
٧.	Funds					-	-	
5.1	Borrower funds		_	-	_	-	_	_
5.2	Other		_	_	_	_	_	_
VI.	Financial liabilities at fair value through							
•	profit or loss		_	_	_	_	_	_
VII.	Derivative financial liabilities		1,461,157	758,706	2,219,863	1,064,487	499,791	1,564,278
7.1	Derivative financial liabilities at fair value		1,401,137	730,700	2,219,003	1,004,407	433,731	1,304,276
7.1	through profit or loss	(II-2)	1,461,157	758,706	2,219,863	1,064,487	499,791	1,564,278
7.2		(11-2)	1,401,137	730,700	2,219,003	1,004,407	499,791	1,304,276
1.2	Derivative financial liabilities at fair value	(11.7)						
VIII.	through other comprehensive income	(II-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Factoring payables	(11.6)	242 240	•	242 240	404400	-	404400
IX. X.	Lease payables (net)	(II-6)	212,310	245 525	212,310	184,109	226 240	184,109
	Provisions	(II-8)	581,770	345,525	927,295	376,822	226,318	603,140
10.1	Provision for restructuring		-	-	-	440.707	-	
10.2	Reserves for employee benefits		215,110	-	215,110	146,727	-	146,727
10.3	Insurance technical reserves (net)							
10.4	Other provisions		366,660	345,525	712,185	230,095	226,318	456,413
XI.	Current tax liability	(II-9)	257,919	-	257,919	443,134	-	443,134
XII.	Deferred tax liability	(II-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-
XIII.	Liabilities for assets held for sale and							
	assets of discontinued operations (net)	(II-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Held for sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Related to discontinued operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	Subordinated debt	(II-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-
14.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.2	Other debt instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
XV.	Other liabilities	(II-5)	6,400,729	1,366,253	7,766,982	1,478,545	1,064,687	2,543,232
XVI.	Shareholders' equity	(II-12)	14,868,058	-	14,868,058	13,518,959	-	13,518,959
16.1	Paid-in capital		3,486,268	-	3,486,268	3,486,268	-	3,486,268
16.2	Capital reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1	Share premiums		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2	Share cancellation profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.3	Other capital reserves		-	-	-	-	-	_
16.3	Other comprehensive income/expense							
	items not to be recycled to profit or loss		(43,091)	-	(43,091)	82,736	_	82,736
16.4	Other comprehensive income/expense		(10,001)		(10,001)	02,700		02,100
	items to be recycled in profit or loss		232,101	-	232,101	530,711	_	530,711
16.5	Profit reserves		9.494.742	_	9.494.742	6,792,955	_	6,792,955
16.5.1	Legal reserves		563,562	-	563,562	432,247	-	432,247
16.5.2	Statutory reserves		555,562	_	555,562	-02,271	_	-102,241
16.5.3	Extraordinary reserves		8,931,180		8,931,180	6,360,708		6,360,708
16.5.4	Other profit reserves		0,331,100	-	0,331,100	0,300,700	-	0,300,700
16.5.4	Profit or (loss)		1 608 039	-	1 609 039	2 626 280	-	2 626 200
16.6.1			1,698,038	-	1,698,038	2,626,289	-	2,626,289
	Prior years' profits or (loss)		1 600 020	-	1 600 020	2 626 200	-	2 626 200
16.6.2	Current period profit or (loss)		1,698,038	-	1,698,038	2,626,289	-	2,626,289

### ING Bank A.Ş.

# Unconsolidated statement of off-balance sheet items as of 31 December 2023

					Audited			Audited
	Off below and and form	N			current period			Prior period
	Off-balance sheet items	Note (section			(31/12/2023)			(31/12/2022)
		five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A.	Off-balance sheet commitments (I+II+III)		159,360,463	225,636,014	384,996,477	56,289,775	122,824,145	179,113,920
I.	Guarantees and warranties	(III-1)	3,604,761	16,994,938	20,599,699	2,194,805	11,167,786	13,362,591
1.1	Letters of guarantee Guarantees subject to state tender law		3,593,133	9,395,369	12,988,502	2,194,805	6,065,891	8,260,696
1.1.1 1.1.2	Guarantees subject to state tender law Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		2,797		2,797	2,948		2,948
1.1.3	Other letters of guarantee		3,590,336	9,395,369	12,985,705	2,191,857	6,065,891	8,257,748
1.2	Bank acceptances		-	4,808	4,808		-	-
1.2.1	Import letter of acceptance		-	4,808	4,808	-	-	-
1.2.2 1.3	Other bank acceptances Letters of credit			2,118,931	2,118,931		1,053,321	1,053,321
1.3.1	Documentary letters of credit		-	2,118,931	2,118,931	_	1,053,321	1,053,321
1.3.2	Other letters of credit		-	-,	-,,	-	-	-
1.4	Pre-financing given as guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1 1.5.2	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey Other endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6	Purchase guarantees for securities issued		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.7	Factoring guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.8	Other guarantees		-	5,471,693	5,471,693	-	4,045,953	4,045,953
1.9 <b>II</b> .	Other warranties Commitments	(III-1)	11,628 <b>8,716,129</b>	4,137 <b>12,691,234</b>	15,765 <b>21,407,363</b>	4,006,168	2,621 <b>1,890,628</b>	2,621 <b>5,896,796</b>
2.1	Irrevocable commitments	(111-1)	8,716,129	12,691,234	21,407,363	4,006,168	1,890,628	5,896,796
2.1.1	Forward asset purchase commitments		3,491,031	12,681,042	16,172,073	161,667	1,884,522	2,046,189
2.1.2	Forward deposit purchase and sales commitments		36,000	-	36,000	-	-	-
2.1.3	Share capital commitments to associates and subsidiaries			-		- 400 000	-	- 400 000
2.1.4 2.1.5	Loan granting commitments Securities underwriting commitments		3,324,152		3,324,152	2,420,233	-	2,420,233
2.1.6	Commitments for reserve requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.7	Commitments for cheque payments		243,467	-	243,467	187,441	-	187,441
2.1.8	Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments		23,780	-	23,780	23,780	-	23,780
2.1.9	Commitments for credit card limits		1,577,760	-	1,577,760	1,198,791	-	1,198,791
2.1.10 2.1.11	Commitments for credit cards and banking services promotions Receivables from short sale commitments of marketable securities		19,939		19,939	14,256	-	14,256
2.1.12	Payables for short sale commitments of marketable securities							
2.1.13	Other irrevocable commitments		-	10,192	10,192	-	6,106	6,106
2.2	Revocable commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.1	Revocable loan granting commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.2 III.	Other revocable commitments  Derivative financial instruments	(III-2)	147,039,573	195,949,842	342,989,415	50,088,802	109,765,731	159,854,533
3.1	Derivative financial instruments for hedging purposes	(111-2)	300,000	193,349,042	300,000	540,000	109,703,731	540,000
3.1.1	Fair value hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.2	Cash flow hedges		300,000	-	300,000	540,000	-	540,000
3.1.3	Net foreign investment hedges		-	-		-	-	-
3.2 3.2.1	Derivative financial instruments for trading purposes Forward foreign currency buy/sell transactions		146,739,573 24,870,396	195,949,842 47,536,027	342,689,415 72,406,423	49,548,802 9,439,007	109,765,731 20,135,301	159,314,533 29,574,308
3.2.1.1	Forward foreign currency transactions-buy		22,384,868	14,826,261	37,211,129	8,589,550	6,400,487	14,990,037
3.2.1.2	Forward foreign currency transactions-sell		2,485,528	32,709,766	35,195,294	849,457	13,734,814	14,584,271
3.2.2	Swap transactions related to foreign currency and interest rates		116,853,557	123,530,389	240,383,946	33,088,251	80,086,656	113,174,907
3.2.2.1	Foreign currency swap-buy		2,936,974	56,634,422	59,571,396	3,750,108	32,723,409	36,473,517
3.2.2.2 3.2.2.3	Foreign currency swap-sell Interest rate swap-buy		20,698,341 46,609,121	40,351,509 13,272,229	61,049,850 59,881,350	12,362,143 8,488,000	24,158,873 11,602,187	36,521,016 20,090,187
3.2.2.4	Interest rate swap-ody		46,609,121	13,272,229	59,881,350	8,488,000	11,602,187	20,090,187
3.2.3	Foreign currency, interest rate and securities options		5,015,620	24,883,426	29,899,046	7,021,544	9,543,774	16,565,318
3.2.3.1	Foreign currency options-buy		2,507,810	12,441,713	14,949,523	3,510,772	4,771,887	8,282,659
3.2.3.2	Foreign currency options-sell		2,507,810	12,441,713	14,949,523	3,510,772	4,771,887	8,282,659
3.2.3.3 3.2.3.4	Interest rate options-buy Interest rate options-sell		-		-	-	-	-
3.2.3.5	Securities options-buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.6	Securities options-sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4	Foreign currency futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4.1	Foreign currency futures-buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4.2 3.2.5	Foreign currency futures-sell Interest rate futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.1	Interest rate futures  Interest rate futures-buy			-			-	
3.2.5.2	Interest rate futures-sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.6	Other							
В.	Custody and pledged items (IV+V+VI) Items held in custody		280,775,494	180,756,036	461,531,530	218,244,936	109,995,813	328,240,749
IV. 4.1	Customer fund and portfolio balances		<b>8,416,392</b> 8,153,455	11,378,959	<b>19,795,351</b> 8,153,455	<b>4,240,630</b> 3,973,324	12,283,767	<b>16,524,397</b> 3,973,324
4.1	Investment securities held in custody		973	4,169,817	4,170,790	5,973,324 5,973	7,673,344	7,679,317
4.3	Checks received for collection		115,538	744,003	859,541	114,655	519,764	634,419
4.4	Commercial notes received for collection		146,425	6,346,543	6,492,968	146,677	4,019,716	4,166,393
4.5	Other assets received for collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6 4.7	Assets received for public offering Other items under custody		1	118,596	118,597	1	70,943	70,944
4.7	Custodians			110,080	110,08/	-	70,943	10,9 <del>44</del> -
V.	Pledged received		23,382,999	13,823,770	37,206,769	20,386,962	11,280,685	31,667,647
5.1	Marketable securities		273,462	65,837	339,299	273,462	50,949	324,411
5.2	Guarantee notes		213,389	1,159,053	1,372,442	207,182	736,205	943,387
5.3 5.4	Commodity Warranty		910	-	910	910	-	910
5.5	Properties		16,455,874	10,291,634	26,747,508	14,015,614	7,030,122	21,045,736
5.6	Other pledged items		6,439,364	2,307,246	8,746,610	5,889,794	3,463,409	9,353,203
5.7	Pledged items-depository		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Accepted independent guarantees and warranties		248,976,103	155,553,307	404,529,410	193,617,344	86,431,361	280,048,705
	Total off-balance sheet items (A+B)		440,135,957	406,392,050	846,528,007	274,534,711	232,819,958	507,354,669
	Total on-building stiest items (ATD)		440,133,837	+00,032,000	J40,J20,UU/	-14,004,111	202,013,300	200, 400, 100

### ING Bank A.Ş.

# Unconsolidated statement of profit or loss as of 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Interest income		Income and expense items	Note	Audited Current period	Audited Prior period
Interest income		income and expense items			
Interest on loans   12,815,251   7,797,501				•	
Interest on loans   12,815,251   7,797,501	I.	Interest income	(IV-1)	17,894,168	9,444,080
Interest on manks   108,656   52,022	1.1	Interest on loans	, ,	12,615,251	
Interest on money market transactions   2,642,305   415,496	1.2	Interest on reserve requirements		53,115	39,684
Interest on marketable securities portfolio					
1.5.1   Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss   68,062   237,563				, ,	
Financial assets and an value through other comprehensive income   1,767,757   336,828					
1.5.3   Financial assets measured at amortised cost					
Finance lease income					,
1.7 II.         Other interest income         2,432 (16,93,38)         (16,93,38)           2.1 II.         Interest on deposits Interest on dunds borrowed (165,727)         (14,162,387)         (4,452,487)           2.2 Interest on funds borrowed (165,727)         (13,61,27)         (16,127)         (16,127)           2.3 Interest on money market transactions (53,406)         (242,261)         (17,708)         (61,024)           2.4 Interest on socurities issued (17,108)         (17,708)         (17,708)         (18,708)           2.5 Finance lease expense (1 II)         (17,708)         (17,708)         (18,224)           2.6 Other interest expenses (1 II)         (17,708)         (17,708)         (18,224)           3.1 Interest income/expense (1 II)         (17,708)         (17,708)         (18,224)           4.1 Fees and commissions received (17,108)         (17,105,857)         822,315           4.1 Fees and commissions paid (-)         (17,105,857)         662,324           4.1 Non-cash loans (17,108)         (17,12)         (17,58,67)         662,324           4.2 Fees and commissions paid (-)         (17,12)         (17,105,857)         662,324           4.1 Non-cash loans (17,108)         (17,12)         (17,105,857)         662,324           4.1 Pees and commissions paid (-)         (17,12)         (1				-	-
Interest on deposits   (14,162,387)   (4,452,487)		Other interest income		2,432	6,699
2.2   Interest on funds borrowed   (957,272)   (316,127)     2.3   Interest on money market transactions   (53,406)   (242,261)     2.4   Interest on securities issued   (33,858)   (88,994)     2.5   Finance lease expense   (157,308)   (61,024)     2.6   Other interest expenses   (157,308)   (61,024)     3.7   (157,308)   (2492,803)   (4,74,682)     3.8   V.   Net fees and commissions income/expense   960,976   577,829     4.1   Fees and commissions received   1,353,797   822,315     4.1.1   Non-cash loans   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (105,887   662,324     4.2   Fees and commissions preceived   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)     4.2   Other   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)     4.2   Other   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)     5.   V.   Dividend income   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)   (10-1)     7.   Trading gain/(loss) on securities   (10-1)   (10-	II.	Interest expense (-)	(IV-2)	(15,401,365)	(5,169,398)
1.0		Interest on deposits		(14,162,387)	(4,452,487)
2.4         Interest on securities issued         (33,858)         (88,994)           2.5         Finance lease expenses         (157,308)         (61,024)           2.6         Other interest expenses         (157,308)         (61,024)           III.         Net fees and commissions income/expense         960,976         577,829           IV.         Net fees and commissions received         1,353,797         822,315           4.1.1         Non-cash loans         247,910         159,991           4.1.2         Other         (IV-12)         1,105,887         662,324           4.2         Fees and commissions paid (-)         (IV-12)         (392,821)         (244,486)           4.2.1         Non-cash loans         (IV-12)         (392,685)         (244,039)           4.2.2         Other         (IV-12)         (392,685)         (244,039)           V.         Dividend income         (IV-3)         (392,685)         (244,039)           V.         Dividend income         (IV-4)         2,402,149         1,867,158           V.         Trading galn/(loss) on securities         (IV-4)         2,402,149         1,867,158           V.         Trading galn/(loss) on securities         (IV-4)         2,402,149         1,867,					
2.5         Finance lease expense         (37,134)         (28,505)           2.6         Other interest expenses         (157,308)         (31,24,682)           III.         Net interest income/expense (1-II)         2,492,803         4,274,682           IV.         Net fees and commissions income/expense         969,976         577,829           4.1.1         Porceas and commissions paid (-)         1,353,797         822,315           4.1.2         Cleber         (IV-12)         1,105,887         662,324           4.2.1         Ponc-cash loans         (IV-12)         (392,821)         (244,486)           4.2.2         Other         (IV-12)         (392,825)         (244,038)           4.2.2         Other         (IV-12)         (392,605)         (244,038)           4.2.1         Non-cash loans         (IV-12)         (392,605)         (244,038)           4.2.1         VDividend income         (IV-12)         (392,605)         (244,038)           4.2.1         Other commissions paid (-)         (IV-12)         (392,605)         (244,038)           4.2.1         Other commissions paid (-)         (IV-12)         (392,605)         (244,038)           4.2.1         Other commissions paid (-)         (IV-12)         (		· ·			
161					
III.   Net interest income/expense (I - II)					
N.   Net fees and commissions income/expense   966,976   577,822,315					
4.1 I. Pees and commissions received         1,353,797         822,315           4.1.1 Oncash loans         (IV-12)         1,59,991           4.1.2 Other         (IV-12)         1,105,887         662,324           4.2.1 Ron-cash loans         (IV-12)         (392,621)         (244,486)           4.2.2 Other         (IV-12)         (392,621)         (244,486)           V Dividend income         (IV-3)         661         347           VI. Trading gain/(loss) (net)         (IV-4)         2,402,149         1,867,158           7.1 Trading gain/(loss) on securities         (IV-4)         2,402,149         1,867,158           7.2 Gain/(loss) on derivative financial transactions         4,435,419         2,627,785           7.3 Foreign exchange gain/(loss)         (IV-5)         1,252,312         984,322           VIII. Other operating income (III-IV-V-V-VII-VII)         (IV-6)         (621,202)         (882,931)           IX. Expected credit loss (-)         (IV-7)         (3,714,774)         (1,407,801)           XII. Other provision expenses (-)         (IV-7)         (3,714,774)         (1,407,801)           XII. Other provision expenses (-)         (IV-7)         (3,714,774)         (1,407,801)           XII. Net operating provilo(loss) (VIII-IX-X-XII-XIII)         130,291					
4.1.1       Non-cash loans       (IV-12)       1.105.887       662.324         4.2       Fees and commissions paid (-)       (392.821)       (244.486)         4.2.1       Non-cash loans       (IV-12)       (392.821)       (244.486)         4.2.2       Other       (IV-12)       (392.685)       (244.039)         V       Dividend income       (IV-3)       661       347         VI.       Trading gain/(loss) on securities       (IV-4)       2,402.149       1,867.158         7.1       Trading gain/(loss) on securities       (IV-4)       2,402.149       1,867.158         7.2       Gain/(loss) on derivative financial transactions       (4,35.41)       2,602.7785         7.3       Foreign exchange gain/(loss)       (IV-5)       1,252.312       984.322         VII.       Gross operating income (III-IV+V+VI+VII)       7,108.901       7,704.338         IX.       Expected credit loss (-)       (IV-6)       (621.202)       (889.2931)         X.       Other porating profif(loss) (VIII-IX-X-X-XII)       (IV-7)       (3,774,774)       (1,968.141)         XII.       Personnel expenses (-)       (IV-7)       (3,774,774)       (1,967.143)         XII.       Personnel expenses (-)       (IV-7)       (3,774,774					
4.1.2   Other   (IV-12)   1,105,887   662,324   (244,486)   (392,685)   (244,486)   (42.1   Non-cash loans   (IV-12)   (392,685)   (244,486)   (42.1   Non-cash loans   (IV-12)   (392,685)   (244,486)   (42.1   Non-cash loans   (IV-12)   (392,685)   (244,039)   (42.2   Other   (IV-12)   (392,685)   (244,039)   (42.1   VIII   Trading gain/(loss) (net)   (IV-4)   (IV-4)   (2,402,149   1,867,154)   (48.519   (48.519   48.519   (48.519   48.519   48.519   48.519   (48.519   48.519   48.519   (48.519   48.519   48.519   48.519   (48.519   48.519   48.519   48.519   (48.519   48.519   48.519   48.519   (48.519   48.519					
4.2.1   Non-cash loans	4.1.2	Other	(IV-12)	1,105,887	
4.2.2   Other	4.2	Fees and commissions paid (-)		(392,821)	(244,486)
V   Dividend income					
Trading gain/(loss) (net)					` ' '
7.1 Trading gain/(loss) on securities	-				
7.2 Gain/(Joss) on derivative financial transactions 7.3 Foreign exchange gain/(Joss) 7.3 Foreign exchange gain/(Joss) 7.4 Cyp. 1, 252,312 7.5 Foreign exchange gain/(Joss) 7.6 Other operating income 7.7 Other operating income (III+IV+V+VIHVII) 7.7 (Jos.,312 7. (Jos.,3			(IV-4)		
7.3 Foreign exchange gain/(loss) (2.019.719) (809.146) VIII. Other operating income (III-IV+V+VI+VII) (IV-5) 1,252,312 984,322 VIII. Gross operating income (III-IV+V+VI+VII) 7,708,901 7,704,338 IX. Expected credit loss (-) (IV-6) (621,202) (892,931) (132,841) XI. Personnel expenses (-) (IV-7) (2,321,797) (1,407,801) XII. Other operating expenses (-) (IV-7) (3,774,774) (1,965,144) XIII. Net operating profit/(loss) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XIII) 130,291 3,305,621 XIV. Income resulted from mergers - 10,000 (IV-7) (1,407,801) (1,40					
VII.         Other operating income         (IV-5)         1,252,312         984,322           VIII.         Gross operating income (III+IV+V+VI+VII)         7,108,901         7,704,338           IX.         Expected credit loss (-)         (IV-6)         (621,202)         (892,931)           X.         Other provision expenses (-)         (20,81,797)         (1,407,801)           XI.         Personnel expenses (-)         (IV-7)         (3,774,774)         (1,965,144)           XIII.         Other operating expenses         (IV-7)         (3,774,774)         (1,965,144)           XIII.         Other operating profit/(loss) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)         130,291         3,305,621           XIV.         Incomer resulted from mergers         362,070         195,343           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XVIII.         Operating profit/(loss) for for ease (fiv					
VIII.         Gross operating income (III+IV+V+VI+VII)         7,108,901         7,704,338           IX.         Expected credit loss (-)         (IV-6)         (621,202)         (892,931)           IX.         Other provision expenses (-)         (200,837)         (132,841)           XII.         Personnel expenses (-)         (2,321,797)         (1,407,801)           XII.         Other operating profit/(loss) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)         130,291         3,305,621           XIV.         Income resulted from mergers         -         -           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XV.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII+XVII)         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XVIII.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII+XVII)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision for taxes of continued operations (±)         (IV-9)         1,205,677<			(IV-5)		*
IX.   Expected credit loss (-)			( 0)		•
X.         Other provision expenses (-)         (260,837)         (132,841)           XI.         Personnel expenses (-)         (2,321,797)         (1,407,801)           XII.         Other operating expenses         (IV-7)         (3,774,774)         (1,965,144)           XIII.         Net operating profit/(loss) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)         130,291         3,305,621           XIV.         Income resulted from mergers         -         -           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XVI.         Gain/loss on net monetary position         -         -         -           XVII.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII++XVI)         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XVIII.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII++XVI)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision for taxes of continued operations (±)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         (IV-9)         1,519,464         797,663           XIX.         Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XX.         Income from discontinued operation	IX.		(IV-6)		
XII         Other operating expenses         (IV-7)         (3,774,774)         (1,965,144)           XIII.         Net operating profit/(loss) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XIII)         130,291         3,305,621           XIV.         Income resulted from mergers         -         -           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XVI.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII++XVI)         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XVIII.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII++XVI)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         (IV-9)         1,519,464         797,663           XIX.         Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XX.         Income from discontinued operations         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XX.         Income from other discontinued operations (-)         Income from other discontinued operations (-)         Income from other discontinued operations (-	Χ.	Other provision expenses (-)		(260,837)	(132,841)
XIII.         Net operating profit/(loss) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)         130,291         3,305,621           XIV.         Income resulted from mergers         -         -           XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XVI.         Gain/loss on net monetary position         -         -           XVII.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII++XVI)         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XVIII.         Provision for taxes of continued operations (±)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision         (265,762)         (1,672,338)           18.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         (48,025)         -           18.3         Income effect of deferred tax (+)         (IV-10)         1,519,464         797,663           XIX.         Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XX.         Income from discontinued operations         -         -         -           20.1         Income from other discontinued operations         -         -           20.2         Profit from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -				(2,321,797)	(1,407,801)
Income resulted from mergers   -   -   -			(IV-7)		
XV.         Income/loss from investments under equity accounting         362,070         195,343           XVI.         Gain/loss on net monetary position         -         -           XVII.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII++XVI)         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XVIII.         Provision for taxes of continued operations (±)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision         (265,762)         (1,672,338)           18.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         (48,025)         -           18.3         Income effect of deferred tax (-)         1,519,464         797,663           XIX.         Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XX.         Income from discontinued operations         -         -         -           20.1         Income from non-current assets held for resale         -         -           20.2         Profit from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -           20.1         Expenses for discontinued operations (-)         -         -           XXI.         Expenses for sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -				130,291	3,305,621
XVI.         Gain/loss on net monetary position         -         -           XVIII.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII++XVII)         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XVIII.         Provision for taxes of continued operations (±)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision         (265,762)         (1,672,338)           18.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         (48,025)         -           18.3         Income effect of deferred tax (-)         (1,519,464         797,663           XIX.         Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XX.         Income from discontinued operations         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XX.         Income from non-current assets held for resale         -         -         -           20.1         Income from other discontinued operations (-)         -         -         -           XXI.         Expenses for discontinued operations (-)         -         -         -           21.1         Expenses for non-current assets held for resale         -         -         -           21.2         Loss from other discontinued operations         -				262.070	405 242
XVII.         Operating profit/loss before taxes (XIII++XVI)         (IV-8)         492,361         3,500,964           XVIII.         Provision for taxes of continued operations (±)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision         (265,762)         (1,672,338)           18.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         (48,025)         (-7,338)           18.3         Income effect of deferred tax (-)         1,519,464         797,663           XIX.         Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XX.         Income from discontinued operations         -         -         -           XX.         Income from non-current assets held for resale         -         -         -           20.1         Income from other discontinued operations         -         -         -           XXI.         Expenses for discontinued operations (-)         -         -         -           21.1         Expenses for non-current assets held for resale         -         -         -           21.2         Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -         -           21.3         Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries a				362,070	195,343
XVIII.         Provision for taxes of continued operations (±)         (IV-9)         1,205,677         (874,675)           18.1         Current tax provision         (265,762)         (1,672,338)           18.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         (48,025)         -           18.3         Income effect of deferred tax (-)         1,519,464         797,663           XIX.         Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)         (IV-10)         1,698,038         2,626,289           XXX.         Income from discontinued operations         -         -         -           20.1         Income from non-current assets held for resale         -         -         -           20.2         Profit from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -         -           20.3         Income from other discontinued operations (-)         -         -         -           21.1         Expenses for discontinued operations (-)         -         -         -           21.1         Expenses for makes of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -         -           21.2         Loss from other discontinued operations         -         -         -         -           21.3         Loss from other discontinued operatio			(IV-8)	492 361	3 500 964
18.1       Current tax provision       (265,762)       (1,672,338)         18.2       Expense effect of deferred tax (+)       (48,025)       -         18.3       Income effect of deferred tax (-)       1,519,464       797,663         XIX.       Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)       (IV-10)       1,698,038       2,626,289         XX.       Income from discontinued operations       -       -       -         20.1       Income from non-current assets held for resale       -       -       -         20.2       Profit from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures       -       -       -         20.3       Income from other discontinued operations (-)       -       -       -         21.1       Expenses for discontinued operations (-)       -       -       -         21.2       Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures       -       -       -         21.2       Loss from other discontinued operations       -       -       -         21.3       Loss from other discontinued operations (XX-XXI)       -       -       -         XXII.       Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (XX-XXI)       -       -       -         XXII.       Tax provision for di				· ·	
18.2       Expense effect of deferred tax (+)       (48,025)       1-18.3       Income effect of deferred tax (-)       1,519,464       797,663         XIX.       Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII)       (IV-10)       1,698,038       2,626,289         XX.       Income from discontinued operations       -       -       -         20.1       Income from non-current assets held for resale       -       -       -         20.2       Profit from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures       -       -       -         20.3       Income from other discontinued operations       -       -       -         XXI.       Expenses for discontinued operations (-)       -       -       -         21.1       Expenses for non-current assets held for resale       -       -       -         21.2       Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures       -       -       -         21.2       Loss from other discontinued operations       -       -       -         21.3       Loss from other discontinued operations (XX-XXI)       -       -       -         XXII.       Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (±)       -       -       -         23.1       Current tax provision       -<			(/		
XIX. Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations (XVII±XVIII) (IV-10) 1,698,038 2,626,289  XX. Income from discontinued operations 20.1 Income from non-current assets held for resale 20.2 Profit from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures 20.3 Income from other discontinued operations 21.1 Expenses for discontinued operations (-) 21.2 Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures 21.3 Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures 21.4 Expenses for non-current assets held for resale 21.5 Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures 21.6 Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures 21.7 Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures 21.8 Loss from other discontinued operations (XX-XXI) 21.9 Trofit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (XX-XXI) 22.1 Current tax provision for discontinued operations (±) 23.1 Current tax provision 23.2 Expense effect of deferred tax (+) 23.3 Income effect of deferred tax (-) 23.4 Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXIII±XXIII)  22.4 Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV) 23.5 Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV) 24.6 Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV) 25.6 (IV-11) 26.7 1,698,038 2,626,289	18.2				-
XX.         Income from discontinued operations         -         -           20.1         Income from non-current assets held for resale         -         -           20.2         Profit from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -           20.3         Income from other discontinued operations         -         -           XXI.         Expenses for discontinued operations (-)         -         -           21.1         Expenses for non-current assets held for resale         -         -           21.2         Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -           21.2         Loss from other discontinued operations         -         -           XXII.         Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (XX-XXI)         -         -           XXIII.         Tax provision for discontinued operations (±)         -         -           23.1         Current tax provision         -         -           23.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         -         -           23.3         Income effect of deferred tax (-)         -         -           XXIV.         Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV)         (IV-11)         1,698,038         2,626,289		Income effect of deferred tax (-)		1,519,464	797,663
20.1   Income from non-current assets held for resale   -   -   -   -			(IV-10)	1,698,038	2,626,289
20.2 Profit from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures 20.3 Income from other discontinued operations 21.1 Expenses for discontinued operations (-) 21.2 Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures 21.3 Loss from other discontinued operations 21.4 Loss from other discontinued operations 21.5 Loss from other discontinued operations 21.6 Loss from other discontinued operations 22.1 Loss from other discontinued operations 23.1 Loss from other discontinued operations (XX-XXI) 24.1 Tax provision for discontinued operations (XX-XXI) 25.1 Current tax provision 26.2 Expense effect of deferred tax (+) 27.3 Income effect of deferred tax (-) 28.4 Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV) 28.5 Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV) 29.6 (IV-11) 29.7 1,698,038 2,626,289				=	-
20.3 Income from other discontinued operations				-	-
XXI.         Expenses for discontinued operations (-)         -         -           21.1         Expenses for non-current assets held for resale         -         -           21.2         Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures         -         -           21.3         Loss from other discontinued operations         -         -           XXII.         Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (XX-XXI)         -         -           XXIII.         Tax provision for discontinued operations (±)         -         -           23.1         Current tax provision         -         -           23.2         Expense effect of deferred tax (+)         -         -           23.3         Income effect of deferred tax (-)         -         -           XXIV.         Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)         -         -           XXV.         Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV)         (IV-11)         1,698,038         2,626,289				=	-
21.1       Expenses for non-current assets held for resale       -       -         21.2       Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures       -       -         21.3       Loss from other discontinued operations       -       -         XXII.       Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (XX-XXI)       -       -         XXIII.       Tax provision for discontinued operations (±)       -       -         23.1       Current tax provision       -       -         23.2       Expense effect of deferred tax (+)       -       -         23.3       Income effect of deferred tax (-)       -       -         XXIV.       Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)       -       -         XXV.       Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV)       (IV-11)       1,698,038       2,626,289				-	-
21.2       Loss from sales of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures       -       -         21.3       Loss from other discontinued operations       -       -         XXII.       Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (XX-XXI)       -       -         XXIII.       Tax provision for discontinued operations (±)       -       -         23.1       Current tax provision       -       -         23.2       Expense effect of deferred tax (+)       -       -         23.3       Income effect of deferred tax (-)       -       -         XXIV.       Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)       -       -         XXV.       Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV)       (IV-11)       1,698,038       2,626,289				-	-
21.3 Loss from other discontinued operations  XXII. Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (XX-XXI)  Tax provision for discontinued operations (±)  23.1 Current tax provision  Expense effect of deferred tax (+)  23.2 Expense effect of deferred tax (-)  XXIV. Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)  XXV. Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV)  (IV-11) 1,698,038 2,626,289				- -	-
XXII. Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations (XX-XXI)				-	-
XXIII.       Tax provision for discontinued operations (±)       -       -         23.1       Current tax provision       -       -         23.2       Expense effect of deferred tax (+)       -       -         23.3       Income effect of deferred tax (-)       -       -         XXIV.       Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)       -       -         XXV.       Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV)       (IV-11)       1,698,038       2,626,289				-	-
23.2       Expense effect of deferred tax (+)       -       -         23.3       Income effect of deferred tax (-)       -       -         XXIV.       Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)       -       -         XXV.       Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV)       (IV-11)       1,698,038       2,626,289				-	-
23.3 Income effect of deferred tax (-) XXIV. Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)				-	-
XXIV. Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)				=	-
XXV. Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV) (IV-11) 1,698,038 2,626,289				-	-
	XXIV.	Net proทิช(loss) from discontinued operations (XXII±XXIII)		-	-
Earnings per share 0.4871 0.7533	XXV.	Net profit/(loss) (XIX+XXIV)	(IV-11)	1,698,038	2,626,289
		Earnings per share		0.4871	0.7533

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

# Unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2023

		Audited	Audited
	Profit or loss and other comprehensive income	Current period	Prior period
		(01/01/2023-	(01/01/2022-
		31/12/2023)	31/12/2022)
I.	Current period profit/loss	1,698,038	2,626,289
II.	Other comprehensive income	(348,939)	203,651
2.1	Other income/expense items not to be recycled to profit or loss	(50,329)	(30,884)
2.1.1	Gains/(losses) on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	-	-
2.1.2	Gains/(losses) on revaluation of intangible assets	-	-
2.1.3	Defined benefit plans' actuarial gains/(losses)	(74,907)	(41,960)
2.1.4	Other income/(expense) items not to be recycled to profit or loss	· · · · · · · · ·	214
2.1.5	Deferred taxes on other comprehensive income not to be recycled to profit or loss	24,578	10,862
2.2	Other income/expense items to be recycled to profit or loss	(298,610)	234,535
2.2.1	Translation differences	437,954	131,513
2.2.2	Income/(expenses) from valuation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at FVOCI	(972,045)	204,494
2.2.3	Gains/(losses) from cash flow hedges	(59,619)	(59,388)
2.2.4	Gains/(losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations	· -	-
2.2.5	Other income/(expense) items to be recycled to profit or loss	-	-
2.2.6	Deferred taxes on other comprehensive income to be recycled to profit or loss	295,100	(42,084)
III.	Total comprehensive income (I+II)	1,349,099	2,829,940

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Unconsolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### Changes in equity

	Statement of changes in shareholders' equity						Other comprehension to be recycled	ve income/expense cled to profit or loss			ehensive income/expense iter recycled to profit or loss	ns to be				
	Audited	Note	Paid-in capital	Share premium	Share cancellation profits	Other capital reserves	Revaluation surplus on tangible and intangible assets	Defined benefit plans' actuarial gains/losses	Other (1)	Translation differences	Income/expenses from valuation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at FVOCI	Other (2)	Profit reserves	Prior period profit or (loss)	Current period profit or (loss)	Total shareholders' equity
	Prior period															
	(01/01/2022-31/12/2022)															
I.	Balances at beginning of period		3,486,268	-	-	-	123,394	(4,844)	3,066	187,022	(13,032)	122,186	5,704,846	-	1,200,113	10,809,019
II.	Correction made as per TAS 8		· · · -	-	-	-	· -	• • •	· -		` ` _	· -	· · · -	-	· · · -	
2.1	Effect of corrections		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_		
2.2	Effect of changes in accounting policies		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_		
III.	New balance (I+II)		3,486,268	-	-	_	123,394	(4,844)	3,066	187.022	(13,032)	122,186	5,704,846	-	1,200,113	10,809,019
IV.	Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	(30,850)	(34)	131,513	154,883	(51,861)	-	_	2,626,289	2,829,940
V.	Capital increase by cash		_	_	_	_		(,)	()	-	-	(= :,== :,	_	_	-,,	_,,-
VI.	Capital increase by internal sources		_	_	_	_			_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
VII.	Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
VIII.	Convertible bonds to shares		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
IX.	Subordinated debt instruments						_				_					
Χ.	Increase/decrease by other changes		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
XI.	Profit distribution						(7,996)				_		1,088,109		(1,200,113)	(120,000)
11.1	Dividends paid						(1,550)						(120,000)		(1,200,110)	(120,000)
11.2	Transfers to reserves	(II-12)	_	_	_	_	(7,996)	_	_	_	_	_	1,208,109	_	(1,200,113)	(120,000)
11.3	Other	(11-12)	-	-	-	-	(7,550)	-	-	-	-	-	1,200,100	-	(1,200,110)	-
	Period-end balance (III+IV++X+XI)		3,486,268	-	-	-	115,398	(35,694)	3,032	318,535	141,851	70,325	6,792,955	-	2,626,289	13,518,959
	Current period															
	(01/01/2023-31/12/2023)															
I.	Balances at beginning of period		3,486,268	-	-	-	115,398	(35,694)	3,032	318,535	141,851	70,325	6,792,955	-	2,626,289	13,518,959
II.	Correction made as per TAS 8		· · · -	-	-	-	· -	`	· -		· -			-	· · · -	· · ·
2.1	Effect of corrections		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_		
2.2	Effect of changes in accounting policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
III.	New balance (I+II)		3,486,268	-	-	_	115,398	(35,694)	3,032	318,535	141,851	70,325	6,792,955	-	2,626,289	13,518,959
IV.	Total comprehensive income		-	_	_	_	-	(50,311)	(18)	437,954	(690,141)	(46,423)	-	_	1,698,038	1,349,099
V.	Capital increase by cash		_	_	_	_		-	(,	-	(===,,	( , ,	_	_	-	.,,.,
VI.	Capital increase by internal sources		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
VII.	Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
VIII.	Convertible bonds to shares		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-		_	-	
IX.	Subordinated debt instruments		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-		_	-	
Χ.	Increase/decrease by other changes		_	_	-	_		-	_	_		_	-	_	-	
XI.	Profit distribution		-	-	-		(75,498)	-	-	-	_	_	2,701,787	-	(2,626,289)	
11.1	Dividends paid		_	_	-	_	(. 5, 150)	_	_	_	_	-	_, , , , , , ,	_	(2,020,200)	
11.2	Transfers to reserves	(II-12)	_	_	-	_	(75,498)	_	_	_	_	-	2,701,787	_	(2,626,289)	
11.3	Other	(11-12)	_	_	-	_	(70,400)	-	_	_		_	2,701,707	_	(2,020,200)	
11.5																
	Period-end balance (III+IV++X+XI)		3.486.268	-	-	-	39.900	(86,005)	3.014	756.489	(548,290)	23.902	9,494,742	-	1.698.038	14.868.058

<sup>(1)</sup> Other (Shares of investments valued by equity method in other comprehensive income not to be recycled to profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items not to be recycled to other profit or loss)

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

<sup>(2)</sup> Other (Cash flow hedge gain/loss, shares of investments valued by equity method in other comprehensive income recycled to profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items recycled to other profit or loss)

### ING Bank A.Ş.

### Unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

			Audited	Audited
	Statement of each flavor	Nata	Current	Prior
	Statement of cash flows	Note	period (01/01/2023-	period (01/01/2022-
			31/12/2023)	31/12/2022)
۹.	Cash flows from banking operations			
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		326,896	6,016,102
1.1.1	Interest received		16,125,353	8,318,692
1.1.2	Interest paid		(13,814,454)	(4,715,678)
1.1.3	Dividend received		661	347
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received		1,368,860	922,061
1.1.5	Other income	(VI-2)	1,252,312	176,386
1.1.6	Collections from previously written-off loans and other receivables		338,868	394,928
1.1.7 1.1.8	Payments to personnel and service suppliers  Taxes paid		(5,194,083) (734,337)	(2,843,861) (1,423,727)
1.1.9	Other	(VI-2)	983,716	5,186,954
		(** 2)		
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		11,894,714	(8,240,868)
1.2.1	Net (increase)/decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		158,269	(416,544)
1.2.2	Net (increase)/decrease in due from bank		(309,383)	(391,902)
1.2.3	Net (increase)/decrease in loans		(617,035)	(7,093,108)
1.2.4	Net (increase)/decrease in other assets	(VI-2)	(4,548,900)	235,635
1.2.5 1.2.6	Net increase/(decrease) in bank deposits		3,420,105	197,750
1.2.0	Net increase/(decrease) in other deposits  Net increase/(decrease) in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		17,305,681	3,880,053
1.2.8	Net increase/(decrease) in funds borrowed		(1,330,794)	(3,242,727)
1.2.9	Net increase/(decrease) in matured payables		(1,000,104)	(0,242,727)
1.2.10	Net increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	(VI-2)	(2,183,229)	(1,410,025)
l.	Net cash provided from banking operations		12,221,610	(2,224,766)
В.	Cash flow from investing activities			
II.	Net cash provided from investing activities		(2,620,047)	(4,841,132)
2.1	Cash paid for acquisition of subsidiaries, investments in associates and joint ventures	(I-8.6)	(10,000)	-
2.2	Cash obtained from disposal of subsidiaries, investments in associates and joint ventures		-	-
2.3	Purchases of property and equipment		(380,012)	(156,391)
2.4	Disposals of property and equipment		284,769	273,784
2.5	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(2,538,446)	(4,129,472)
2.6 2.7	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		3,045,975	1,346,579
2. <i>1</i> 2.8	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at amortised cost  Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at amortised cost	(I-6) (I-6)	(4,174,960) 2,012,522	(1,975,027) 381,869
2.9	Other	(VI-2)	(859,895)	(582,474)
c.	Cash flows from financing activities			
III.	Net cash provided from financing activities		(582,169)	204,285
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued	(II-4)	-	748,030
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued	(II-4)	(428,030)	(320,000)
3.3	Issued equity instruments		=	-
3.4	Dividends paid	(II-12)	-	(120,000)
3.5	Payments for finance leases Other		(154,139) -	(103,745)
3.6		(VI-2)	4,661,537	4,048,150
iV.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	(		
V.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (I+II+III+IV)	()	13,680,931	(2,813,463)
		(VI-1)	13,680,931 12,865,472	(2,813,463) 15,678,935

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# Statement of profit distribution for the year ended 31 December 2023

	Profit distribution table	Audited Current period	Audited Prior period
	From distribution table	(31/12/2023) (*)	(31/12/2022) (*
		(01)12/2020) ( )	(01/12/2022) (
	Distribution of current year profit		
1	Current year profit	492,361	3,500,96
2	Taxes and duties payable (-)	(1,205,677)	874,67
2.1	Corporate tax (Income tax)	265,762	1,672,33
2.2	Income withholding tax	- (, ,=, ,00)	(========
2.3	Other taxes and duties (****)	(1,471,439)	(797,663
	Net profit for the year (1.1-1.2)	1,698,038	2,626,28
3	Prior year losses (-)	-	
4	First legal reserves (-)	-	
.5	Other statutory reserves (-)	-	131,31
	Net profit available for distribution (A-(1.3+1.4+1.5))	1,698,038	2,494,97
.6	First dividend to shareholders (-)	-	
6.1	To owners of ordinary shares	-	
6.2	To owners of privileged shares	-	
.6.3	To owners of preferred shares	-	
.6.4 .6.5	To profit sharing bonds	-	
.6.5 .7	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates  Dividends to personnel (-)	-	
. <i>1</i> .8	Dividend to board of directors (-)	-	
9	Second dividend to shareholders (-)		
9.1	To owners of ordinary shares		
9.2	To owners of privileged shares		
9.3	To owners of preferred shares	_	
9.4	To profit sharing bonds	_	
9.5	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates	_	
.10	Statutory reserves (-)	<u>-</u>	
11	Extraordinary reserves (**)	<u>-</u>	2,476,28
12	Other reserves	-	_,,
13	Special funds (***)	-	18,69
	Distribution of reserves		
.1	Appropriated reserves	-	
2	Dividends to shareholders (-)	-	
2.1	To owners of ordinary shares	-	
2.2	To owners of privileged shares	-	
2.3	To owners of preferred shares	-	
2.4	To profit sharing bonds	-	
2.5	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates	-	
3	Dividends to personnel (-)	-	
4	Dividends to board of directors (-)	-	
•	Earnings per share		
1	To owners of ordinary shares	0.49	0.7
2	To owners of ordinary shares (%)	48.71%	75.33
3	To owners of privileged shares	-	
4	To owners of privileged shares (%)	-	
	Dividend per share		
1	To owners of ordinary shares	-	
2	To owners of ordinary shares (%)	-	
3	To owners of privileged shares	-	
4	To owners of privileged shares (%)	<del>-</del>	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Profit distribution is realized in accordance with Bank's General Meeting decision and as of the preparation date of the financial statements, 2023s annual ordinary general meeting has not been held yet. In accordance with the regulations in Turkey, companies do not make profit distribution based on consolidated financials. In this respect, the profit distribution tables stated above belong to the Bank.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> According to Ordinary General Meeting dated 27 March 2023, among total distributable profit for the year 2022, TL 174,313 has been classified as first dividend share, while TL 2,301,970 are kept as extraordinary reserves.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> According to Ordinary General Meeting dated 27 March 2023, amounting to TL 18,692 of distributable profit for the year 2022 is composed of the benefit of Corporate Tax exemption on real estate sales profit and related amount is transferred to separate fund under equity in accordance with Corporate Tax Law 5520 article 5. and 1. paragraph clause (e).

<sup>(\*\*\*\*)</sup> Deferred Tax expense / income.

ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Section three

**Accounting policies** 

- I. Explanations on basis of presentation
  - a. The preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and regulation on the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents

The unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" and other regulations, communiqués, explanations and circulars promulgated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") in relation to accounting and financial reporting principles of banks and for the issues not regulated by as per Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") (hereafter, referred as "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation"). The Bank maintains its books in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Legislation. TFRS contains Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS"), Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and explanations and interpretations related to the standards.

The unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared at Turkish Lira on a historical cost basis, except for the financial assets and financial liabilities measured on a fair value basis.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates and assumptions include fair value calculation of financial instruments and impairment of financial assets are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, adjustments are made and the effects of these adjustments are reflected to the statement of profit or loss.

#### b. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the presentation of financial statements

The accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements are determined and applied in accordance with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements are consistent with the standards used in the previous year.

Supporting to this region due to the earthquake disaster occurred in Kahramanmaraş and the surrounding provinces in February, interest-free deferral of loan and credit card debts and free transaction/service opportunities were offered to customers affected by the earthquake. The effects of the earthquake disaster were reviewed and it was evaluated that there was no effect continually on the financial statements.

#### c. Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 have no material effect on accounting policies, financial position and financial performance of the Bank. New and revised TAS and TFRS issued but not yet effective as of the finalization date of the financial statements will not have material effect on accounting policies, financial position and financial performance of the Bank.

The Indicator Interest Rate Reform - 2nd Phase, which brings changes in TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from 1 January 2021, was published in December 2020. With the modifications made, certain exceptions are provided for the basis used in the determination of contractual cash flows and hedge accounting implementations. The effects of the changes on the Bank's financials have been evaluated and it has been concluded that there is no material impact.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### I. Explanations on basis of presentation (continued)

Entities whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy present their financial statements in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period according to "TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies". Based on the announcement made by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA) on 23 November 2023, entities applying Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRSs) are required to present their financial statements by adjusting for the impact of inflation for the annual reporting period ending on or after 31 December 2023, in accordance with the accounting principles specified in TAS 29. In the same announcement, it was stated that institutions or organizations authorized to regulate and supervise in their respective scope might determine different transition dates for the implementation of inflation accounting, and in this context, Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA) announced that financial statements of banks, financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings financing and asset management companies as of 31 December 2023 would not be subject to the inflation adjustment in accordance with BRSA Board decision on 12 December 2023.

Accordingly, "TAS 29 Financial Reporting Standard in High Inflation Economies" is not applied in the financial statements of the Bank as of 31 December 2023.

#### II. Explanations on the strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions

The Bank manages its financial instruments strategies according to its liability structure. The liability structure is mainly comprised of deposits. The investment instruments are generally chosen from liquid instruments. Thus, liquidity is sustained to meet liabilities. As reporting date, the Bank's asset and shareholder's equity structure is sufficient to meet its liabilities.

Due to the risks management policy, the Bank does not take significant currency positions. In case of a currency risk due from the customer transactions, the Bank makes contra transactions in order to close the position.

The investment decisions are made taking the balance sheet items' maturity structure and interest rates into consideration. Limits related to the balance sheet are determined. The distribution of assets is determined and income analyses are made according to this distribution.

When carrying out off-balance sheet forward transactions, the Bank aims to perform contra transactions as well, thus paying maximum attention to the currency and interest rate risks. The customer limits for transactions are determined.

Explanations on foreign currency transactions:

Translation gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions are accounted for within the period in which the transaction occurs. In period-ends, foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into TL with the exchange buying rates of the Bank prevailing at the reporting date. Gains and losses arising from such transactions are recognized in the statement of profit or loss under the account of foreign exchange gains or losses.

#### III. Presentation of information related to consolidated subsidiaries

"Communique on amending the Communique on the Turkish Accounting Standard 27 ("TAS 27") Separate Financial Statements" has been published in the Official Gazette dated 9 April 2015 and numbered 29321 to be applied for accounting periods after 1 January 2016.

Entities have the opportunity to recognize their investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures with equity method in their separate financial statements in line with the amendment while it is stated for entities preparing separate financial statements before the amendment in communique to recognize their investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures in accordance with cost value or TFRS 9 Financial Instruments standard.

The Bank decided to account for its financial subsidiaries in the unconsolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2021 according to the equity method within the scope of TAS 27 and implemented the application retrospectively within the framework of TAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### IV. Explanations on forward and options contracts and derivative instruments

The Bank's derivative instruments consist of forward buy/sell, swaps, futures, and options contracts.

Derivative financial instruments of the Bank are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value through Profit or Loss" per "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9").

Derivatives are initially recorded at their fair values. The related transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss statement at the date they incur. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, if the fair value is positive, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", if the fair value is negative, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss". The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the statement of profit or loss under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

The Bank use the TL OIS interest rate curve in order to more accurately reflect the fair value measurement for CBRT and BIST swap transactions and made the necessary fair value measurement arrangements.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

#### Explanations on derivative financial instruments held for hedging purpose

As permitted by TFRS 9, the Bank continues to apply hedge accounting in accordance with "TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("TAS 39").

The Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting using interest rate and cross currency swap transactions, in order to hedge its TL floating rate deposits and revolving loans. Within the scope of cash flow hedge accounting, change in fair value of the hedging instrument, being positive or negative, is accounted in "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income" or "Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income", respectively, in the balance sheet. The Bank implements effectiveness tests at the balance sheet dates for hedge accounting; the effective parts are accounted as defined in TAS 39, in financial statements under equity "accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss" whereas the amount concerning ineffective parts is recognised in profit or loss statement. The changes recognized in shareholders' equity is removed and included in profit or loss statement in the same period when the hedged cash flows effect the income or loss.

Effectiveness tests are performed at the beginning of the hedge accounting period and at each reporting period. The effectiveness tests are carried out using the "Dollar off-set model" and the hedge accounting is applied as long as the test results are between the ranges of 80%-125% of effectiveness.

The hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is exercised, sold or no longer effective. When discontinuing fair value hedge accounting, the cumulative fair value changes in carrying value of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk are amortised to profit or loss statement under trading account income/loss caption over the maturity of the hedged item from that date of the hedge accounting is discontinued. While expiring, sale, discontinuing cash flow hedge accounting or when no longer effective the cumulative gains/losses recognised in shareholders' equity until the cash flows of the hedged item are realized and presented under "accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss" are continued to be kept in this account.

When the cash flows of hedged item incur, the gain/losses accounted for under shareholders' equity are recognised in profit or loss statement considering the original maturity.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### V. Explanations on interest income and expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest method (the rate which equals the future cash flows of a financial asset or liability to its net book value) by taking into consideration present principal amount.

As of 1 January 2018, the Bank applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of the asset for subsequent reporting periods for the financial assets impaired and classified as non-performing loan. Such interest income calculation is based on contractual basis for all financial assets subject to impairment calculation. During calculation of loss given default rate in expected credit loss models effective interest rate is used, thus, calculation of expected credit losses includes calculated interest amount. Therefore, a reclassification is made between the accounts of "Expected Credit Losses" and "Interest Income from Loans" for such calculated interest amount. If the credit risk of the financial instrument improves to the extent that the financial asset is no longer considered as impaired and the improvement can be attributed to an incident that eventually takes place (such as an increase in the loan's credit rating), the system calculates interest income at subsequent reporting periods by applying the effective interest rate to the gross amount.

#### VI. Explanations on fee and commission income and expenses

Fees and commissions except for which are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, are accounted for in accordance with "TFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers". Depending on the nature of the transaction, fee and commission income / expenses are recorded on an accrual basis or using the effective interest method during the service period. Income generated by contract or through the purchase of assets for third parties are recognized in the income accounts according to the periods in which they are realized.

#### VII. Explanations on financial instruments

#### Initial recognition of financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognized in the statement of financial position only when it is a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted at the settlement date.

### Initial measurement of financial instrument

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model. Except for the assets in the scope of "TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers", at initial recognition, the Bank measures financial asset or financial liabilities at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit/loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

#### Classification of financial instruments

On which category a financial instruments shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Thus, the Bank has classified all financial assets beginning from 1 January 2018 on the basis of the business model used for the management of these assets and the contractual cash flows.

As per TFRS 9, the Bank classifies a financial asset on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. In order to assess whether the element provides consideration for only the passage of time, an entity applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated and the period for which the interest rate is set. When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Bank has tested the "Solely Payments of Principal and Interest" test for all financial assets within the scope of TFRS 9 transition and evaluated asset classifications within the business model.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### VII. Explanations on financial instruments (continued)

#### Assessment of business model

As per TFRS 9, the business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The Bank's business models are divided into three categories.

#### A business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows:

A business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortised cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Central Bank, banks, money market placements, financial assets measured at amortized cost, loans, lease receivables, factoring receivables and other receivables are evaluated within this business model.

### A business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets:

The business model in which financial assets are held both for the collection of contractual cash flows and for the sale of financial assets. Fair value change of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are accounted under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are evaluated within this business model.

#### Other business models:

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss derivative financial instruments are evaluated within this business model.

### Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

According to TFRS 9, the Bank's financial assets are classified in three main categories as listed below:

- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and
- Financial assets measured at amortized cost (including credits).

### Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aims to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and if the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and remeasured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are recognized in profit or loss.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### VII. Explanations on financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

As per TFRS 9, the financial investments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Interest income calculated with effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to statement of profit or loss. "Unrealized gains and losses" arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the statement of profit or loss of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss" under shareholders' equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, that have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values can be reliably measured are carried at fair value. Equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost, less provision for impairment. In this context, the Bank has evaluated that the costs of equity securities, which are classified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, has been assessed that they reflect the approximate fair values. The fair value level of the related assets has been determined as Level 3.

The Bank has inflation indexed ("CPI") government bonds in its financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and measured at amortized cost portfolios. CPI government bonds that are their real principal amounts are preserved from inflation. These marketable securities are valued and accounted according by using effective interest rate method by considering the reference inflation index at the issue date and estimated inflation rate together with the based on the index calculated. The reference indices used for the real interest payments about these marketable securities is determined based on the CPI's of two months before. The Bank determines the estimated inflation rates used for valuation of securities in line with this. The estimated inflation rate used is updated during the year when necessary. At the end of the year, the actual inflation rate is used.

During initial recognition an entity can choose in an irrevocable way to record the changes of the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading purposes in the other comprehensive income. In the case of this preference, the dividend from the investment is taken into the financial statements as profit or loss.

#### Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at "Amortized cost" by using "Effective interest rate method". Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in statement of profit or loss.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### VII. Explanations on financial instruments (continued)

#### Loans:

Loans represents financial assets other than those held for trading in short term or generated through providing money, commodity and services to debtors.

Loans are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and not quoted in an active market.

Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The Bank's loans are recorded under the "Loans Measured at Amortized Cost" account.

#### VIII. Explanations on impairment of financial assets

With the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Determination of Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables by Banks and Provisions to be Set Aside (Provision Regulation)" promulgated by BRSA in the Official Gazette, no. 29750, dated 22 June 2016, the Bank has started calculating provisions as of 1 January 2018, in scope of TFRS 9 for financial instruments, loans and other receivables. Accordingly, loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognized for the financial assets measured at amortised cost and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Per TFRS 9, loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised on financial assets measured at amortised cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Expected credit loss estimates should include objective information weighted according to possibilities and that can be supported about past events, existing conditions and predictions about future economic conditions.

Financial assets within the scope of TFRS 9 are allocated to the three stages according to the change in the quality of the loan after initial recognition and are calculated on the basis of the expected credit loss stage:

- Stage 1: For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses.
- Stage 2: In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

A financial asset is transferred from Stage 1 to Stage 2 when there is a significant increase in credit risk after initial recognition. Bank has established a framework which incorporates quantitative and qualitative information to identify significant risk increase on an asset level applying a relative assessment. Each financial asset is assessed at the reporting date to determine significant risk increase.

Bank considers the following criteria.

**Quantitative criteria:** The change in lifetime probability of default is the main trigger the transfer between Stage 1 and Stage 2. The trigger compares probability of default at the origination date versus probability of default at the reporting date, considering the remaining maturity. Assets can be transferred in both directions between Stage 1 and Stage 2. In order to determine if movements can be considered as significant, Bank implements different probability of default thresholds to evaluate absolute and relative changes occurring in both retail and corporate portfolios. Related thresholds are being analyzed by back-testing and revised accordingly if necessary.

**Qualitative criteria:** Bank considers several indicators aligned with those used in credit risk management. Specific qualitative criteria for retail and corporate portfolio has been defined, according to its particularities and with the policies currently in use. The use of these qualitative criteria is complemented with the use of expert judgement.

- Having past due more than legal regulations,
- Loans classified to watch list status according to the decision of the Bank's management,
- Restructured loans in compliance with "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Determination of Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables by Banks and Provisions to be Set Aside",
- > Restructured loans according to an administrative judgement,
- Other consumer loans of individual clients whose one of the consumer loan transferred to non-performing loan portfolio.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### VIII. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (continued)

• **Stage 3**: Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount.

The following criteria are taken into consideration in determining the impairment:

- Having past due more than legal regulations,
- Problems in aspect of client's creditworthiness,
- > Collaterals and/or debtor's equities are insufficient for the timely payment of receivables,
- ➤ Collection of receivables is considered to be delayed for more than legal regulations due to macroeconomic, industry specific or customer specific reasons.

#### Use of present, past, future information and macroeconomic predictions:

Expected loss estimations take into consideration multiple macroeconomic scenarios for which the probability is measured according to past events, existing conditions and predictions about future economic conditions for economic variables (such as unemployment rates, GDP growth, real estate prices index and interest rates). Bank has defined three macroeconomic scenarios to use for future predictions, a baseline, an upscenario and a down-scenario. Macroeconomic models are used to convert the parameters used in expected loss estimations to forward looking versions. Different models exist for large corporate, financial institutions, corporate, retail mortgage and retail portfolios.

#### **Expected credit loss measurement:**

Bank applies "Probability of Default x Exposure at Default x Loss Given Default" method which also takes the time value of money into account. For Stage 1 financial assets; a forward-looking approach on a twelve-month period is applied in order to calculate expected credit loss. For Stage 2 financial assets; a lifetime expected loss is calculated. The lifetime expected loss is the discounted sum of the portions of lifetime losses related to default events within each period of twelve months till maturity. For Stage 3 financial assets; the probability of default equals 100%, the loss given default and the exposure at default represent a lifetime expected loss calculated based on properties of the defaulted loan.

#### Disclosures on write-off policy:

The amendment with respect to the regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding the Classification of Loans and Reserves Set Aside for These Loans entered into force with its publication in the Official Gazette no.31533 on 6 July 2021. Pursuant to the regulation, the Bank may write-off the portion of the loans, classified as "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss)", for which there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, within the scope of TFRS 9, as of the first reporting period (interim or year-end reporting period) following their classification in this Group, deducted from the records within the period deemed appropriate by the Bank, taking into account the situation of the debtor. The Bank performs objective and subjective assessments whether there is a reasonable expectation.

Partial write-off transactions from the financial statements mean that the financial asset will be reimbursed at a certain rate by the debtor, and the amount remaining after the payment of the amount in question or the part of the bank that is classified under group 5 and which does not have reasonable expectations to be recovered.

#### IX. Explanations on offsetting financial assets

Financial assets and liabilities are shown on the balance sheet at their net amounts when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intents to settle the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### X. Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions

Marketable securities sold under repurchase agreements ("Repo") are classified as financial assets whose fair value difference is reflected on profit-loss, and which are other comprehensive income or will be measured at amortised cost, in parallel to the classification of financial instruments. Funds provided in return for repo transactions are recognized in the "funds provided by repo transactions" accounts. The income related to repurchase agreements are reflected to the interest income on marketable securities and expenses paid in relation to repurchase agreements are recognized in "interest on money market borrowings" accounts.

Securities ("Reverse repo") that are purchased with repurchase agreements are classified under "Receivables from reverse repo transactions". Interest income obtained from reverse repo transactions are recognized under the account "Interest obtained from money market transactions".

Securities lending transactions are classified under "Money Market Placements" and accruals are calculated for the interest expense occurred.

### XI. Explanations on property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations and on payables regarding these assets

Property and equipment held-for-sale consist of tangible assets that were acquired due to non-performing loans and receivables, and are accounted in the financial statements in accordance with the regulations of "Turkish Financial Reporting Standard for Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations ("TFRS 5").

The assets that meet the criteria of being classified under assets held for sale are measured at the lower of their book values or fair value less costs to be incurred for sale, depreciation for these assets is ceased and these assets are presented separately in the balance sheet. In order for an asset to be classified as an asset held for sale, the related asset (or the asset group to be disposed) shall be ready to be sold immediately under usual conditions and should have a high possibility to be sold. To have a high possibility of a sale or sales, a plan should have been made for the sale of the asset (or the asset group to be disposed) and an active program should have been started by the management, aiming to complete the plan and determine the buyers.

The properties obtained from the Bank's receivables are shown at the fixed assets held for sale line, according to the execution of the forward sales agreement.

A discontinued operation is a part of an entity which is classified as to be disposed or held for sale. The results related to discontinuing operations are presented separately in the statement of profit or loss. The Bank does not have any discontinued operations.

#### XII. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

The intangible assets are measured at their cost calculated by adding the acquisition costs and other direct costs necessary for making the asset in working order. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for value decrease.

Intangible assets are depreciated according to straight line method and depreciation rates are determined in line with the useful lives of related assets.

The intangible assets

13% - 33%

According to TAS 38, Bank's classified as intangible assets are mainly software programs. Useful lives of the these assets are determined 3-8 years, taking into the expected useful life of the asset, technical, technological or other types of obsolescence and maintanance costs necessary to obtain the expected economic benefits from the asset.

The Bank does not have goodwill.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### XIII. Explanations on property and equipment

Property and equipment are initially measured at cost calculated by adding the acquisition fees and any directly attributable costs for making the asset in working order. Subsequently, property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for value decrease.

According to precautionary and materiality principles, when the current value of property and equipment is less than their net cost, the net cost which exceeds their current value is recognized in expense account as provision for impairment.

Property and equipment are depreciated according to straight line method and depreciation rates are determined in line with the useful lives of related assets.

Immovables2%Movables, assets acquired by financial leasing2% - 50%Right-of-use assets9% - 50%

The depreciation is set aside at the amount calculated through proportion of the yearly depreciation amount foreseen for the assets held for less than one accounting period to the time for which the asset is held in asset.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment are reflected to the profit and loss of the related period.

Expenditures for the repair and maintenance of property and equipment are recognized as expense.

There is no injunction, pledge or mortgage on property and equipment.

There is no purchase commitment related to property and equipment.

#### XIV. Explanations on investment properties

"TAS 40 Investment Properties" was republished in the Official Gazette no. 29826 dated 16/04/2018 and as a Board Decision to be implemented in the accounting periods starting after 01/01/2005. The purpose of this standard; to determine the rules regarding the accounting and disclosure of investment properties. Rather than use in the production of goods and services, for administrative purposes, or for sale in the normal course of business, land and buildings held for the purpose of earning rent or appreciation, or both; its classified as investment property. The Bank uses the cost method within the scope of TAS 40 for its investment properties. Investment properties are shown at from acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation. Investment properties (excluding lands) are depreciated using the straight line method.

#### XV. Explanations on leasing transactions

#### a. Accounting of leasing operations as lessor

The Bank does not have any leasing operations as "lessor".

### b. Accounting of leasing operations as lessee

Assets acquired under financial leases are capitalized at lower of the fair values of leased assets or discounted value of lease installments. While the total amounts of lease amounts are recognized as liability, the related interest amounts are accounted for as deferred interest. Assets subject to financial leases are followed under property and equipment and are depreciated by using straight-line method. The estimated depreciation rates are determined according to their estimated useful lives.

The Bank performs operating lease for branches. With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognised under "Tangible Fixed Assets" as an asset (right of use asset) and under "Liabilities from Leasing" as a liability. Other operating leases are not considered within the scope of TFRS 16 as they are below the materiality level and the corresponding rent payments are recognized under "Other Operating Expenses".

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### XV. Explanations on leasing transactions (continued)

The Bank - as lessee:

The Bank assesses whether a contract is (or contains) a lease at the inception of the contract. A contract is a lease contract or contains a lease on the basis of whether the right to control the use of an identified asset is being transferred for a period of time, against remuneration. In this case, at the commencement date, the right-of-use assets are recognized under "Tangible Assets" and lease liabilities are recognized under "Lease Payables" by the Bank.

The Bank initially measures the right-of-use asset applying a cost model in the financial statements and it includes the following:

- (a) Lease liabilities in the balance sheet, initially measured at the present value,
- (b) Remaining lease payment amount before or at the commencement date, after all lease incentives are eliminated.
- (c) All initial direct costs beared by the Bank and
- (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The Bank measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Bank applies the depreciation requirements in "TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment" standards in depreciating the right-of-use asset.

At the commencement date, the Bank measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the alternative borrowing interest rate.

At the commencement date, the lease payments included into the measurement of lease liabilities are composed of payments will be made during the underlying asset's lease term and payments that are not made at the commencement date are indicated below:

- (a) Remaining amount of fixed payments after elimination of any lease incentives receivable,
- (b) Variable future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments' initial measurement at the commencement date,
- (c) Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee by the Bank,
- (d) Purchasing option's cost if the Bank is sure at a reasonable level that purchasing option will be used and
- (e) Payment of the fine due to the termination of the lease if the lease period refers to an option for the termination of the lease.

After the commencement date, the Bank measures the lease liability as indicated below:

- (a) Measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability,
- (b) Measures the lease liability by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and
- (c) Remeasures the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### XVI. Explanations on provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted in accordance with, "Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" ("TAS 37").

Provisions are recognized when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events at the balance sheet date; when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are set aside for highly probable and reliably estimated amount of liabilities arisen as a result of prior period events, at the time when such liabilities arise.

#### XVII. Explanations on obligations related to employee rights

Provision for employee severance benefits has been accounted for in accordance with "TAS 19 Employee Benefits" ("TAS 19").

In accordance with the existing social legislation in Turkey, the Bank is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities including retirement and notice payments to each employee whose employment is terminated due to resignation or for reasons other than misconduct. The retirement pay is calculated for every working year within the Bank over salary for 30 days or the official ceiling amount per year of employment and the notice pay is calculated for the relevant notice period time as determined based on the number of years worked for the Bank.

The Bank has calculated provision for employee severance benefits in the attached financial statements in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Employee Benefits ("TAS 19")" by using the "Projection Method" and discounted the total provision by using the current market yield on government bonds based on their previous experience in the issues of completion of personnel service period and severance pay eligibility. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized under equity in accordance with the TAS 19 standard.

In accordance with the existing social legislation in Turkey, the Bank is required to make contribution to Social Security Institution ("SSI") on behalf of their employees. Other than the contributions that the Bank is required to pay, there is no additional requirement to make payment to neither their employees nor SSI. These premiums are reflected to personnel expenses when they accrue.

Provision for the employees' unused vacations has been booked in accordance with TAS 19 and reflected to the financial statements.

There are no foundations, pension funds or similar associations of which the employees are members.

#### XVIII. Explanations on taxation

#### a. Current tax

The Bank is subject to tax legislation and practices effective in Turkey.

While corporate tax which is applied to corporate earnings at the rate of 20% in Turkey, in accordance with the regulation introduced by the Law No. 7394 on the "Law on Evaluation of Immovable Property Owned by the Treasury and Amendment to the Value Added Tax Law", this rate has been determined to be applied as 25% for the corporate earnings of 2022 and later taxation periods for the banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies. In accordance with the Law numbered 7456 which is published in Official Gazette dated 15 July 2023 and numbered 32249, the corporate tax rate for the banks has been determined as 30%. This rate starting from the declarations of 1 October 2023 and to be valid for to the earnings to be obtained in 2023 and the following accounting periods.

The corporate tax rate is applied to the net corporate income after the addition of expenses not subject to deduction according to tax legislation, deduction of exemptions in tax laws (such as participation earnings exemption) and application of tax relief (reduction). No further tax is paid if the profit is not distributed.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### XVIII. Explanations on taxation (continued)

While according to the provisions of Corporate Tax Law, no. 5520, exemption shall be applied for 75% of the earnings from the sale of the properties and participation shares that corporations have kept among their assets for at least two full years (provided that they are added in the capital or kept in a special fund account in liabilities for five years as provided in the Law), and from the sales of founders' shares, preference shares and preferred rights they have kept for same duration; Article 89/a of the Law, no. 7061 effective upon promulgation in the Official Gazette, no. 30261, dated 5 December 2017 and Articles 5.1.e and 5.1.f of Corporate Tax Law have been amended, the exemption applied as 75% was decreased to 50% to be effective as of the promulgation of the Law for the above mentioned sale of properties. In accordance with the Law numbered 7456 which is published dated of 15 July 2023, the tax exemption on profits from the sales of immovables has been terminated as of 15 July 2023, and immovables that were a part of company's assets before the this date, the exemption rate on profits arising from their sales has been set as 25%.

According to the Corporate Tax Law, financial losses can be carried forward to offset against corporate tax base of the related period for up to five years. Tax authorities inspect tax returns and the related accounting records within five years and check the tax calculations.

Corporate tax is required to be filed by the last day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes must be paid in one installment by the end of the fourth month. Pursuant to the tax legislation, an advance tax is calculated and paid based on earnings generated for each quarter. The amounts thus paid are deducted from the tax calculated over annual earning. Current year tax amounts to be paid are netted off as they are related with prepaid tax amounts.

As of 31 December 2023, the conditions sought for inflation adjustment in the calculation of corporate tax have been fulfilled, within the framework of the repeated provision of Article 298 of the Tax Procedure Law. These conditions are both the exceed in the increase of Producer Price Index in the last 3 accounting periods including current period by 100% and the exceed in the increase in the current period by 10%. However, temporary article 33 has been added on the Tax Procedure Law no. 213 with the regulation made with the Tax Procedure Law and the Law on Change in Corporate Tax Law no. 7352 published in the Official Gazette no.31734 dated 29 January 2022 and the application of inflation adjustment in the calculation of corporate tax was postponed to 2023. According to this, the financial statements for the 2021 and 2022 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods, will not be subject to inflation adjustment, and for the 2023 accounting period; will not be subject to inflation adjustment as of the provisional tax periods, and the financial statements dated 31 December 2023 will be subject to inflation adjustment regardless of whether the inflation adjustment conditions are met or not. Profit/loss difference arising from inflation adjustment in the financial statements will be shown in previous years' profit/loss accounts and will not affect the corporate tax base. According to Article 17 of the Law No. 7491 on Amendments to Certain Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette No. 32413 dated 28 December 2023, it has become law that monetary gain/loss differences arising from the inflation adjustment to be made in the 2024 and 2025 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods, do not be taken into account in determining the income of banks, companies within the scope of the Financial Leasing, Factoring, Financing and Savings Financing Companies Law No. 6361 dated 21 November 2012, payment and electronic money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies.

The procedures and principles of the articles of law that allow the revaluation of immovable and depreciable economic assets have been rearranged on the Communiqué Amending the General Communiqué on Tax Procedure Law no. 547 (no. 537) published in the Official Gazette dated 14 January 2023 and numbered 32073. Accordingly, the Bank will be able to revalue its immovable and depreciable economic assets in the balance sheet, provided that the conditions in the Provisional Article 32 and Repeated Article 298/ç of the Tax Procedure Law are met. Thus, corporate tax will be calculated and paid according to the values of immovable and depreciable economic assets after revaluation. In this context, as of the end of the 2022 accounting period, the economic assets registered in the Bank's assets were revalued within the scope of Provisional Article 32 and Repeated Article 298/ç of the Tax Procedure Law.

With the Law No. 7440 on the Restructuring of Certain Receivables and Amending Certain Laws published in the Official Gazette dated 12 March 2023 and numbered 32130, by the corporate taxpayers, by being shown in their corporate tax return for the year 2022, in accordance with the Law No. 5520 and the regulations in other laws, the exemption and discount amounts subject to deduction from corporate income and the bases subject to reduced corporate tax within the scope of Article 32/A of the same Law, an additional tax is calculated at the rate of 10% without being associated with the income for the period, and at the rate of 5% over the exempted earnings obtained from abroad with the exception regulated in subparagraph (a) of the first paragraph of Article 5 of the Law No. 5520 and proven to have at least 15% tax burden.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### XVIII. Explanations on taxation (continued)

#### b. Deferred tax

The Bank calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"). In the deferred tax calculation, the enacted tax rate, in accordance with the tax legislation, is used as of the balance sheet date. In accordance with the Law no. 7456 published in the Official Gazette no. 32249 and dated 15 July 2023, the corporate tax rate has been applied as 30%. As of 31 December 2023, the Bank has calculated deferred tax at the rates of 30% for assets and liabilities.

According to the Provisional Article 33 of the Tax Procedure Law, in the financial statements dated 31 December 2023, the tax effects arising from the subject of inflation correction of the corporate tax are included in the deferred tax calculation as of 31 December 2023.

If transactions and events are recorded in the statement of profit or loss, then the related tax effects are also recognized in the statement of profit or loss. However, if transactions and events are recorded directly in the shareholders' equity, the related tax effects are also recognized directly in the shareholders' equity.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are reported as net in the financial statements.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period. An entity shall reduce the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of deferred tax asset to be utilized.

#### c. Transfer pricing

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "Disguised Profit Distribution" by way of transfer pricing. "The General Communique on Disguised Profit Distribution by way of Transfer Pricing" published on 18 November 2007 explains the application related issues in detail. According to this Communique, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes. Disguised profit distribution amount will be recognized as share in net profit and stoppage tax will be calculated depending on whether the profit distributing institution is a real or corporate entity, full-fledged or foreign based taxpayer, is subject to or exempt from tax.

As discussed under subject Communique's "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization Form" section, taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization Form" for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

#### XIX. Explanations on borrowings

The Bank, whenever required, generates funds from domestic and foreign sources in the form of borrowings, syndications, securitizations, and bill and bond issuances in the local and international markets. The funds borrowed are recorded at their purchase costs and valued at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

#### XX. Explanation on issuance of equity securities

There are no issuance of equity securities in 2023.

#### XXI. Explanations on guarantees and acceptances

The Bank's letters of acceptances with its customers are simultaneously realized with customers' payments and are followed in off-balance sheet items.

#### XXII. Explanations on government incentives

As of the balance sheet date, there is no government grant for the Bank.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### XXIII. Explanations on segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of an entity:

- That engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity),
- b. Whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's authorised decision maker for the purpose of taking decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assessing its performance and
- c. For which discrete financial information is available.

Reporting according to the operational segment is presented in Note XII of Section Four.

#### XXIV. Profit reserves and distribution of profit

Under the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), legal reserves consist of first legal reserve and second legal reserve. First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of at least 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of issued and fully paid-in share capital.

#### XXV. Explanations on other disclosures

None.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### Section four

#### Information on financial position and risk management

#### I. Explanations on unconsolidated capital

Unconsolidated total capital and capital adequacy ratio has been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks".

Within the scope of the measures announced by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency on 31 January 2023 and 21 December 2021, the amount subject to credit risk shall be calculated by using the 30 December 2022 dated Central Bank's foreign exchange buying rates and negative revaluation differences of the securities classified under financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are not included in capital calculation.

As of 31 December 2023, according to Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency 31 January 2023 dated decision the amount subject to credit risk in calculating the regulatory capital adequacy ratio was calculated by taking into account the 30 December 2022 dated Central Bank's foreign exchange buying rates. In addition, in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board's Decision dated 16 April 2020 and numbered 8999, 0% risk weight is used in the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk for FX receivables of Banks which are from Republic of Turkey Central Management within the scope of Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks published on the Official Gazette dated 23 October 2015 and numbered 29511. If the specified measure is not taken into account, the unconsolidated capital adequacy ratio decreases to 13.72% as of 31 December 2023.

As of 31 December 2023, taking into consideration the above-mentioned regulations, the Bank's total capital is TL 14,066,758 and the capital adequacy ratio is 16.04%. As of 31 December 2022, the Bank's total capital amounted to TL 13,907,995 and capital adequacy ratio was 19.59%.

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## Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### I. **Explanations on unconsolidated capital (continued)**

	Current period	Prior period
COMMON EQUITY Tier I Capital	2 400 200	2 400 200
Paid-in capital to be entitled for compensation after all creditors  Share premium	3,486,268	3,486,268
State Prefittion	9,494,742	6,792,955
Other comprehensive income according to TAS	798.221	577.019
Profit	1,698,038	2,626,289
Net profit for the period	1,698,038	2,626,289
Prior period profit	-	-
Bonus shares from investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures that are not recognized in profit	1,797	1,797
Common equity Tier I capital before deductions	15,479,066	13,484,328
Deductions from common equity		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the article 9. (i) of the Regulation on the Capital of Banks		
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves and losses accounted under equity as per TAS	634,910	35,694
Leasehold improvements on operational leases Goodwill netted off deferred tax liability	64,874	44,416
Other intangibles netted off deferred tax liability except for mortgage servicing rights	1,023,361	249.790
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	1,023,301	243,730
Differences not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	-
Portion of the total expected loss amount calculated as per Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk with the Internal Rating		
Based Approach, which exceeds total provisions	-	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair value of Bank's liabilities	-	-
Net amount of defined-benefit plan assets	-	-
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity Tier I Capital	-	-
Shares obtained contrary to the 4 <sup>th</sup> clause of the 56 <sup>th</sup> Article of the Law	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital, which exceeds 10% of		
scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% of less of the issued common equity of the Bank	_	_
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the		
scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital, which exceeds 10% of		
common equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the common equity	-	-
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the common equity	531,880	-
Amounts exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2 <sup>nd</sup> clause of the provisional article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity		
of Banks	-	-
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial institutions		
outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	_	_
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	_
Deductions to be made from common equity in case adequate additional Tier I capital or Tier II capital is not available	-	-
Total deductions from common equity Tier I capital	2,255,025	329,900
Total common equity Tier I capital	13,224,041	13,154,428
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred stock not included in common equity tier I capital and the related share premiums	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (in scope of Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Additional Tier I capital before deductions	-	-
Deductions from additional Tier I capital	-	-
Bank's direct and indirect investments in its own Additional Tier I capital	-	-
Investments in equity instruments issued by banks and financial institutions that have invested in Bank's additional Tier I Capital, which are compatible with Article 7 of the regulation		
Portion of total Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where	-	-
the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital, which Exceeds 10% of Bank's Tier I Capital	_	
The Total of Net Long Positions of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Items continuing to be deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period	-	-
Portion of the goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not be deducted from Common		
Equity Tier I capital as per the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks (-)	-	-
Portion of the net deferred tax asset/liability not deducted from Common Equity Tier I capital as per the first sub-paragraph of		
the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks (-)	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity in case adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	•	
Total deductions from additional Tier I capital	-	
Total additional Tier I capital	-	-
Total Tier I capital (Tier I Capital = Common Equity + Additional Tier I Capital)	13,224,041	13,154,428

## ING Bank A.Ş.

## Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### I. **Explanations on unconsolidated capital (continued)**

	Current period	Prior period
TIER II CAPITAL		
Bank's borrowing instruments and issue premiums Bank's borrowing instruments and issue premiums (in scope of Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (amounts stated in Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	846,006	759,085
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	846,006	759,085
Deductions From Tier II Capital		
Bank's direct and indirect investments in its own Tier II Capital (-) Bank's investments in in equity instruments issued by banks and financial institutions that have invested in Bank's additional	-	-
Tier I Capital, which are compatible with Article 8 of the regulation	_	_
Portion of total Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where		
the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital, which Exceeds 10% of Bank's Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Positions of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)  Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	846,006	759,085
Total capital (the sum of tier i capital and tier ii capital)	14,070,047	13,913,513
Total of core capital and additional capital (total equities)		
Loans granted against Article 50 and 51 of Banking Law  Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and of	-	-
Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Three Years	-	_
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	3,289	5,518
Items to be deducted from the sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) during transition period	-	-
Portion of total Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where		
the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital, exceeding 10% of Bank's Tier I Capital, which is not deducted from Tier I, Tier II and additional capital as per Temporary Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks		
Portion of total Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where	•	-
the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital, exceeding 10% of Bank's Tier I Capital, which is not deducted from		
the tier II capital and additional capital as per Temporary Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks (-)	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in the common equity items of banks and financial institutions		
outside the scope of consolidation where the bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital, deferred tax assets		
based on temporary differences and mortgage servicing rights not deducted from Common Equity as per paragraph 1 and 2 of Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks (-)	_	_
TOTAL CAPITAL		
Total Capital	14,066,758	13,907,995
Total risk weighted amounts	87,708,946	70,986,888
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.08	18.53
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.08 16.04	18.53
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)  BUFFERS	16.04	19.59
Total buffer requirement	2.66	2.57
Capital protection buffer requirement (%)	2.50	2.50
Bank specific cyclical buffer requirement (%)	0.16	0.07
Systemically important banks buffer ratio (%)	-	-
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier I capital to be calculated as per the first paragraph of Article 4 of Regulation on	0.04	44.00
Capital Protection and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)  Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles	8.04	11.60
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions		
where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital	-	-
Amounts arising from the net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions		
where the bank owns 10% or more of the issued share capital	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights	4 007 470	407.000
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences  Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation	1,907,472	427,938
General provisions for standard based receivables (before ten thousand twenty five limitation)	846,006	759,085
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used	846,006	759,085
Amount of total provision exceeding the total expected loss amount calculated according to the Communiqué on the Calculation		
of the Credit Risk Based Amount as per the Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Amount up to 0.6% of the portion of total provision exceeding the total expected loss amount calculated according to the		
Communiqué on the Calculation of the Credit Risk Based Amount as per the Internal Ratings Based Approach  Debt instruments subject to Temporary Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts exceeding the upper limits of Additional Tier I Capital subject to Temporary Article 4	_	-
Amounts exceeding the upper limits of Additional field Capital subject to Temporary Article 4		
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subject to temporary Article 4  Amounts exceeding the upper limits of Additional Tier II Capital subject to temporary Article 4  Amounts exceeding the upper limits of Additional Tier II Capital subject to temporary Article 4	-	-

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### I. Explanations on unconsolidated capital (continued)

#### Information about debt instruments that will be included in total capital calculation

There is no debt instruments that will be included in total capital calculation as of 31 December 2023.

#### Explanations on reconciliation of capital items to balance sheet

Risk classifications	Carrying amount	Amounts in equity calculation
NISK CIASSIFICATIONS	amount	Calculation
Shareholders' equity	14,868,058	14,868,058
Gains from cash flow hedge transactions	23,902	(23,902)
Leasehold improvements on operational leases	64,874	(64,874)
Goodwill and intangible assets	1,043,982	(1,023,361)
General provision	846,006	846,006
Other deductions from shareholders' equity	3,289	(3,289)
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation	-	(531,880)
Capital		14,066,758

### II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk

1. The Bank's credit risk management strategy consists of limit settings within legal limitations, conservative credit allocation structure, proper documentation structure in line with the standards and strong monitoring and follow-up systems. Risk management strategy also includes sector-specific, country, currency and customer diversification. With the credit evaluations and monthly reporting to the top level management, loans having high exposures and factors that may cause deterioration in the loan quality are closely monitored, preventing the credit quality to decrease. Additionally, various analysis about concentration risks is made for monitoring portfolio risk as well as within the scope of Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ("ICAAP") and these activities are supported by stress tests. The sectoral distributions of loans are reported monthly and can be limited according to the conjunctions. However, geographical limitation is not implemented. Risk management strategy document, which explains the risk management strategy and the important risk management factors affecting it, is revised at least once a year under the supervision of the Risk Committee.

As prescribed in the related legislation, the credit worthiness of the debtors is monitored regularly. The credit limits are determined by the Board of Directors, the Bank's Credit Committee and other related credit departments. The account statements related to given loans are obtained and reviewed as prescribed in the legislation. The Bank receives sufficient collateral for the loans given and other receivables. The received collaterals comprise of personal and legal entity guarantees, pledge of vehicle, mortgages, cash blockage, customer checks and Credit Guarantee Fund suretyship having Treasury quarantee.

Loans that have overdue principal, interest or both for less than 90 days after the maturity or due date are considered past due loans by the Bank. Loans that have overdue principal, interest or both for more than 90 days after the maturity or due date or the debtors of which are deemed unworthy by the Bank are considered impaired loans.

The Bank has started to apply TFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("TFRS 9") published by POA in the accompanying financial statements starting from 1 January 2018, in accordance with the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Classification of Loans and Provisions for These". The Bank calculates the expected loss provision according to TFRS 9.

The sum of risk exposures that are offset and for which credit risk mitigation is not applied are presented monthly to the Audit Committee per different risk categories and types and monthly, periodically and annual changes are monitored by the senior management.

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk (continued)

Risk classifications	Current period risk amount (*)	Current period average (**)	Prior period risk amount (*)	Prior period average (**)
Conditional and unconditional receivables from central governments and				
Central Banks	38,585,840	32,412,074	24,479,568	20,958,319
Conditional and unconditional receivables from regional or local				
governments	754,191	695,856	668,649	721,833
Conditional and unconditional receivables from administrative bodies and non-commercial enterprises	-	-	_	-
Conditional and unconditional receivables from multilateral development				
banks	-	-	-	-
Conditional and unconditional receivables from international organizations	-	-	-	-
Conditional and unconditional receivables from banks and brokerage houses	18,299,744	19,276,972	8,238,841	8,767,960
Conditional and unconditional receivables from corporates	49,481,445	48,474,994	40,648,367	37,348,179
Conditional and unconditional receivables from retail portfolios	11,240,237	11,262,258	8,784,367	10,136,925
Conditional and unconditional receivables secured by mortgages	2,137,701	2,268,550	1,758,464	2,479,379
Past due receivables	243,994	299,073	337,554	414,555
Receivables defined under high risk category by BRSA	10,148,244	10,099,664	9,323,934	5,009,787
Securities collateralized by mortgages	-	-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-
Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-
Investments similar to collective investment funds	-	-	-	-
Stock transactions	1,585,618	1,263,634	916,818	752,310
Other receivables	5,435,139	7,146,142	4,645,177	5,108,916
Total	137,912,153	133,199,217	99,801,739	91,698,163

<sup>(\*)</sup> The figures represent total risk amounts before credit risk mitigation and after credit conversion factor.

- 2. Control limits exist on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements. The undertaken credit risk of these types of instruments is managed together with market risk.
- 3. Related to forward transactions, options and similar agreements, international counter parties (financial institutions) the bank operates the daily collateral management policies in accordance with ISDA agreements (CSA) and where needed the credit exposure is reduced by the usage of rights and performing of the acts.
- **4.** Non-cash loans turned into cash loans are included in the same risk group as overdue cash loans which are not collected upon maturity.

When there is an issue or it is evaluated that the company might have an issue on repayments of the loan that are given in Corporate, Commercial, SME Banking segments, such companies have been transferred to Credits Restructuring and Recovery Group. The rating of all companies that were transferred to Credits Restructuring and Recovery Group have been reassessed. As a rule, the rating of the company has been reduced at the time of transfer, company's restructuring decision has been reconsidered and after decision is made the monitoring methods in the legislation have been applied. Existing ratings of the companies that are in legal follow up and are not restructured have been reduced again. On the other hand, companies that have issues on their financial positions or business operations but not restructured, have been monitored closely in terms of company operations and cash flows.

The Bank considers that long-term commitments are more exposed to credit risk than short-term commitments, and risk decomposition has been made according to that.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The average risk amount was calculated by taking the arithmetic average of the values in the monthly reports prepared in balance sheet period in regards to "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

#### ING Bank A.S.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk (continued)
- 5. Transactions in foreign countries have been made with many correspondent banks in many countries. The counterparty limits have been set for the risks that may arise in transactions with banks. Credit risks have been managed according to credit worthiness and limits of the counterparties.
  - The Bank does not have any material credit risk concentration as an active participant of international banking market when considered with financial operations of other financial institutions.
- **6.** The proportion of the Bank's top 100 and 200 cash loan balances in total cash loans is 49% and 59% respectively (31 December 2022: 48% and 58%).
  - The proportion of the Bank's top 100 and 200 customers' non-cash loan balances in total non-cash loans is 88% and 94% (31 December 2022: 88% and 94%).
  - The proportion of the Bank's top 100 and 200 customers' cash and non-cash loan balances in total cash and non-cash loans 56% and 65% (31 December 2022: 54% and 63%).
- 7. Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected losses for unconsolidated credit risk amount to TL 846,006 (31 December 2022: TL 759,085).

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk (continued)

## Amount of profile on significant risks in significant regions

Profile on significant risks in significant regions (\*)

									Risk cate	gories (**)								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Tota
Current period																		
Domestic	38,585,840	754,191	-	-	-	9,030,080	49,291,411	11,237,100	2,137,490	243,994	10,148,128	-	-	-	-	830,584	5,435,133	127,693,95
European Union Countries	-	-	_	-	-	7,511,676	190,034	2,996	211	_	-	-	-	-	-	755,034	6	8,459,957
OECD Countries (***)	-	-	_	-	-	882,941	· -	· -	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	882,97
Off- Shore banking regions	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-	-	872,749	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	872,749
Other Countries	-	-	-	-	-	2,298	-	141	-	-	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,523
Investment and associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Undistributed assets / liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	38,585,840	754,191	-	-	-	18,299,744	49,481,445	11,240,237	2,137,701	243,994	10,148,244	-	-	-	-	1,585,618	5,435,139	137,912,153
									Risk cate	egories (**)								
	1	2	3		4	5 6		7 8	9	1	10 11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Tota
Prior period																		
Domestic	24,479,568	668,649			-	- 3,310,290	40,625,99	2 8,781,098	1,758,180	337,52	25 9,322,911	-	-	-		454,312	4,645,170	94,383,695
European Union Countries				-	-	- 4,363,992	22,37	5 2,706	284	1	9 -	-	-	-		462,506	7	4,851,879
OECD Countries (***)		-		-	-	- 237,542				-	4 19	-	-	-		-	-	237,565
Off- Shore banking regions				-	-	- 2,979				-		-	-	-		-	-	2,979
USA, Canada		-		-	-	- 312,487		- 2		-		-	-	-		-	-	312,489
Other Countries				-	-	- 11,551		- 561		- '	16 1,004		-	-		-	-	13,132
Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures					-					_		_	-	-		_		13,132
																	-	
Undistributed assets / liabilities	-	-	-	•	-			: :		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	

- The figures represent total risk amounts before credit risk mitigation and after credit conversion factor Risk categories that are defined in "Communiqué on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks"7
- EU countries, OECD countries other than USA and Canada
- Conditional and unconditional receivables from central governments and Central Banks
- Conditional and unconditional receivables from regional or local governments
- Conditional and unconditional receivables from administrative bodies and non-commercial enterprises
- Conditional and unconditional receivables from multilateral development banks Conditional and unconditional receivables from international organizations
- Conditional and unconditional receivables from banks and brokerage houses
- Conditional and unconditional receivables from corporates
- Conditional and unconditional receivables from retail portfolios Conditional and unconditional receivables secured by mortgages
- Past due receivables
- Receivables defined under high risk category by BRSA
- Securities collateralized by mortgages
- Securitization positions
- Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage houses and corporates
- Investments similar to collective investment funds
- Stock transactions
- Other receivables

### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk (continued)

### Risk profile according to sectors and counterparties (\*)

								Ris	k categories	(**)										
Current period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	TL	FC	Total
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	463,107	59,755	-	3,276	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	232,029	294,117	526,146
Farming and raising livestock	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,242	45,180	-	2,800	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	128,228	-	128,228
Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	14,200	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	14,261	-	14,261
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-	382,856	375	-	426	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,540	294,117	383,657
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,421,358	2,308,103	504,995	86,314	564	-	-	-	-	-	530	15,141,963	14,179,901	29,321,864
Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,043,776	780	-	168	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	260,464	784,264	1,044,728
Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,504,857	2,298,493	504,995	85,969	564	-	-	-	-	-	521	14,751,937	12,643,462	27,395,399
Electricity, gas, water	-	-	-	-	-	-	872,725	8,830	-	177	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	129,562	752,175	881,737
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,552,987	176,433	9,824	13,619	8,074	-	-	-	-	-	123	1,515,727	1,245,333	2,761,060
Services	22,280,595	-	-	-	-	18,299,744	20,027,121	2,297,667	221,746	102,526	3,640	-	-	-	-	1,584,482	205,171	43,714,885	21,307,807	65,022,692
Wholesale and retail trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,809,953	1,935,225	96,426	82,372	3,623	-	-	-	-	-	514	8,083,327	1,844,786	9,928,113
Hotel food, beverage services Transportation and	-	-	-	-	-	-	192,060	26,878	208	7,668	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	22,669	204,227	226,896
telecommunication	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,784,976	163,059	124,865	6,562	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	295,787	1,783,736	2,079,523
Financial institutions	22,280,595	-	-	-	-	18,299,744	7,256,465	26,198	-	204	-	-	-	-	-	1,584,482	194,345	34,608,993	15,033,040	49,642,033
Real estate and renting service	-	-	-	-	-	-	792,568	54,673	-	745	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,094	182,323	675,757	858,080
Self-employment service	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,861,185	81,267	7	4,195	17	-	-	-	-	-	57	442,637	1,504,091	1,946,728
Education services	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,588	-	-	189	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	2,784	-	2,784
Health and social services	-	-	-	-	-	-	327,326	10,367	240	591	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	76,365	262,170	338,535
Other	16,305,245	754,191	-	-	-	-	16,872	6,398,279	1,401,136	38,259	10,135,966	-	-	-	-	1,136	5,229,307	38,712,789	1,567,602	40,280,391
Total	38,585,840	754,191	-		-	18,299,744	49,481,445	11.240.237	2.137.701	243,994	10,148,244					1,585,618	5,435,139	99,317,393	38,594,760	137,912,153

<sup>(\*)</sup> The figures represent total risk amounts before credit risk mitigation and after credit conversion factor.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Stands for the risk categories listed in "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks.

Conditional and unconditional receivables from central governments and Central Banks

<sup>2-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from regional or local governments

<sup>3-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from administrative bodies and non-commercial enterprises

<sup>4-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from multilateral development banks

<sup>5-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from international organizations

<sup>6-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from banks and brokerage houses

<sup>7-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from corporates

<sup>8-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from retail portfolios

<sup>9-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables secured by mortgages

<sup>10-</sup> Past due receivables

<sup>11-</sup> Receivables defined under high risk category by BRSA

<sup>12-</sup> Securities collateralized by mortgages

<sup>13-</sup> Securitization positions

<sup>14-</sup> Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage houses and corporates

<sup>15-</sup> Investments similar to collective investment funds

<sup>16-</sup> Stock transactions

<sup>17-</sup> Other receivables

### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk (continued)

### Risk profile according to sectors and counterparties (\*)

								Ri	sk categories	s (**)										
Prior period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	TL	FC	Total
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-		659,091	46,826	-	3,912	-	-	-	-	-		8	177,176	532,661	709,837
Farming and raising livestock	-	-	-	-	-	-	245,490	45,949	-	3,457	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	175,802	119,101	294,903
Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	738	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	804	-	804
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-	413,586	139	-	405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	570	413,560	414,130
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,052,710	1,393,872	487,081	111,058	38,408	-	-	-	-	-	656	8,862,794	14,220,991	23,083,785
Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,740,137	7,691	5,019	2,189	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	332,239	1,422,808	1,755,047
Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,470,951	1,378,385	482,062	108,444	38,408	-	-	-	-	-	633	8,423,122	12,055,761	20,478,883
Electricity, gas, water	-	-	-	-	-	-	841,622	7,796	-	425	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	107,433	742,422	849,855
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,871,851	106,084	9,247	20,232	-	-	-	-	-	-	149	865,466	2,142,097	3,007,563
Services	12,738,570	-	-	-	-	8,238,841	16,046,619	1,557,942	234,676	143,928	117,682	-	-	-	-	915,958	193,243	23,118,815	17,068,644	40,187,459
Wholesale and retail trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,489,163	1,356,637	115,226	106,884	114,037	-	-	-	-	-	730	6,544,204	1,638,473	8,182,677
Hotel food, beverage services	-	-	-	-	-	-	297,333	31,030	49,283	15,847	-	-	-	-	-	-	96	55,377	338,212	393,589
Transportation and telecommunication	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,021,920	96,442	64,901	12,317	3,644	-	-	-	-	-	89	330,041	1,869,272	2,199,313
Financial institutions	12,738,570	-	-	-	-	8,238,841	4,858,377	12,461	34	211	-	-	-	-	-	915,958	192,113	15,767,146	11,189,419	26,956,565
Real estate and renting service	-	-	-	-	-	-	722,412	24,234	-	2,729	1	-	-	-	-	-	103	203,889	545,590	749,479
Self-employment service	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,172,530	33,946	222	4,615	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	108,417	1,102,963	1,211,380
Education services	-	-	-	-	-	-	167	400	4,530	190	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	778	4,530	5,308
Health and social services	-	-	-	-	-	-	484,717	2,792	480	1,135	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	108,963	380,185	489,148
Other	11,740,998	668,649	-	-	-	-	18,096	5,679,643	1,027,460	58,424	9,167,844	-	-	-	-	860	4,451,121	30,574,348	2,238,747	32,813,095
Total	24,479,568	668,649	-	-	-	8,238,841	40,648,367	8,784,367	1,758,464	337,554	9,323,934	•	-	-	-	916,818	4,645,177	63,598,599	36,203,140	99,801,739

<sup>(\*)</sup> The figures represent total risk amounts before credit risk mitigation and after credit conversion factor.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Stands for the risk categories listed in "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks.

<sup>1-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from central governments and Central Banks

<sup>2-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from regional or local governments

<sup>3-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from administrative bodies and non-commercial enterprises

<sup>4-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from multilateral development banks

<sup>5-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from international organizations

<sup>6-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from banks and brokerage houses

<sup>7-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from corporates

<sup>8-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables from retail portfolios

<sup>9-</sup> Conditional and unconditional receivables secured by mortgages

<sup>10-</sup> Past due receivables

<sup>11-</sup> Receivables defined under high risk category by BRSA

<sup>12-</sup> Securities collateralized by mortgages

<sup>13-</sup> Securitization positions

<sup>14-</sup> Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage houses and corporates

<sup>15-</sup> Investments similar to collective investment funds

<sup>16-</sup> Stock transactions

<sup>17-</sup> Other receivables

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk (continued)

## 10. Term distribution of risks with term structure (\*)

Current period	Time to maturity											
Risk categories	1 month	1-3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	Over 1 year	Demand	Total					
Credit risk weighted assets												
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from central governments and Central												
Banks	21,963,745	316,470	-	678,604	13,039,430	2,587,591	38,585,840					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from regional or local governments	-	203,805	-	221,063	329,323	-	754,191					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from administrative bodies and non-												
commercial enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	=					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	=					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from banks and brokerage houses	9,279,306	1,276,274	1,208,593	2,350,060	3,316,180	869,331	18,299,744					
Conditional and unconditional receivables						.= .=						
from corporates	4,696,920	4,456,347	5,319,917	7,191,747	9,937,846	17,878,668	49,481,445					
Conditional and unconditional receivables	004745	500 574	4 074 000	0.040.700	F 400 700	050 007	44.040.007					
from retail portfolios	694,715	596,574	1,271,623	2,243,702	5,480,796	952,827	11,240,237					
Conditional and unconditional receivables	44.040	00.070	40.000	405 570	4 050 007	000 004	0.407.704					
secured by mortgages Past due receivables	14,843	23,672	40,329	165,579	1,656,887	236,391 243,994	2,137,701 243,994					
Receivables defined under high risk	-	-	-	-	-	243,994	243,994					
category by BRSA	9,906	678,694	1,124,123	3,536,645	4,786,262	12,614	10,148,244					
Securities collateralized by mortgages	9,900	070,094	1,124,123	3,330,043	4,700,202	12,014	10,140,244					
Securitization positions	_	_	_		_	_	_					
Short-term receivables from banks,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					
brokerage houses and corporates	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Investments similar to collective investment												
funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Stock transactions	_	_	_	_	_	1,585,618	1,585,618					
Other receivables	_	_	_	_	_	5,435,139	5,435,139					
						3, .00, .00	3, .55, .50					
Total	36,659,435	7,551,836	8,964,585	16,387,400	38,546,724	29,802,173	137,912,153					

(\*) The figures represent total risk amounts before credit risk mitigation and after credit conversion factor.

Prior Period	Time to maturity											
Risk categories	1 month	1-3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	Over 1 year	Demand	Total					
Credit risk weighted assets												
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from central governments and Central												
Banks	13,477,381	568,663	1,607,201	644,156	7,906,739	275,428	24,479,568					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from regional or local governments	-	-	-	154,610	514,039	-	668,649					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from administrative bodies and non-												
commercial enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from banks and brokerage houses	3,267,137	996,167	493,796	671,102	1,865,060	945,579	8,238,841					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from corporates	2,410,953	4,036,542	2,773,675	4,260,355	12,479,422	14,687,420	40,648,367					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
from retail portfolios	513,092	569,750	798,002	1,240,524	4,922,628	740,371	8,784,367					
Conditional and unconditional receivables												
secured by mortgages	14,659	37,973	66,703	75,994	1,399,794	163,341	1,758,464					
Past due receivables	-	-	-	-	-	337,554	337,554					
Receivables defined under high risk												
category by BRSA	-	295,745	313,713	2,610,310	5,963,700	140,466	9,323,934					
Securities collateralized by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Short-term receivables from banks,												
brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Investments similar to collective investment												
funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Stock transactions	-	-	-	-	-	916,818	916,818					
Other receivables	-	-	=	=	-	4,645,177	4,645,177					
Total	19,683,222	6,504,840	6,053,090	9,657,051	35,051,382	22,852,154	99,801,739					

<sup>(\*)</sup> The figures represent total risk amounts before credit risk mitigation and after credit conversion factor.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk (continued)

# 11. Explanations on risk categories as per the Article 6 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks

In determining the risk weights of the risk categories mentioned in Article 6<sup>th</sup> of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks, the Bank uses the ratings provided by international rating firm, Fitch Ratings and national rating firm, JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. in the Credit Risk Based Amount calculations as of 31 December 2023. Fitch ratings are used for the risk exposures to banks where the counterparties are resident in abroad. Furthermore, Fitch ratings are used for foreign currency securities issued by Treasury and other foreign currency risks that are associated with Central governments. JCR Avrasya Rating A.Ş ratings are used for TL receivables, the counterparty of which is in the corporate asset class.

Matching of the risk ratings used in calculations with the credit quality grades stated in the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks is presented below.

Credit quality level	1	2	3	4	5	6
Fitch derece note	AAA ile AA-	A+ ile A-	BBB+ ile BBB-	BB+ ile BB-	B+ ile B-	CCC+ and below
JCR derece note	AAA ile AA-	A+ ile A-	BBB+ ile BB-		BB-	and below

#### Risk amounts based on risk weights

Current period	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Deducted from equity
Amount before credit risk mitigation Amount after credit risk mitigation	41,643,038 41,656,747	-	20,070,338 13,677,195	- 1,392,525	15,099,754 15,627,102		37,381,385 36,822,168		-	3,381,236 3,381,236	2,258,314 2,258,314
Prior period	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Deducted from equity
Amount before credit risk mitigation	27,299,877	_	12,103,728	-	7,532,642	10,001,143	34,314,257	6,215,670	-	2,334,422	335,418

### 12. Miscellaneous information regarding important sectors or counterparty type

The Bank evaluates its financial assets in 3 stages based on TFRS 9 as explained in Section Three note VIII. In this respect, the lifetime expected credit losses are recognized for impaired loans (defaulted) and the probability of default is considered as 100%.

When the loan is not defaulted yet, but there is a significant increase in the credit risk since origination date, the lifetime expected credit losses are calculated for these loans (Stage 2).

For loans in stage 1, 12 months default probability is calculated. The expected credit loss within 12 months from the date of reporting is recognized in the financial statements.

Current period	Loans (*)			
	Impaired (TFI	Expected gradit leases /TERS 0		
	Significant increase in		Expected credit losses (TFRS 9)	
Important sectors / Counterparties	credit risk (Stage 2)	Defaulted (Stage 3)		
Agriculture	-	13,503	21,032	
Farming and raising livestock	-	11,231	9,005	
Forestry	-	114	91	
Fishing	-	2,158	11,936	
Manufacturing	3,632,063	249,331	484,757	
Mining	=	26,366	38,824	
Production	3,632,063	222,308	431,034	
Electricity, gas, water	-	657	14,899	
Construction	2,006,725	105,603	147,405	
Services	3,816,768	415,989	487,692	
Wholesale and retail trade	511,475	301,541	267,747	
Hotel food, beverage services	145,364	53,435	50,233	
Transportation and telecommunication	88,001	30,210	36,054	
Financial institutions	1,776,802	414	16,755	
Real estate and lending service	91,310	8,957	11,557	
Self-employment service	1,191,716	17,793	99,242	
Education service	678	1,528	1,471	
Health and social services	11,422	2,111	4,633	
Other	887,731	189,145	273,849	
Total	10,343,287	973,571	1,414,735	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Represents the distribution of cash loans.

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## II. Explanations on unconsolidated credit risk (continued)

Prior Period	Loans (*)			
		Impaired (TFRS 9)		
	Significant increase in	•	Expected credit losses (TFRS 9)	
Important sectors / Counterparties	credit risk (Stage 2)	Defaulted (Stage 3)		
Agriculture	16,943	15,998	23,565	
Farming and raising livestock	16,943	13,652	10,770	
Forestry	· -	114	66	
Fishing	-	2,232	12,729	
Manufacturing	1,498,071	346,386	476,488	
Mining	1,399	30,954	46,883	
Production	1,496,190	312,874	412,242	
Electricity, gas, water	482	2,558	17,363	
Construction	2,527,824	113,796	164,249	
Services	3,626,546	541,663	572,089	
Wholesale and retail trade	482,893	392,145	320,186	
Hotel food, beverage services	275,430	62,889	51,993	
Transportation and telecommunication	630,220	46,383	59,876	
Financial institutions	1,251,487	411	11,005	
Real estate and lending service	233,994	11,025	9,880	
Self-employment service	734,615	23,790	110,183	
Education service	521	1,692	1,513	
Health and social services	17,386	3,328	7,453	
Other	1,165,331	352,496	447,500	
Total	8,834,715	1,370,339	1,683,891	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Represents the distribution of cash loans.

## 13. Information related to value adjustments and credit provisions

Current period	Opening balance	Provisions made within the term	made within Provision		Closing balance
Stage 3 provision	1,145,263	356,868	(540,139)	-	961,992
Stage 1 and stage 2 provisions (**)	759,695	1,248,997	(1,162,062)	-	846,630

		Provisions		Other	
	Opening	made within	Provision	adjustments	Closing
Prior period	balance	the term	cancellations	(*)	balance
Stage 3 provision	1,300,374	310,691	(465,802)	-	1,145,263
Stage 1 and stage 2 provisions (**)	572,359	586,629	(399,293)	-	759,695

<sup>(\*)</sup> Determined according to currency differences, merges, acquisitions and selling of subsidiaries.

## 14. Exposures subject to countercyclical capital buffer

Country name	RWA calculations for private sector loans in banking book	RWA calculations for trading book	Total
Turkey	68,293,978	1,018,760	69,312,738
United Kingdom	72,952	2,107,995	2,180,947
Azerbaijan	-	-	-
France	21,829	198,269	220,098
USA	104,110	215,354	319,464
Ireland	753,950	· -	753,950
Holland	131,873	144,974	276,847
Greece	25,673	· -	25,673
Germany	63,865	90	63,955
Romania	5	-	5
Other	306,525	-	306,525
Total	69,774,760	3,685,442	73,460,202

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Includes provisions accounted under equity for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## III. Explanations on unconsolidated currency risk

Management of foreign currency risk is differentiated on the basis of ("banking book") and ("trading book"), where trading book is managed in accordance with foreign currency trading position limits as well as value at risk ("VaR") and banking book is also managed in terms of foreign currency position limits scope. The results of limit utilizations are shared periodically with related senior management, Asset Liability Committee, Risk Committee and the Board of Directors. Besides, currency risk is also taken into account in the capital adequacy ratio calculation as part of the market risk under the standard method.

The simple arithmetic average of USD and EUR buying rates of the Bank for the thirty days before the balance sheet date are 29.1181 (Full TL) and 31.8012 (Full TL) respectively.

The Bank's USD and EUR buying rates as of balance sheet date and five business days prior to this date are as follows:

	1 USD	1 EUR
The Bank's "foreign exchange buying rates" (31 December 2023)	29.5503	32.6531
Previous days;		
29 December 2023	29.5503	32.6531
28 December 2023	29.4674	32.7501
27 December 2023	29.4025	32.5339
26 December 2023	29.2156	32.2044
25 December 2023	29.2156	32.2044

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## III. Explanations on unconsolidated currency risk (continued)

### Information related to currency risk:

	EURO	USD	Other FC	Total
Current period				
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit, checks				
purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	4,662,416	12,443,151	2,242,296	19,347,863
Banks	724,588	556,255	123,549	1,404,392
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	370,932	231,685	123,343	602,617
	370,932	231,000	-	002,017
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive	4 000			4 000
income	1,863	-	-	1,863
Loans	15,477,465	10,482,499	2,968	25,962,932
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business				
partnerships)	1,234,526	334	-	1,234,860
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	=	-	-	-
Hedging derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets	_	_	_	_
Other assets (*)	(169,604)	(163,797)	1,647	(331,754)
Other assets ( )	(100,004)	(100,707)	1,047	(551,754)
Total assets	22,302,186	23,550,127	2,370,460	48,222,773
Liabilities				
Bank deposit	17	38,436	10,691	49,144
Foreign currency deposits	10,447,957	13,905,783	6,821,412	31,175,152
		13,903,763	0,021,412	, ,
Funds from interbank money market	167,636	0.405.044	-	167,636
Borrowings	11,231,304	2,495,044	-	13,726,348
Marketable securities issued			-	
Miscellaneous payables	549,250	119,375	11	668,636
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	-	_	-	-
Other liabilities	669,750	471,613	85,632	1,226,995
Total liabilities	23,065,914	17,030,251	6,917,746	47,013,911
Net on balance sheet position	(763,728)	6,519,876	(4,547,286)	1,208,862
Net off-balance sheet position	1,819,380	(7,027,665)	4,556,152	(652,133)
Financial derivative assets	31,936,736	49,717,672	9,062,739	90,717,147
Financial derivative assets  Financial derivative liabilities	30,117,356	56,745,337	4,506,587	91,369,280
Non-cash loans	11,087,483	5,877,431	30,024	16,994,938
Prior period				
Total assets	21,814,353	17,104,348	1,158,733	40,077,434
Total liabilities	15,138,687	19,595,795	5,629,681	40,364,163
Net on-balance sheet position	6,675,666	(2,491,447)	(4,470,948)	(286,729)
Net off-balance sheet position	(5,923,483)	2,674,678	4,479,392	1,230,587
Financial derivative assets	10,276,205	27,408,137	7,153,891	44,838,233
Financial derivative assets Financial derivative liabilities		24,733,459	2,674,499	43,607,646
	16,199,688			
Non-cash loans	6,608,471	4,223,934	335,381	11,167,786

 $<sup>({}^\</sup>star)\ \text{Includes TFRS 9 provisions classified as Foreign Currency Expected Credit Losses as of the current period.}$ 

In the foreign currency risk table:

There is no foreign currency indexed loans (31 December 2022: TL 6,456).

The foreign currency amounts which are not included in currency risk table according to the regulation about foreign currency net general position/capital adequacy standard ratio are explained below with the order in the table above.

Held-for-trading derivative financial assets: TL 807,694 (31 December 2022: TL 526,097). Held-for trading derivative financial liabilities: TL 574,853 (31 December 2022: TL 288,769). Interest rate swap-buy transactions and options-buy: TL 13,272,229 (31 December 2022: TL 11,602,187). Interest rate swap-sell transactions and options-sell: TL 13,272,229 (31 December 2022: TL 11,602,187).

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### III. Explanations on unconsolidated currency risk (continued)

Financial derivative assets/liabilities include the foreign currency buy/sell transactions indicated below.

Forward foreign currency-buy transactions: TL 6,814,751 (31 December 2022: TL 942,450). Forward foreign currency-sell transactions: TL 5,866,292 (31 December 2022: TL 942,072).

#### Sensitivity to currency risk

Table below shows the sensitivity of the Bank to a 10% change in USD and EUR rates.

	Percentage change in exchange rates	Effect on profit / loss before tax			Effect on equity (*)
		31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
USD	10% increase	(50,779)	18,323	-	-
USD	10% decrease	50,779	(18,323)	-	-
EUR	10% increase	105,565	75,218	-	-
EUR	10% decrease	(105,565)	(75,218)	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Represents effect on equity excluding profit/loss before tax.

#### IV. Explanations on unconsolidated interest rate risk

Interest risk, which refers to the loss due to interest sensitive assets and liabilities in balance sheet and off balance sheet items that might be subject to the changes in the interest rate as a result of maturity/repricing mismatch, is differentiated and managed on the basis of banking book and trading book as part of compliance with both Basel regulations and other international standards. Within this context, in addition to the value at ("VaR") risk limit for trading book, sensitivity limits against interest rate shocks are defined for trading books and banking books. Capital requirement that relates to market risk is calculated through the "Standard Method" according to Basel II.

In order to hedge interest rate risk, hedging strategies are applied through off-balance sheet transactions within the limits approved by the Board of Directors, and interest rate risk is managed by ensuring discreetly between fixed and floating rate assets and liabilities within the balance sheet.

The limit utilizations and sensitivity analysis related to the interest rate risk on the balance sheet are performed regularly and the results are shared with the related senior management, Asset Liability Committee, Risk Committee and the Board of Directors periodically. Internal analysis for the interest rate risk in the banking books are made on a daily and monthly basis, whereas interest rate risk in the banking books standard ratio is reported to BRSA on a monthly basis.

### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## IV. Explanations on unconsolidated interest rate risk (continued)

# 1. Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on re-pricing dates)

Current period	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	5 years and over	Non-interest bearing	Total
•				, , , , , , ,		Journey	
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money							
in transit, checks-purchased) and balances with						00.057.070	00 057 070
the Central Bank of Turkey	4 005 000	-	-	-	-	26,957,378	26,957,378
Banks	1,085,900	4 004 007	450.400	400 407	047.040	319,474	1,405,374
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	409,358	1,031,027	456,166	136,437	217,043	311	2,250,342
Money market placements	8,508,257	-	-	-	-	-	8,508,257
Financial assets measured at fair value through other	4 700 400	07.047	44000	4 070 054		00.000	0.055.000
comprehensive income	1,769,402	27,947	14,098	1,976,954		66,629	3,855,030
Loans	28,873,853	11,132,822	23,412,483	9,165,324	2,263,797	998,798	75,847,077
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	8,896,793	-	14,896	540,030	506,392	12,489	9,970,600
Other assets (*)	-	-	-	-	-	11,726,187	11,726,187
Total assets	49,543,563	12,191,796	23,897,643	11,818,745	2,987,232	40,081,266	140,520,245
Liabilities							
Bank deposits	3,665,528	-	-	-	-	13,721	3,679,249
Other deposits	51,095,808	12,080,739	7,255,675	3,022	-	26,233,883	96,669,127
Money market borrowings	16,143	-	-	-	167,635	-	183,778
Miscellaneous payables	357,221	-	-	-	-	1,210,167	1,567,388
Securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds obtained from other financial institutions	11,025,852	1,229,781	1,480,031	-	-	-	13,735,664
Other liabilities (**)	571,504	1,513,819	346,408	442	-	22,252,866	24,685,039
Total liabilities	66,732,056	14,824,339	9,082,114	3,464	167,635	49,710,637	140,520,245
	•	•					
Balance sheet long position			14,815,529	11,815,281	2,819,597	<del>.</del>	29,450,407
Balance sheet short position	(17,188,493)	(2,632,543)	<del>.</del>	<del>.</del>	<del>-</del>	(9,629,371)	(29,450,407)
Off-balance sheet long position	-	-	12,395,872	5,636,649	475,000	-	18,507,521
Off-balance sheet short position	(2,900,066)	(15,065,270)	-	-	-	-	(17,965,336)
Total position	(20,088,559)	(17,697,813)	27,211,401	17,451,930	3,294,597	(9,629,371)	542,185

<sup>(\*)</sup> Non-interest bearing column in other assets line consists of tangible assets, intangible assets, assets held for sale, associates and subsidiaries, expected credit losses, investment property and other assets.

# Prior year's information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on re-pricing dates)

	Up to 1				5 years	Non-interest	
Prior period	month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	and over	bearing	Tota
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit, checks purchased) and balances with the							
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	15,092,920	15,092,92
Due from other banks and financial institutions	1,783,079	-	-	-	-	557,471	2,340,55
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	541,291	1,207,045	585,425	128,962	32,657	210	2,495,59
Money market placements	2,456,991	40,000	-	_	-	-	2,496,99
Available-for-sale financial assets	518,386	827,440	1,119,979	1,900,474	-	65,905	4,432,18
Loans and receivables	14,091,921	11,766,959	23,168,458	11,427,045	693,631	1,397,157	62,545,17
Held-to-maturity investments	286,333	2,035,831	1,441,660	3,415,134	· -	· · · -	7,178,95
Other assets (*)		-	-	-	-	2,271,078	2,271,07
Total assets	19,678,001	15,877,275	26,315,522	16,871,615	726,288	19,384,741	98,853,44
Liabilities							
Bank deposits	746,689	-	-	-	-	5,162	751,85
Other deposits	39,287,172	9,277,308	2,798,666	23,206	-	15,154,985	66,541,33
Money market borrowings	3,066,062	-	301,570	-	-	-	3,367,63
Miscellaneous payables	283,987	-	-	-	-	1,161,872	1,445,85
Securities issued	-	-	394,172	-	-	-	394,17
Funds obtained from other financial institutions	2,537,809	5,453,263	933,315	17,211	-	-	8,941,59
Other liabilities (**)	837,641	836,281	73,995	470	-	15,662,606	17,410,99
Total liabilities	46,759,360	15,566,852	4,501,718	40,887	-	31,984,625	98,853,44
Balance sheet long position		210 422	21,813,804	16,830,728	726 200	<u></u>	20 691 24
Balance sheet short position	(27,081,359)	310,423	21,013,804	10,030,728	726,288	(12,599,884)	39,681,24 (39,681,243
	(21,001,359)	-	-	4 4 4 0 7 5 0	-	(12,099,884)	
Off-balance sheet long position	(00 220)	(2.760.906)	(704.407)	4,148,759	(120,000)	-	4,148,75
Off-balance sheet short position	(88,228)	(2,769,896)	(794,497)	-	(130,000)	-	(3,782,621
Total position	(27,169,587)	(2,459,473)	21,019,307	20,979,487	596,288	(12,599,884)	366,13

 <sup>(\*)</sup> Non-interest bearing column in other assets line consists of tangible assets, intangible assets, assets held for sale, associates and subsidiaries expected credit losses, investment property, current tax asset and other assets.
 (\*\*) Non-interest bearing column in other liabilities line consists of other liabilities except than miscellaneous payables, provisions, current tax liability

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Non-interest bearing column in other liabilities line consists of other liabilities except than miscellaneous payables, provisions, current tax liability, deferred tax liability and equity.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Non-interest bearing column in other liabilities line consists of other liabilities except than miscellaneous payables, provisions, current tax liability and equity.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## IV. Explanations on unconsolidated interest rate risk (continued)

## 2. Current period average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments

Current period	EUR (%)	USD (%)	Yen (%)	TL (%)
Accepta				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit, checks purchased)				
and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Banks	3.55	4.04	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	2.94	6.41	-	11.22
Money market placements	-	-	-	43.56
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	_	_	18.59
Loans	6.78	10.31	_	36.13
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	-	-	31.24
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	_	4.50	_	33.82
Other deposits	0.10	0.17	-	28.63
Money market borrowings	_	-	-	27.30
Miscellaneous payables	_	_	_	
Securities issued	_	_	_	_
Funds obtained from other financial institutions	7.34	9.42	-	20.50

## Prior period average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments

	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
Prior period	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Assets				
Cash (Cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit, checks purchased)				
and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Banks	1.78	4.09	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	1.88	6.33	-	8.35
Money market placements	-	-	-	13.31
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	10.33
Loans	5.28	8.10	-	20.93
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	=	-	11.88
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	-	-	-	11.79
Other deposits	0.24	0.62	_	14.62
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	8.99
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	_	-
Securities issued	-	-	-	25.71
Funds obtained from other financial institutions	3.75	5.38	-	15.44

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## V. Explanations on equity securities position risk derived from unconsolidated banking books

### 1. Explanations on accounting policies for equity investments in subsidiaries and associates

Accounting policies for equity investments in subsidiaries and associates are disclosed in section III disclosure III.

## 2. Comparison of carrying value, fair value and market value of equity investments

Current period	Carrying value	Fair value (*)	Market value
Quoted	-	-	-
Equity investments	-	-	-
Not quoted	66,629	34,144	34,144
Equity investments	66,629	34,144	34,144
Financials subsidiaries	2,182,061	-	-
Financials subsidiaries	2,182,061	-	-
Prior period	Carrying value	Fair value (*)	Market value
Quoted	-	-	-
Equity investments	-	-	-
Not quoted	65,905	34,144	34,144
Equity investments	65,905	34,144	34,144
Financials subsidiaries	1,171,862	-	-
Financials subsidiaries	1,171,862	_	_

<sup>(\*)</sup> Only equity investments having market value are presented under "Fair value" column.

# 3. Information on realized gains or losses on revaluation of securities, revaluation surplus and unrealized gains or losses and their included amounts in core and additional capital

	Realized	Re	evaluation increases		Unrea	alized gains/ losses
Current period	gains/losses during the period	Total	Including into the additional capital	Total	Including into the core capital	Including into the additional capital
Private equity investments	-	-	-	=	-	-
Shares traded on a stock						
exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other stocks	-	24,452	-	23,443	23,443	-
Total	-	24,452	-	23,443	23,443	-
	Realized	Re	evaluation increases		Unrea	alized gains/ losses
	gains/losses		Including into the		Including into	Including into the
	during the		supplementary		the core	supplementary
Prior period	period	Total	capital	Total	capital	capital
Private equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-

24.452

## 4. Capital requirement as per equity shares

Shares traded on a stock

exchange Other stocks

Total

Current period	Carrying value	Total RWA	Minimum capital requirement (*)
Private equity investments	-	-	-
Shares traded on a stock exchange	-	-	-
Other equity shares	2,248,690	2,248,690	179,895
Prior period	Carrying value	Total RWA	Minimum capital requirement (*)
Private equity investments	-	-	-
Shares traded on a stock exchange	-	-	-
Other equity shares	1,237,767	1,237,767	99.021

23,443

23,443

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount is calculated by using standard method within the scope of the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks".

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- VI. Explanations on unconsolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio
  - 1. Information on matters related to liquidity risk
  - a. Information on liquidity risk management, such as risk capacity, responsibilities and the structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application

A policy ("Market Risk Management Policy") was established which includes actions to be taken and practices that might be applied in business as usual and stressed conditions for liquidity risk management and responsibilities of the senior management. This policy has been approved by the Asset Liability Committee and by the Board of Directors. Within the scope of this policy, the liquidity risk is managed by Asset Liability Committee where senior representatives of businesses are members of the Committee.

In accordance with the policy, a liquidity buffer that can supply adequate liquidity level under any economic circumstances and which is unpledged, has been defined. In addition, the Contingency Capital and Funding Plan ("CCFP") to be implemented in times of stress is currently in force. Besides, liquidity risk appetite (that is approved by Asset Liability Committee and Board of Directors) has been established in order to enable monitoring and managing the risk quantitatively. The relevant parameters are analyzed regularly and reported to the members of Asset Liability Committee and Board of Directors.

Furthermore, the Bank's liquidity buffer is evaluated under different stress scenarios with the comprehensive liquidity stress test approach established in accordance with ING Group's common policies on market risk and global regulations (Internal Liquidity Adequacy Assessment Process / ILAAP-Internal Liquidity Adequacy Assessment Process). In addition, there is also the Risk Control Self- Assessment process still within scope of ILAAP, comprehensive assessments are performed related to liquidity risk, and after the relevant risks are identified, and their potential financial impact on the Bank's operations and the impact on risk metrics is assessed periodically.

To ensure proactive management of funding liquidity risk, risk thresholds specified on the deposit flows are monitored. The CCFP monitoring metrics are not limited to this scope but also include other liquidity risk indicators. The CCFP monitoring metrics can trigger decision-making conditions on whether the Bank will implement the CCFP in order to anticipate the potential development in liquidity stressed conditions.

b. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Bank and the Bank's subsidiaries

The liquidity risk of the Bank is managed by the Asset Liability Management. Furthermore, subsidiaries manage their own liquidity risk by themselves. In order to make a central funding strategy, a funding plan including subsidiaries is established every year. In addition, information about the implementation and realization of the funding plan is shared with the Asset Liability Committee. According to the limits that are approved by the Board of Directors, liquidity gap and surplus are monitored and actions are taken in accordance with the price, interest rate and maturity structure.

c. Information on the Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities

As for the funding diversification; short, medium and long term targets are determined in parallel to business line planning as part of the budgeting process in the Bank. Besides, the Bank's funding capacity is monitored regularly, and shared with Asset Liability Committee and Board of Directors. In this way, the factors which may affect the ability to create additional funding and the validity of the estimated funding capacity can be monitored closely by senior management.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VI. Explanations on unconsolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)

## c. Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Bank's total liabilities

Almost all of the Bank's liabilities are in TL, USD or EUR, and TL funds consist of mainly equity and deposits. The Bank's liquidity in TL is managed via repo / reverse repo transactions with / in CBRT/BIST using high quality securities owned by the Bank. While the main purpose is using liabilities in TL to fund TL assets, the necessary FX swap transactions and FC funds are used in creating assets in TL within the limits that is approved by the Board of Directors. Foreign currency funds are obtained through FC deposit and foreign based FC borrowings including syndications. Liquidity shortage/surplus are calculated on a daily basis by Asset Liability Management and these figures are reported to the related Asset Liability Committee members. Besides, the Total and FC liquidity coverage ratio is calculated on a daily basis, and shared with all related units and senior management, and reported separately to Asset Liability Committee and Board of Directors. The Bank has TL/FC borrowing limits ready to use in CBRT and other banks.

### d. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques

The first measure towards the mitigation of the liquidity risk as part of the budget process is planning the reduction of maturity mismatch and funding diversity. Within this context, syndication, other foreign funding, parent funding and other domestic funding facilities are used. In addition to this, active swap markets are used to provide liquidity in a particular currency. In addition to all these, Contingency Capital and Funding Plan monitoring indicators are continuously monitored and reported regularly to Asset Liability Committee and Board of Directors. With these indicators, intervals indicating the actions to be taken according to the triggering levels and measurement methods such as actual deposit inflows and outflows, stress test, liquidity buffer level, regulatory and structural liquidity ratios and so on are defined and these intervals support the decision making process. Moreover, a set of mitigating actions was set in the Contingency Capital and Funding Plan to bring the Bank's liquidity buffer back to reasonable levels during the crisis period. The important factors that will support the decision making mechanism, including the feasibility of these actions depending on the financial impact and stress scenarios, execution time of the actions are also explained.

#### e. Information on the use of stress tests

The Bank has a written liquidity stress testing procedure which includes the implementation of stress testing and responsibilities that is approved by Asset Liability Committee. To ensure that the existing positions remain within risk tolerance, the Market Risk Management Directorate plans, designs, manages the stress tests, reports the results to Asset Liability Committee and Board of Directors on a regularly basis and reviews the stress tests annually. Stress test scenarios of the Bank consider Bank specific, market-wide and combined scenario, and reflect short term or long term consequences, are used in stress testing where the scenario and parameters are reviewed annually with the participation of the Asset and Liability Management and related business lines. On the other hand, results of stress testing are used as the leading indicator within the process of activating the Contingency Capital and Funding Plan.

#### f. Overview on contingency funding plan

The Bank has established the Contingency Capital and Funding Plan that was approved by Asset Liability Committee and Board of Directors, which includes the policies, methods and responsibilities of senior management and business lines that can be applied in stressed situations or in liquidity shortages. In addition, as an early warning of liquidity shortage or an unexpected situation, contingency capital and funding plan monitoring indicators are monitored and presented to the ALCO members monthly and to the Board of Directors (per meeting) by the Market Risk Management Directorate. The effective internal and external communication channels and a Liquidity Contingency Team are defined in order to ensure the liquidity contingency management and implement various elements of the plan/realistic actions of the plan. Monitoring metrics of the Contingency Capital and Funding Plan are reviewed annually in terms of changes in market and stress conditions.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VI. Explanations on unconsolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)

### 2. Liquidity coverage ratio

In accordance with BRSA's "Regulation on Banks' Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation", promulgated in the Official Gazette, no. 28948, dated 21 March 2014, the Bank calculates and shares the Liquidity Coverage Ratio to BRSA on a weekly basis. Liquidity Coverage Ratio is above the values stated in the regulation.

Weeks and values of the lowest and highest FC and total liquidity coverage ratio calculated over the last three months are presented in the below table.

	Minimum	Date	Maximum	Date
TL+FC	181.82%	29 December 2023	377.31%	27 October 2023
FC	150.61%	6 October 2023	566.53%	17 November 2023

## Liquidity coverage ratio

	Tot	al unweighted	To	otal weighted
Current period	TL+FC	value (*) FC	TL+FC	value (*) FC
High quality liquid assets				
High quality liquid assets			43,233,643	16,465,919
Cash Outflows				
Real person and retail deposits	78,632,090	23,369,005	6,969,268	2,333,260
Stable deposits	17,878,811	72,804	893,940	3,640
Less stable deposits	60,753,279	23,296,201	6,075,328	2,329,620
Unsecured funding other than real person and retail				
deposits	28,772,047	11,257,788	16,876,018	6,328,074
Operational deposits	184,715	359	43,682	90
Non-operational deposits	24,690,500	9,349,402	13,017,807	4,425,222
Other unsecured debt	3,896,832	1,908,027	3,814,529	1,902,762
Secured funding			-	-
Other cash outflows	31,360,681	15,354,327	15,913,945	7,085,953
Derivative exposures and collateral completion				
liabilities	12,908,623	4,734,860	12,908,623	4,734,861
Payables due to structured financial instruments	-	-	-	-
Payment commitments and other off-balance				
sheet commitments granted for debts to financial				
markets	18,452,058	10,619,467	3,005,322	2,351,092
Other contractual funding obligations	-	-	-	-
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off				
balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total cash outflows			39,759,231	15,747,287
Cash inflows				
Secured lending	9,809,185	_	_	_
Unsecured lending	14,172,208	1,866,687	10,833,267	1,335,493
Other cash inflows	12,672,601	8,646,637	12,122,753	8,595,311
Total cash inflows	36,653,994	10,513,324	22,956,020	9,930,804
Total dadii lillidiid	00,000,001	10,010,021		otal adjusted
				value
Total high quality liquid assets stock			43,233,643	16,465,919
Total net cash outflows			17,002,348	6,561,710
Liquidity coverage ratio (%)			264.83	315.08

<sup>(\*)</sup> Simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio by using the amounts calculated based on weekly simple arithmetic averages.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VI. Explanations on unconsolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)

	Tot	al unweighted value (*)	Total weighted value (*)		
Prior period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
High quality liquid assets					
High quality liquid assets			21,893,962	14,793,914	
Cash Outflows					
Real person and retail deposits	54,269,980	25,670,400	4,840,871	2,565,245	
Stable deposits	11,722,532	35,895	586,127	1,795	
Less stable deposits	42,547,448	25,634,505	4,254,744	2,563,450	
Unsecured funding other than real person and retail					
deposits	17,905,248	8,643,538	10,281,320	4,555,487	
Operational deposits	83,437	328	19,380	81	
Non-operational deposits	15,371,723	7,557,955	7,884,534	3,474,106	
Other unsecured debt	2,450,088	1,085,255	2,377,406	1,081,300	
Secured funding			-	-	
Other cash outflows	31,053,787	14,125,806	20,491,789	8,775,946	
Derivative exposures and collateral completion	- ,,	, -,	-, - ,	-, -,-	
liabilities	18,604,156	7,363,003	18,604,156	7,363,003	
Payables due to structured financial instruments	-	-	-	-	
Payment commitments and other off-balance					
sheet commitments granted for debts to financial					
markets	12,449,631	6,762,803	1,887,633	1,412,943	
Other contractual funding obligations	-	-	-	-,,	
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off					
balance sheet liabilities	_	_	_	_	
Total cash outflows			35,613,980	15,896,678	
			,,		
Cash inflows					
Secured lending	438,533	-	-	-	
Unsecured lending	9,131,702	3,112,915	6,309,591	2,226,600	
Other cash inflows	18,577,777	11,392,563	18,077,998	11,371,133	
Total cash inflows	28,148,012	14,505,478	24,387,589	13,597,733	
	, ,	, ,		otal adjusted	
				value	
Total high quality liquid assets stock			21,893,962	14,793,914	
Total net cash outflows			11,227,720	4,024,831	
Liquidity coverage ratio (%)			197.32	368.24	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio by using the amounts calculated based on weekly simple arithmetic averages.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VI. Explanations on unconsolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)

#### 3. Other explanations on unconsolidated liquidity coverage ratio

Short term liquidity is managed within the regulatory limits in the Bank, the liquid assets are managed by using "Liquidity Coverage Ratio" calculations to monitor the minimum liquidity limits and keep sufficient stock of high quality liquid assets to meet the net cash outflows. Liquidity coverage ratio is calculated as per the Regulation on Banks' Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation. The ratio is affected from Bank's unpledged high quality liquid asset value that can be converted to cash any time and the possible cash inflows and outflows arising from assets, liability and off balance sheet items of the Bank.

The Bank evaluates cash equivalents, time and demand deposit accounts held in Central Bank of Turkey ("CBRT"), reserve requirements and the unencumbered securities issued by the Treasury as high quality liquid assets.

The primary sources to meet the liquidity needs of the Bank are funds from interbank money market or repurchasing agreements or direct sales of the HTC&S portfolio. Besides the borrowing from the parent company in the medium and long term, in order to manage concentration risk with respect to funding resources, the Bank aims to reduce maturity mismatch and mitigate the liquidity risk by taking actions aiming to increase diversification in funding resources. A strategy in targeting small ticket size on the deposits is implemented as another element of the strategy to mitigate the concentration risk.

Although the Bank's wide range and small ticket size deposit structure including Orange Account represents a short term funding source parallel to the sector it renews itself at the maturity date and remains in the Bank for a longer period compared to its original maturity.

Details of the Bank's foreign currency balance sheet as of 31 December 2023 are summarized as follows:

Foreign currency deposits constitute the majority of the foreign currency liabilities. 29% of the Bank's foreign currency liabilities consist of funds obtained from other financial institutions and 66% is composed of deposits. Cash and cash equivalents comprise 42% and loans comprise 53% of the foreign currency assets. The bank placements have the shortest maturity within the assets denominated in foreign currency.

Details of the Bank's Turkish Lira balance sheet as of 31 December 2023 are summarized as follows:

The majority of Turkish Lira balance sheet's liability consists of deposits. 74% of the Bank's total Turkish Lira liabilities consists of deposits. However, in case of necessity, the Bank has borrowing facilities both in domestic & foreign banks and Takasbank & BIST repo market. 53% of the assets in Turkish Lira balance sheet are net loans and 15% are marketable securities.

The cash flows from derivative financial instruments are included in LCR calculations according to the terms of regulation. The Bank also considers changes in fair value of the liabilities that result in margin calls when calculating cash outflows.

### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VI. Explanations on unconsolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)

### 4. Breakdown of assets and liabilities according to their outstanding maturities

Current period	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	5 years and over	Unallocated	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in								
transit, checks purchased) and balances with the Central								
Bank of Turkey	17,718,672	9,238,706	-	-	-	-	-	26,957,378
Banks	1,405,374	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,405,374
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	_	292.659	670.021	737,605	332,703	217,043	311	2.250.342
Money market placements	-	8,508,257	-	-	-	-	-	8,508,257
Financial assets measured at fair value through other		-,,						-,,
comprehensive income	-	199,050	2,508	84,293	3,502,550	-	66,629	3,855,030
Loans	25,227	17.480.124	12,598,867	31.701.498	10,803,993	2,263,797	973,571	75.847.077
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	775,129		556,157	8,132,922	506,392	-	9,970,600
Other assets (*)	-	· -	-	-	-	· -	11,726,187	11,726,187
Total assets	19,149,273	36,493,925	13,271,396	33,079,553	22,772,168	2,987,232	12,766,698	140,520,245
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	13.721	3,665,528	_	_	_	_	_	3.679.249
Other deposits	26,282,698	51,046,993	12.080.739	7.255.675	3,022	_	_	96.669.127
Borrowings	20,202,030	214,935	1,229,781	12,290,948	3,022	_	_	13,735,664
Funds from interbank money market	_	16,142	1,220,701	12,200,040	_	167,636	_	183,778
Securities issued	_	.0,2	_	_	_	-	_	.00,
Miscellaneous payables	1,210,167	_	_	_	_	_	357,221	1,567,388
Other liabilities (**)	-,2.0,.07	448,661	349,740	1,024,747	550,874	58,151	22,252,866	24,685,039
Total liabilities	27,506,586	55,392,259	13,660,260	20,571,370	553,896	225,787	22,610,087	140,520,245
Total liabilities	27,506,586	55,392,259	13,000,200	20,571,370	333,696	223,767	22,610,067	140,520,245
Liquidity (deficit)/surplus	(8,357,313)	(18,898,334)	(388,864)	12,508,183	22,218,272	2,761,445	(9,843,389)	-
Net Off Balance Sheet Position	-	125,843	(380,904)	1,019,203	(226,761)		-	537,381
Derivative financial assets	-	48,334,826	59,950,445	51,643,224	11,359,903	475,000	-	171,763,398
Derivative financial liabilities	-	48,208,983	60,331,349	50,624,021	11,586,664	475,000	-	171,226,017
Non-cash loans	60,251	996,445	3,790,013	7,131,769	7,523,097	1,098,124	-	20,599,699
Prior period								
Total assets	10,127,954	22,723,007	12,116,647	26,620,233	22,764,865	793,204	3,707,532	98,853,442
Total liabilities	16,349,531	44,041,039	9,487,453	12,232,948	795,878	-	15,946,593	98,853,442
Liquidity (deficit)/surplus	(6,221,577)	(21,318,032)	2,629,194	14,387,285	21,968,987	793,204	(12,239,061)	
	·						·	
Net Off Balance Sheet Position	-	(381,775)	411,411	714,637	(386,006)		-	358,267
Derivative financial assets	-	29,079,703	22,569,171	18,458,777	9,868,749	130,000	-	80,106,400
Derivative financial liabilities		29,461,478	22,157,760	17,744,140	10,254,755	130,000	-	79,748,133
Non-cash loans	132,927	556,279	1,967,138	4,154,765	5,458,237	1,093,245	-	13,362,591

<sup>(\*)</sup> Unallocated column in other assets mainly consists of other assets that are necessary for banking activities and that cannot be liquidated in the short term as tangible assets, intangible assets, assets held for sale, associates and subsidiaries, expected credit losses, investment property and other assets.

## 5. Breakdown of liabilities according to their remaining contractual maturities

The Bank's remaining maturities of the contractual liabilities excluding derivative transactions are presented below. Interests on liabilities are included in the distribution. The "Adjustments" column presents probable cash flow on later periods. These amounts are included into the maturity analysis, but not included into the carrying value of liabilities in the balance sheet.

		Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	5 years			Balance
Current period	Demand	month	months	months	years	and over	Total	Adjustments	sheet value
Liabilities									
Deposits	26,296,419	55,675,296	13,183,562	8,120,660	4,532	-	103,280,469	(2,932,093)	100,348,376
Funds borrowed from other								, , , , ,	
financial institutions	-	243,577	1,234,377	12,304,761	-	-	13,782,715	(47,051)	13,735,664
Funds from interbank money									
market	-	16,202	-	-	-	167,636	183,838	(60)	183,778
Securities issued	-	_	-	-	-	_	_		-

Prior period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and over	Total	Adjustments	Balance sheet value
Prior period	Demand	Wonth	Wonths	Wonths	rears	and over	Total	Adjustments	Sneet value
Liabilities									
Deposits	15,187,661	40,296,768	9,652,397	3,120,117	23,744	-	68,280,687	(987,499)	67,293,188
Funds borrowed from other								, , ,	
financial institutions	-	254,079	112,421	8,593,574	26,292	-	8,986,366	(44,768)	8,941,598
Funds from interbank money								, , ,	
market	-	3,071,384	-	301,570	-	-	3,372,954	(5,322)	3,367,632
Securities issued	-	-	-	428,030	-	-	428,030	(33,858)	394,172

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Unallocated column in other liabilities mainly consists of provisions, current tax liability, deferred tax liability, other liabilities except than miscellaneous payables and shareholders' equity.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VI. Explanations on unconsolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)

## 6. Breakdown of derivative instruments according to their remaining contractual maturities

	Up to 1	1 – 3	3 – 12	1 – 5	5 years	
Current period	month	months	months	Years	and over	Total
Derivative financial instruments held for hedging						
Transactions for fair value hedge (I)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buying transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Selling transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions for cash flow hedge (II)	4,103	15,705	112,967	315,790	-	448,565
Buying transactions	3,120	11,363	71,353	163,552	-	249,388
Selling transactions	983	4,342	41,614	152,238	-	199,177
Transactions for foreign net investment hedge (III)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buying transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Selling transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Total derivative financial instruments held for hedging						
(I+II+III)	4,103	15,705	112,967	315,790	-	448,565
Derivative transactions held for trading						
Trading transactions (I)	80,886,725	79,183,449	62,461,351	468,583	-	223,000,108
Forward foreign currency transactions – buy	8,741,792	10,925,136	17,501,370	42,831	-	37,211,129
Forward foreign currency transactions – sell	8,636,273	10,578,864	15,945,877	34,280	-	35,195,294
Swap transactions- buy	27,528,160	24,294,418	7,694,977	79,938	-	59,597,493
Swap transactions – sell	27,507,834	25,027,670	8,250,106	311,534	-	61,097,144
Foreign currency options – buy	4,239,076	4,201,434	6,517,317	-	-	14,957,827
Foreign currency options – sell	4,233,590	4,155,927	6,551,704	-	-	14,941,221
Foreign currency futures – buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency futures – sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate derivatives (II)	17,502,125	48,320,869	49,532,018	26,814,416	1,973,358	144,142,786
Interest rate swap - buy	8,703,114	24,157,664	24,782,239	13,289,869	857,276	71,790,162
Interest rate swap - sell	8,799,011	24,163,205	24,749,779	13,524,547	1,116,082	72,352,624
Interest rate options - buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate options - sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities options - buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities options - sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest futures - buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest futures - sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other trading derivative transactions (III)	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Total trading derivative transactions (I+II+III)	98,388,850	127,504,318	111,993,369	27,282,999	1,973,358	367,142,894
Derivative transaction total (A+B)	98,392,953	127,520,023	112,106,336	27,598,789	1,973,358	367,591,459

	Up to 1	1 – 3	3 – 12	1 – 5	5 years	
Prior period	month	months	months	Years	and over	Total
Derivative financial instruments held for hedging						
Transactions for fair value hedge (I)	-	-	-	-	-	
Buying transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Selling transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions for cash flow hedge (II)	4,592	23,129	336,744	378,380	70,108	812,953
Buying transactions	3,630	18,795	185,630	214,285	35,026	457,366
Selling transactions	962	4,334	151,114	164,095	35,082	355,587
Transactions for foreign net investment hedge (III)	-		· -	· -	· -	
Buying transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Selling transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Total derivative financial instruments held for hedging						
( +  +   )	4,592	23,129	336,744	378,380	70,108	812,953
Derivative transactions held for trading						
Trading transactions (I)	57,674,668	39,889,730	20,034,738	1,695,317	-	119,294,453
Forward foreign currency transactions – buy	6,326,176	4,283,379	4,147,130	233,352	-	14,990,037
Forward foreign currency transactions – sell	6,215,782	4,172,615	3,968,698	227,176	-	14,584,271
Swap transactions- buy	20,836,616	9,785,071	5,514,538	421,151	-	36,557,376
Swap transactions – sell	21,308,517	9,486,413	4,988,882	813,638	-	36,597,450
Foreign currency options – buy	1,476,564	6,138,660	726,435	-	-	8,341,659
Foreign currency options – sell	1,511,013	6,023,592	689,055	-	-	8,223,660
Foreign currency futures – buy	-	-	-	-	-	-,,
Foreign currency futures – sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate derivatives (II)	1,176,021	5,527,194	18,825,336	19,633,191	237,261	45,399,003
Interest rate swap - buy	585,867	2,794,623	9,400,013	9,829,549	116,533	22,726,585
Interest rate swap - sell	590,154	2,732,571	9,425,323	9,803,642	120,728	22,672,418
Interest rate options - buy	-	-	-	-	-	,- ,
Interest rate options - sell	-	_	_	-	-	
Securities options - buy	_	_	_	-	-	
Securities options - sell	_	_	_	_	-	
Interest futures - buy	_	_	_	_	_	
Interest futures - sell	_	_	_	_	-	
Other trading derivative transactions (III)	_	_	_	_	_	
B. Total derivative transactions held for trading (I+II+III)	58,850,689	45,416,924	38,860,074	21,328,508	237,261	164,693,456
Derivative transaction total (A+B)	58,855,281	45,440,053	39,196,818	21,706,888	307,369	165,506,409

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VII. Explanations on unconsolidated leverage ratio

Leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communique "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no.28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below. As of 31 December 2023, the Bank's leverage ratio is calculated by taking average of end of month leverage ratios for the last three months is 7.19% (31 December 2022: 10.29%). This ratio is above the minimum ratio of 3%. While the capital increased by 5% mainly as a result of increase in net profits, total risk amount increased by 51% compared to the prior period. Therefore, the current period leverage ratio decreased by 310 basis points compared to prior period.

## Information on unconsolidated leverage ratio

	Current period (*)	Prior period (*)
On-balance sheet items		
On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and credit derivatives		
including collateral)	143,770,399	101,219,749
Asset deducted from core capital	(542,235)	(140,813)
The total amount of risk on-balance sheet exposures	143,228,164	101,078,936
Derivative financial instruments and credit derivative exposures		
Replacement cost associated with derivative financial instruments and credit		
derivatives	1,968,855	2,092,038
The potential credit risk amount of derivative financial instruments and credit		
derivatives	5,530,927	2,520,858
The total risk amount of derivative financial instruments and credit		
derivatives	7,499,782	4,612,896
Securities or commodity guaranteed financing transactions	, ,	•
Risk amount of securities or commodity collateral financing transactions		
(excluding on balance sheet items)	285,995	71,339
Risk amount of exchange brokerage operations	-	-
The total risk amount of securities or commodity collateral financing		
transactions	285,995	71,339
Off-balance sheet items		
Gross notional amount for off-balance sheet items	41,938,749	22,275,103
Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	-	-
The total amount of risk for off-balance sheet items	41,938,749	22,275,103
Capital and total exposures		
Core capital	13,873,543	13,168,808
Total exposures	192,952,690	128,038,274
Leverage ratio		
Leverage ratio	7.19	10.29

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amounts in the table represents the average of last three months.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VIII. Explanations on presentation of financial assets and liabilities at their fair values

 In the current and the prior period, the fair values of financial assets and liabilities are calculated as stated below.

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortised cost (financial assets available for sale in the prior period) are determined based on market prices.

The fair value of the loans with fixed interest rates is determined by the discounted cash flows using the current market interest rates. For the loans with floating interest rates, the fair value is determined by discounted cash flows using the market interest rate, taking into account the repricing date of the loan.

The fair value of demand deposit represents the carrying value. The fair values of time deposits and funds are calculated by the discounted cash flows using the current market interest rates.

The fair value of funds borrowed from other financial institutions with fixed interest rates are determined by discounted cash flows using the current market interest rates. For funds with floating interest rates, it is determined by discounted cash flows using the market interest rate, taking into account the repricing date of the borrowing.

Carrying value of miscellaneous payables represents their fair value.

2. The following table summarizes the carrying values and fair values of financial assets and liabilities.

	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
	Current period	Current period	Prior period	Prior period
Financial assets	98,129,390	95,516,489	77,237,139	76,553,499
Money market placements	8,508,257	8,499,891	2,496,991	2,501,592
Due from banks	1,405,374	1,389,508	2,340,550	2,336,442
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	3,814,063	3,814,063	4,360,308	4,360,308
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	9,969,354	9,356,681	7,178,011	7,545,219
Loans	74,432,342	72,456,346	60,861,279	59,809,938
Financial liabilities	115,835,206	110,294,304	81,442,449	78,730,235
Bank deposits	3,679,249	3,674,379	751,851	751,701
Other deposits	96,669,127	90,972,728	66,541,337	63,661,511
Funds borrowed	13,735,664	13,897,375	8,941,598	9,090,851
Money market borrowings	183,778	182,434	3,367,632	3,366,779
Securities issued	-	-	394,172	413,534
Miscellaneous payables	1,567,388	1,567,388	1,445,859	1,445,859

- **3.** Hierarchy of valuation techniques which establishes basis for fair value calculation of financial assets and liabilities:
  - Level 1: Quoted market prices (non-adjusted) for identical assets or liabilities
  - Level 2: Directly (by way of prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) data for the assets or liabilities, other than quoted prices in the Level 1
  - Level 3: Data not based on observable data regarding assets or liabilities

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VIII. Explanations on presentation of financial assets and liabilities at their fair values (continued)

Fair value hierarchy of the financial assets and liabilities of the Bank carried at fair value in financial statements as of 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 is presented in the table below:

Current period	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Total assets	4,189,537	1,849,206	66,629	6,105,372
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	442,103	1,808,239	, <u>-</u>	2,250,342
Government debt securities	441,792	· · ·	-	441,792
Trading derivative financial assets	, <u>-</u>	1,808,239	-	1,808,239
Equity instruments	311	-	-	311
Other marketable securities	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	3,747,434	-	66,629	3,814,063
Equity instruments	· · ·	-	66,629	66,629
Government debt securities	3,747,434	-	, <u>-</u>	3,747,434
Hedging derivative financial assets	· · ·	40,967	-	40,967
Cash flow hedges	-	40,967	-	40,967
Total liabilities	_	2,219,863	-	2,219,863
Trading derivative financial liabilities	-	2,219,863	-	2,219,863
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
Cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-

Prior period	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Total assets	4,889,619	1,972,250	65,905	6,927,774
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	595,216	1,900,374	· -	2,495,590
Government debt securities	595,006	· · ·	-	595,006
Trading derivative financial assets	· -	1,900,374	-	1,900,374
Equity instruments	210	-	-	210
Other marketable securities	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	4,294,403	-	65,905	4,360,308
Equity instruments	· · ·	=	65,905	65,905
Government debt securities	4,294,403	-	, -	4,294,403
Hedging derivative financial assets	· · ·	71,876	-	71,876
Cash flow hedges	-	71,876	-	71,876
Total liabilities	_	1,564,278	-	1,564,278
Trading derivative financial liabilities	-	1,564,278	-	1,564,278
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	=	, , - -	-	-
Cash flow hedges	-	-	-	_

There are no transfers between the 1st and the 2nd levels as of 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022. The movement table of financial assets at Level 3 is presented below.

	Current period	Prior period
Balance at the end of the prior period	65,905	11,317
Purchases	-	30,622
Redemption / sale	-	-
Valuation difference	724	23,966
Transfers	-	-
Balance at the end of the current period	66,629	65,905

## IX. Explanations on the transactions carried out on behalf and account of other persons and fiduciary transactions

The Bank performs purchase, sale, custody, and fund management services on behalf of its customers, and information about these transactions are shown in the off-balance sheet statement.

The Bank has no trust transactions.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be announced to Public by Banks, promulgated in the Official Gazette, no. 29511, dated 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016. Due to usage of standard approach for credit risk in the calculation of capital adequacy by the Bank, tables required by Internal Rating Based approach ("IRB") are not presented.

### 1. General explanations on Bank's risk management and risk weighted assets

#### a. Bank's risk management approach

Bank's risk management strategy and activities have been formed under the responsibility of the Board of Directors. The risk management strategy applied in the Bank is based on three lines of defence model.

#### First Line of Defence

Business units are the first line of defence and primarily responsible for performance, operation, compliance and control of the risks affecting the business line.

#### **Second Line of Defence**

Risk Management, Financial Control and Asset Liability Management and Legal functions, which are the second line of defence, support the first line of defence in terms of implementation, training, advising, monitoring and reporting.

Risk Management is responsible for identifying, measuring, monitoring, controlling and reporting risks at corporate level. Bank's Risk Management consists of Financial Risk Management, Operational and Information Risk Management, Compliance departments and reports to the Risk Committee. Financial Risk Management includes Market Risk Management and Product Control, Credit Risk Control, Validation, Risk&Capital Integration and Reporting departments.

#### **Third Line of Defence**

Internal Audit Department is the third line of defence. Internal Audit Department carries out both risks based and general audits. In addition, Internal Audit Department is responsible for reviewing and ensuring the integrity of the whole governance structure including risk governance, and presence, effectiveness and implementation of policies and procedures.

According to this strategy, these lines of defence carry out their activities through certain decision making committees such as the Executive Committee, Asset Liability Committee, Credit Committee and Non-Financial Risk Committee. External auditors and relevant Regulators and Regulating Entities are considered as third line of defence.

Senior Management and Board of Directors are notified on the market risks monthly or on a more frequent basis; and this notification consists of balance sheet developments, market developments, assessment of the risks incurred despite the determined risk appetite and other risk developments. Furthermore, credit risk reports focusing on development of performing and non-performing loan portfolios, rating distribution of portfolios, transitions and trends of ratings, concentration risks, business units and product based risk parameters and risk appetite indicators are closely followed.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

In addition to measurement and assessment of the risks under normal market conditions, stress tests under the scope of ICAAP and also for internal purposes are performed to evaluate the possible risks under adverse market conditions. In this stress test, all kinds of financial risks that can be faced by the Bank are taken into account and evaluated under adverse and extremely adverse scenarios. Also reverse stress test is performed which defines the conditions that the Bank's regulatory limits is breached. The Bank prepares stress test reports within the context of ICAAP on a consolidated basis as per the guideline, numbered 6656, dated 14 January 2016 on the Stress Test to be Used in Banks' Capital and Liquidity Planning. The Stress Test provides a prospective perspective in possible adverse incidents or adverse situations.

It is aimed that all important risks are defined and relations between them are established in order to perform sensitivity analyses in the most effective manner throughout the Bank. Accordingly, the Bank performs the stress test together with all relevant units in a consolidated manner.

Detailed explanations on the Bank's risk appetite and credit risk can be found in section "Credit Risk", and detailed explanations on market risk can be found in section "Market Risk" while detailed explanations on operational risk can be found in section "Operational Risk".

#### b. Overview of risk weighted amounts

	We	Risk eighted amount	Minimum capital requirement
	Current period	Prior period	Current period
Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	70 620 225	E0 472 000	E CE4 0E0
(CCR)	70,638,235	58,473,029	5,651,059
Standardized approach (SA)	70,638,235	58,473,029	5,651,059
Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	400.005
Counterparty credit risk	6,211,690	3,804,175	496,935
Standardized approach for counterparty credit risk			
(SA-CCR)	6,211,690	3,804,175	496,935
Internal model method	-	-	-
Basic risk weight approach to internal models			
equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
Investments made in collective investment			
companies – look-through approach	-	-	-
Investments made in collective investment			
companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
Investments made in collective investment			
companies - 1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-
Settlement Risk	-	-	-
Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	-	-	-
SA/simplified supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
Market risk	2,219,863	1,501,363	177,589
Standardized approach (SA)	2,219,863	1,501,363	177,589
Internal model approaches (IMM)	, -,	-	-
Operational risk	8,639,158	7,208,321	691,133
Basic indicator approach	8,639,158	7,208,321	691,133
Standard approach	-	- ,	-
Advanced measurement approach	_	_	_
• •			
The amount of the discount threshold under			
the equity (subject to a 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
Floor adjustment	07 700 040	70.000.000	7.046.740
Total	87,708,946	70,986,888	7,016,716

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)
  - 2. Linkages between financial statements and risk amounts
  - a. Differences and linkage between scope of accounting consolidation and regulatory consolidation

Current period         Revaluanount accordan with TAS reported publish finance statemer           Assets         Cash and balances with Central Bank financial assets at fair value through profit and loss panks         26,957,3 shades           Banks         1,405,3 shades         1,405,3 shades           Money market placements         8,508,2 shades         1,405,3 shades           Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         3,814,0 shades         10,1 shades           Financial assets measured at amortised cost expected credit losses (-)         9,970,6 shades         10,1 shades           Loans (Net)         74,873,5 shades         10,1 shades         1,431,0 shades           Lease receivables         Factoring receivables         973,5 shades         1,415,9 shades         1,415,9 shades         1,415,9 shades         1,415,9 shades         1,415,9 shades         1,415,9 shades         1,043,9 shades	in ce as in	k credit risk 8 1,808,239 4 - 7 6,173,430 3 1 - 3	Securitization positions	Subject to market risk	Not subject to capital requirements or subject to deduction from capital
Assets	in ce as in	counterparty credit risk	positions	market risk	capital requirements or subject to deduction from capital
Assets	ce sas in ced all Subject to credit ris 26,957,37 24,334,82 33 3,814,06 9,970,60 75,130,11 74,873,50 - 1 973,57 716,96 - 2,182,06 65,39 696,39 696,39 696,39 696,39 696	counterparty credit risk	positions	market risk	capital requirements or subject to deduction from capital 10,197 (695,729) 3,289 699,018 692,145
Assets         with TAS reported publish finance           Assets         statemer           Cash and balances with Central Bank Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss         26,957,3 Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss           Banks         1,405,3 Money market placements         8,508,2 Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income           Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         3,814,0 Financial assets measured at amortised cost           Financial assets measured at amortised cost         9,970,6 Expected credit losses (-)           Loans (Net)         74,873,5 Financial asset receivables           Factoring receivables         973,5 Financial asset receivables           Non performing receivables         973,5 Financial asset (-)           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9 Financial assets (-)           Associates (net)         2,182,0 Financial assets (-)           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         2,182,0 Financial assets (-)           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9 Financial assets (-)           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9 Financial asset (-)           Intangible assets (net)         2,7           Intangible assets (net)         2,7           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset <td< th=""><th>Subject to credit ris 26,957,37 to 12 to 14 to 15 to 1</th><th>counterparty credit risk</th><th>positions</th><th>market risk</th><th>capital requirements or subject to deduction from capital 10,197 (695,729) 3,289 699,018 692,145</th></td<>	Subject to credit ris 26,957,37 to 12 to 14 to 15 to 1	counterparty credit risk	positions	market risk	capital requirements or subject to deduction from capital 10,197 (695,729) 3,289 699,018 692,145
Assets	in ded a Subject t credit ris 26,957,37 42 2,334,82 63 3,814,06 9,970,60 77 4,873,50 7	counterparty credit risk	positions	market risk	requirements or subject to deduction from capital 10,197 (695,729) 3,289 699,018
Assets	Subject t credit ris 78 26,957,37 42 1,405,37 57 2,334,82 63 3,814,06 9,970,60 75,130,11 74,873,50 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57	counterparty credit risk	positions	market risk	or subject to deduction from capital
Assets         finance statemer           Cash and balances with Central Bank         26,957,3           Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss         2,250,3           Banks         1,405,3           Money market placements         8,508,2           Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         3,814,0           Financial assets measured at amortised cost         9,970,6           Expected credit losses (-)         10,1           Loans (Net)         74,873,5           Lease receivables         74,873,5           Factoring receivables         973,5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9           Associates (net)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         2,182,0           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Other assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         100,348,3	al Subject to credit ris 26,957,37 42 43 44 41,405,37 57 42 53 43,814,06 9,970,60 75,130,11 74,873,50	counterparty credit risk	positions	market risk	deduction from capital
Assets         statement           Cash and balances with Central Bank         26,957,3           Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss         2,250,3           Banks         1,405,3           Money market placements         8,508,2           Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         3,814,0           Financial assets measured at amortised cost         9,970,6           Expected credit losses (-)         10,1           Loans (Net)         74,431,0           Loans (Net)         74,873,5           Lease receivables         973,5           Factoring receivables         973,5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9           Associates (net)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         2,182,0           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         100,348,3	ts credit ris 78 26,957,37 74 1,405,37 757 2,334,82 753 3,814,06 75,130,11 74,873,50 75,130,11 71,973,57 71,96,96 73,61 74,873,50 76,96 76,96 76,96 76,96 76,96 76,96	k credit risk  8	positions	market risk	capital
Cash and balances with Central Bank         26,957,3           Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss         2,250,3           Banks         1,405,3           Money market placements         8,508,2           Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         3,814,0           Financial assets measured at amortised cost         9,970,6           Expected credit losses (-)         10,1           Loans (Net)         74,431,0           Loans (Net)         74,873,5           Lease receivables         973,5           Factoring receivables         973,5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9           Associates (net)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         2,182,0           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Intangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Other assets         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         100,348	78 26,957,37  74 1,405,37  757 2,334,82  753 3,814,06  9,970,60  75,130,11  74,873,50  71 973,57  71 973,57  71 973,57  71 973,57  71 973,57  71 973,57  71 973,57	8		-	10,197 (695,729) 3,289 - - - 699,018
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss         2,250,3           Banks         1,405,3           Money market placements         8,508,2           Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         3,814,0           Financial assets measured at amortised cost         9,970,6           Expected credit losses (-)         10,1           Loans (Net)         74,431,0           Loans (Net)         74,873,5           Lease receivables         973,5           Factoring receivables         973,5           Non performing receivables         973,5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9           Associates (net)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         2,182,0           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Total assets         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         100,348,3	142 1,405,37 757 2,334,82 63 3,814,06 9,970,60 75,130,11 74,873,50 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 973,67 973,67	- 1,808,239 4	-	2,250,342	(695,729) 3,289 - - - 699,018 - - - - 62,145
Banks         1,405.3           Money market placements         8,508.2           Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         3,814.0           Financial assets measured at amortised cost         9,970.6           Expected credit losses (-)         10,1           Loans (Net)         74,873.5           Lease receivables         74,873.5           Factoring receivables         973.5           Non performing receivables         973.5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415.9           Associates (net)         2,182.0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         2,182.0           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         758.5           Intangible assets (net)         1,043.9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321.4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843.6           Total assets         6,843.6           Total assets         140,520.2           Liabilities         100,348,3	74 1,405,37 2,334,82 33 3,814,06 9,970,60 75,130,11 74,873,50 - 1 973,57 716,96 - 2,182,06 67 696,39 696,39	4 - 6,173,430 3 - 0 4 4 6	-	2,200,342 	(695,729) 3,289 
Money market placements         8,508,2           Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         3,814,0           Financial assets measured at amortised cost         9,970,6           Expected credit losses (-)         10,1           Loans (Net)         74,431,0           Loans erceivables         74,873,5           Factoring receivables         973,5           Non performing receivables         973,5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9           Associates (net)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         2,182,0           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Total assets         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         100,348,3	2,334,82 33,814,06 9,970,60 <b>75,130,11</b> 74,873,50 	7 6,173,430 3 - 0 - 4 - 6 1 - 3 - 1 - 40,967	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(695,729) 3,289 
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income 3,814,0 Financial assets measured at amortised cost 9,970,6 Expected credit losses (-) 10,1 Loans (Net) 74,431,0 Loans 74,873,5 Lease receivables Factoring receivables 973,5 Expected credit losses (-) 1,415,9 Associates (net) 2,182,0 Joint ventures (business partnership) (net) Derivative financial assets held for hedging 40,9 Trax asset 9,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,10	33 3,814,06 9,970,60 9,970,60 75,130,11 74,873,50 71 973,57 71 973,57 71 2,182,06 	3 - 0 - 4 - 6	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(695,729) 3,289 
Comprehensive income   3,814,0	9,970,60 9,970,60 75,130,11 74,873,50 	0	- - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(695,729) 3,289 
Financial assets measured at amortised cost Expected credit losses (-) 10,1 Loans (Net) 74,431,0 Loans (Net) 74,873,5 Lease receivables Factoring receivables Factoring receivables Non performing receivables Expected credit losses (-) 1,415,9 Associates (net) 2,182,0 Joint ventures (business partnership) (net) Derivative financial assets held for hedging 40,9 Tangible assets (net) 758,5 Intangible assets (net) 1,043,9 Investment property (net) 2,7 Tax asset 72,321,4 Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net) Other assets 6,843,6 Total assets 140,520,2 Liabilities Deposit 10,043,83	9,970,60 9,970,60 75,130,11 74,873,50 	0	- - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(695,729) 3,289 
Expected credit losses (-) 10,1  Loans (Net) 74,431,0  Loans 74,873,5  Lease receivables  Factoring receivables  Factoring receivables  Non performing receivables  Expected credit losses (-) 1,415,9  Associates (net)  Subsidiaries (net) 2,182,0  Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)  Derivative financial assets held for hedging 40,9  Tangible assets (net) 1,043,9  Investment property (net) 2,7  Tax asset 2,321,4  Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)  Other assets 6,843,6  Total assets 140,520,2  Liabilities  Deposit 100,348,3	75,130,11 74,873,50 71 973,57 716,96 2,182,06 36 696,39	- 4 - 6	- - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(695,729) 3,289 
Loans (Net)         74,431,0           Loans         74,873,5           Lease receivables         74,873,5           Factoring receivables         973,5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9           Associates (net)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         0           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Total assets         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         100,348,3	75,130,11 74,873,50 71 973,57 81 716,96 - 2,182,06 - 2,182,06 - 696,39	6	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -	(695,729) 3,289 
Loans         74,873,5           Lease receivables         74,873,5           Factoring receivables         973,5           Non performing receivables         973,5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9           Associates (net)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         10,20,2           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         100,348,3           Deposit         100,348,3	74,873,50 - 74,873,50 - 71 973,57 81 716,96 - 2,182,06 61 2,182,06 67 68 696,39	6	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -	3,289 - - 699,018 - - - 62,145
Lease receivables         7           Factoring receivables         973,5           Non performing receivables         973,5           Expected credit losses (-)         1,415,9           Associates (net)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Other assets         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         Deposit	71 973,57 31 716,96 - 2,182,06 - 67 36 696,39		- - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	699,018  699,018  - - 62,145
Factoring receivables	716,96 51 2,182,06 67 68 696,39 32	3 -  1 - - 40,967	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - 62,145
Non performing receivables   973,5	716,96 51 2,182,06 67 68 696,39 32	3 -  1 - - 40,967	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - 62,145
Expected credit losses (-)       1,415.9         Associates (net)       2,182.0         Subsidiaries (net)       2,182.0         Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)       758.5         Derivative financial assets held for hedging       40.9         Tangible assets (net)       1,043.9         Intvestment property (net)       2,7         Tax asset       2,321.4         Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)       6,843.6         Other assets       6,843.6         Total assets       140,520,2         Liabilities       100,348,3         Deposit       100,348,3	716,96 51 2,182,06 67 68 696,39 32	3 -  1 - - 40,967	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - 62,145
Associates (net)  Subsidiaries (net)  Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)  Derivative financial assets held for hedging  Tangible assets (net)  Intangible assets (net)  Investment property (net)  Tax asset  Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)  Other assets  140,520,2  Liabilities  Deposit  2,182,0  40,9  1,043,9  1,0	2,182,06 2,182,06 37 36 696,39 32	 1 - 40,967	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - 62,145
Subsidiaries (nét)         2,182,0           Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)         40,9           Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         758,5           Intangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Other assets         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         Deposit	57 36 696,39 32	- - 40,967	- - - -	- - - -	
Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)   Derivative financial assets held for hedging   40,9   758,5   1140,19   1,043,	57 36 696,39 32	- - 40,967	- - -	- - -	
Derivative financial assets held for hedging         40,9           Tangible assets (net)         758,5           Intangible assets (net)         1,043,9           Investment property (net)         2,7           Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Other assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         Deposit           Deposit         100,348,3	36 696,39 32 29		- - -	-	
Tangible assets (net)       758.5         Intangible assets (net)       1,043.9         Investment property (net)       2,7         Tax asset       2,321.4         Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)       6,843.6         Other assets       6,843.6         Total assets       140,520.2         Liabilities       Deposit	36 696,39 32 29		-	-	
Intangible assets (net)   1,043,9     Investment property (net)   2,7     Tax asset   2,321,4     Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)     Other assets   6,843,6     Total assets   140,520,2     Liabilities     Deposit   100,348,3	32 29	1 -	-	-	
Investment property (net) 2,7   Tax asset 2,321,4   Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net) 0 ther assets 6,843,6   Total assets 140,520,2   Liabilities   Deposit 100,348,3	29				
Tax asset         2,321,4           Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Other assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         Deposit         100,348,3			-	-	1,023,361
Property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net) Other assets 6,843,6 Total assets 140,520,2 Liabilities Deposit 100,348,3			-	-	2,729
discontinued operations (net)         6,843,6           Other assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         100,348,3	18 2,587,21	1 -	=	-	(265,763)
Other assets         6,843,6           Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         Deposit         100,348,3					
Total assets         140,520,2           Liabilities         Deposit           100,348,3         100,348,3	-		-	-	-
Liabilities Deposit 100,348,3	9 6,862,73	6 -	-	-	(19,127)
Deposit 100,348,3	15 131,940,75	5 8,022,636	-	2,250,342	97,419
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or	76		-	-	100,348,376
Denvanve imanoidi liabililles al lan value linouun bioni ol					
loss 2.219.8	63		_	-	2,219,863
Loans received 13,735,6			-	_	13,735,664
Money market funds 183,7		- 183,778	_	-	,,
Securities issued	-		_	_	-
Funds	-		-	_	_
Factoring payables	-		_	-	_
Lease payables 212,3	10		_	_	212,310
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through other		-	_	_	212,310
comprehensive income	_		_	_	_
Provisions 927,2	95 245,02	9 -	-	-	564.594
Tax liability 257,9	,		-	_	257,919
Liabilities for assets held for sale and assets of	10	-	-	-	231,919
discontinued operations (net)	_	_			
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities 7.766.9	-	-	-	-	7,766,982
Shareholders' equity 14,868,0		-	-	-	14,867,442
Total liabilities 140,520,2				-	14,007,442

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)
  - 2. Linkages between financial statements and risk amounts (continued)
  - a. Differences and linkage between scope of accounting consolidation and regulatory consolidation

Prior period				Bayalyad a	maunt in assa	ordance with TAS
Prior period	Revalued			Revalued a	mount in acco	ordance with TAS
	amount in					Nat audient to
	accordance					Not subject to
	with TAS as					capital
	reported in					requirements
	published		Subject to			or subject to
	financial	Subject to	counterparty	Securitization	Subject to	deduction from
Assets	statements	credit risk	credit risk	positions	market risk	capital
Cash and balances with Central Bank	15,092,920	15,092,920	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	2,495,590	-	1,900,374	-	2,495,590	-
Banks	2,340,550	2,340,550	-	-	-	-
Money market placements	2,496,991	1,496,420	1,000,571	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other						
comprehensive income	4,360,308	4,360,308	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	7,178,958	7,178,958	-	-	-	-
Expected credit losses (-)	3,152	· · · -	-	-	-	3,152
Loans (Net)	60,860,332	61,517,002	-	-	-	(651,152)
Loans	61,174,832	61,174,832	-	-	-	5,518
Lease receivables	- , ,	- , ,	-	_	-	-
Factoring receivables	-	_	-	_	_	-
Non performing receivables	1,370,339	1,370,339	_	_	_	_
Expected credit losses (-)	1,684,839	1,028,169	_	_	_	656,670
Associates (net)	1,001,000	1,020,100	_	_	_	000,070
Subsidiaries (net)	1.171.862	1,171,862	_	_	_	_
Joint ventures (business partnership) (net)	1,171,002	1,171,002	_		_	_
Derivative financial assets held for hedging	71,876	_	71,876	=	_	_
Tangible assets (net)	637.312	592,896	11,010	-	-	44.416
	, -	392,090	-	-	-	249.790
Intangible assets (net)	256,283	-	-	-	-	249,790
Investment property (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tax asset	267,637	267,637	-	-	-	-
Property and equipment held for sale and related to						
discontinued operations (net)	660	660	-	-	-	(40.500)
Other assets	1,625,315	1,635,881				(10,566)
Total assets	98,853,442	95,655,094	2,972,821	-	2,495,590	(370,664)
Liabilities						
Deposit	67,293,188	-	-	-	-	67,293,188
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or						
loss	1,564,278	-	-	-	-	1,564,279
Loans received	8,941,598	-	-	-	-	8,941,598
Money market funds	3,367,632	-	3,367,632	-	-	-
Securities issued	394,172	-	-	-	-	394,172
Funds	-	-	-	-	-	
Factoring payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease payables	184,109	-	-	-	-	184,109
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through other	- ,					- ,
comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions	603,140	117,094	-	-	-	397,349
Tax liability	443,134		-	-	-	443,134
Liabilities for assets held for sale and assets of	,					,
discontinued operations (net)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subordinated debt	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other liabilities	2,543,232	_	_	_	_	2,543,232
Shareholders' equity	13,518,959	_	_	_	_	13,518,349
Total liabilities	98,853,442	117,094	3,367,632	-		95,279,410
ו טומו וומטווונופט	30,033,442	117,094	3,301,032	-		33,213,410

### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

## b. Main differences between risk amounts and the amounts revalued in accordance with TAS financial statement

Current period	Total	Subject to credit risk	Securitization positions	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to market risk (*)
Assets carrying value in accordance with TAS	140,422,826	131,940,755	-	8,022,636	2,250,342
Liabilities carrying value in accordance with TAS	, ,				
under scope of regulatory consolidation	544,364	245,029	-	183,778	-
Total net amount under scope of regulatory					
consolidation	139,878,462	131,695,726	-	7,838,858	2,250,342
Off-balance sheet amount	30,602,074	9,544,119	-	7,139,942	-
Differences due to risk mitigation	-	(474, 188)	-	(6,357,208)	-
Differences due to different netting rules	-	-	-	-	-
Differences due to consideration of provisions	-	-	-	-	-
Differences due to the applications of the Bank	-	-	-	-	(30,479)
Effect of fix exchange rate (**)	=	(14,740,700)	=	=	<u> </u>
Exposure amounts	-	126,024,957	-	8,621,592	2,219,863

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amounts of financial instruments, which are measured according to TAS and included in trading accounts within the scope of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks", is represented in "Subject to market risk framework" column are presented.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> It shows the fix exchange rate effect used in the calculation of credit risk within the scope of the BRSA's letter dated 28 April 2022.

Prior period	Total	Subject to credit risk	Securitization positions	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to market risk (*)
Assets carrying value in accordance with TAS	99,224,106	95,655,094	_	2,972,821	2,495,590
Liabilities carrying value in accordance with TAS					
under scope of regulatory consolidation	6,117,262	117,094	-	3,367,632	-
Total net amount under scope of regulatory					
consolidation	93,106,844	95,538,000	-	(394,811)	2,495,590
Off-balance sheet amount	15,742,992	7,237,929	-	7,980,542	-
Differences due to risk mitigation	=	(1,199,299)	-	(4,360,825)	-
Differences due to different netting rules	=	-	-	-	-
Differences due to consideration of provisions	=	-	-	-	-
Differences due to the applications of the Bank	=	-	-	-	(994,227)
Effect of fix exchange rate (**)	-	(10,507,954)	-	=	-
Exposure amounts	=	91,068,676	-	3,224,906	1,501,363

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amounts of financial instruments, which are measured according to TAS and included in trading accounts within the scope of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks", is represented in "Subject to market risk framework" column are presented.

# c. Explanations on differences between carrying values in financial statements and risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation of assets and liabilities:

There are no material differences between the carrying values in financial statements and the risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation of assets and liabilities.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> It shows the fix exchange rate effect used in the calculation of credit risk within the scope of the BRSA's letter dated 28 April 2022.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

#### 3. Explanations about credit risk

#### 3.1. General information on credit risk

## a. General qualitative information on credit risk

Bank's Credit Risk Management reports to the Risk Committee. In order to carry out its functions and responsibilities more effectively, Credit Risk Management is structured as Credit Risk Control and Risk&Capital Integration and Reporting Department. Credit Risk Control team is responsible for developing, monitoring and sustaining the models to be used in Internal Ratings Based (IRB) method and TFRS 9 calculations and the integration of rating models in the bank systems. Risk&Capital Integration is responsible to form ICAAP process to carry out stress testing, IRB calculations.

Risk appetite expresses the total risk level assumed by the Bank in order to realise its strategies. To ensure that the Bank's risk appetite is equal to or below risk capacity, in general there is a buffer between the risk capacity and risk appetite. Bank's risk appetite is compatible with the main shareholder's risk appetite, and the Bank pays sufficient attention to protect the interests of all stakeholders such as deposit holders and legal regulators.

Risk appetite is determined according to the risk identification and assessment results, the risk capacity formed by the Bank considering the legal qualitative and quantitative limits and similarly the Bank's risk management and control abilities. If it is possible to implement, risk appetite indicators are approved by the management units (committees) formed for the relevant risk type. Both the risk appetite structure and risk appetite indicators are revised by the Risk Committee and presented by the Risk Committee to the Board of Directors. The approval authority for risk appetite structure and indicators is the Board of Directors.

Bank's risk profile is regularly measured, monitored in comparison with the risk appetite and reported to the Board of Directors and certain senior committees. Under credit risk, general condition of the credit portfolio, non-performing loans, risk appetite indicators, firm and group concentrations, legal credit ratios, development of capital adequacy ratio, development and distribution of ratings based on business units, rating and risk transitions, Probability of Default ("PD"), loss given default ("LGD") and Exposure at Default ("EAD") parameters are followed. Reports prepared in scope of ICAAP study are presented to the senior management and Board of Directors before they are sent to the BRSA.

Many rating models and scorecards are used in different processes such as allocation, monitoring, collection, pricing, etc. for the purpose of managing credit risk. With these models, internal data sources and external data sources (such as CB credit risk and limit report, Credit Bureau) are used and creditworthiness of new clients is measured; and development of the existing credit portfolio is closely monitored. Performance of models is regularly monitored by Model Risk Management team under Financial Risk Management in addition to the teams developing the models.

#### b. Credit quality of assets

		carrying values of according to TAS)		
Current period	Defaulted	Non-defaulted	Provisions / amortization and impairment	Net values
Loans	973,571	74,873,506	1,414,735	74,432,342
Debt securities (*)	-	13,718,034	1,862	13,716,172
Off-balance sheet exposures	1,286,224	40,720,838	362,700	41,644,362
Total	2,259,795	129,312,378	1,779,297	129,792,876

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes provisions accounted under equity for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

		carrying values of according to TAS)		
Prior period	Defaulted	Non-defaulted	Provisions / amortization and impairment	Net values
Loans	1,370,339	61,174,832	1,683,891	60,861,280
Debt securities (*)	-	11,473,361	1,557	11,471,804
Off-balance sheet exposures	361,228	18,898,159	205,791	19,053,596
Total	1,731,567	91,546,352	1,891,239	91,386,680

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes provisions accounted under equity for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

## c. Changes in stock of defaulted loans and debt securities

	Current	Prior
	period	period
Defaulted loans and debt securities at the end of the previous reporting period	1,370,339	1,726,270
Loans and debt securities defaulted since the last reporting period	151,120	170,312
Transferred to non-defaulted status	-	-
Amounts written off (*)	(209,020)	(131,315)
Other changes (**)	(338,868)	(394,928)
Defaulted loans and debt securities at the end of the reporting period	973,571	1,370,339

<sup>(\*)</sup> Specific provisions for undrawn non-cash loans are not included in the table. Amounts written off also includes the NPL sale of the Bank amounting to TL 204,403 portfolio (31 December 2022: TL 108,058).

#### c. Additional explanations on the creditworthiness of assets

Definitions of overdue and provision set aside are presented in Section Four II – Explanations on Credit Risk footnote.

Definitions of the methods used in determining the provision amounts:

The methods used are presented in the footnote of Section Three VIII – Explanations on impairment in financial assets.

Definitions of the restructured receivables:

The Bank can restructure the first and second group loans and other receivables, as well as non-performing loans and receivables. All loan products are considered together and a single restructuring protocol is formed; according to the legislation and general economic situation, variable or fixed interest terms are provided to enhance customers' ability to repay the loan.

Breakdown of receivables according to geographical regions, sector and remaining maturity:

Breakdown of receivables according to geographical regions, sector and remaining maturity is presented in footnote in Section Four II – Explanations on credit risk.

Receivable amounts for which provisions are set aside on geographical regions and sectors and amounts written off with the provisions:

### Breakdown of receivables according to geographical regions

	Current perio	d	Prior period	
_	Non-performing loans (**)	Specific provision	Non-performing loans (**)	Specific provision
Domestic	973,565	716,957	1,370,204	1,028,062
EU Countries	-	-	27	18
OECD Countries (*)	-	-	35	32
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-
Other countries	6	6	73	57
Total	973,571	716,963	1,370,339	1,028,169

<sup>(\*)</sup> OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Collections within the period have included "Other changes" account.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Non-cash loans are not included.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

Sectoral receivables and related provisions are presented in Section Four - II. Explanations on credit risk disclosure.

## Aging of overdue exposures

	Current period	Prior period	
Overdue 31 – 60 days	67,676	72,552	
Overdue 61 – 90 days	22,480	114,162	
Total	90,156	186,714	

#### Breakdown of restructured receivables by whether or not provisions are allocated

	Current period	Prior period
Loans structured from standard loans and other receivables	-	-
Loans structured from closely monitored loans and other receivables	155,688	331,506
Loans restructured from non-performing loans	41,980	86,397

The Bank classifies all of its loans and receivables as stage 2 if they meet the restructured loan conditions while being in the performing loan portfolio according to the "Provision Regulation". Restructured loans classified as stage 2 are subject to stage 2 expected credit losses while restructured loans classified as non-performing loans are subject to specific provision.

## Information on expected credit loss

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Opening balance (*)	437,764	321,931	1,145,263	1,904,958
Additional provision during the period	1,029,806	219,191	356,868	1,605,865
Disposals (-)	(949,637)	(61,872)	(330,955)	(1,342,464)
Amounts written off (-)	-	-	(209,403)	(209,403)
Transferred to Stage 1	-	(13,957)	-	(13,957)
Transferred to Stage 2	(47,076)	-	219	(46,857)
Transferred to Stage 3	(7,269)	(82,251)	-	(89,520)
Ending balance	463,588	383,042	961,992	1,808,622

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes provisions for non-cash loans and provisions accounted under equity for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

## 3.2. Credit risk mitigation techniques

#### a. Qualitative disclosure requirements related to credit risk mitigation techniques

The Bank pays specific attention to the fact that the risk is completely covered by the collaterals and the easiness of collateral conversion into cash in case of default. In addition, the primary repayment source of loan is the cash flows from operations. Therefore, the financial status and retrospective and prospective cash flows of the firms to which credit proposal is made (the debtor) are analysed with due care during loan disbursement.

Collaterals in the Bank are divided into two groups as financial collaterals and guarantees. Collaterals are considered as allowed by the related regulations.

The Bank monitors up to date value of the collaterals by type. As a general principle, the Bank revises all collaterals at least once a year. For the firms which still have a credit risk, the existing collaterals are not released unless the guarantees in the credit notification are fully ensured or risk amount is decreased.

The Bank makes the assessment according to the latest expert value in the real estate guarantees taken as a real property.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

## 3.2. Credit risk mitigation techniques

The Bank's credit risk exposure and mitigation techniques used in order to reduce the exposure level are taken into account according to the principles stated in the related regulation. The Bank applies credit risk mitigation according to the comprehensive method that includes risk mitigation calculations considering the volatility-adjusted values of financial collaterals. The standardized risk weights are applied to the rest of the loans and receivables that remained unprotected after credit risk mitigation techniques. Financial collaterals that are composed of cash or similar assets and instruments of a high credit quality as well as real estate mortgages have been used in credit risk mitigation.

## b. Credit risk mitigation techniques

Current period	Exposures unsecured carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collaterals	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
Loans (*)	68,585,792	5,846,550	4,572,654	22,305	19,027	-	-
Debt securities (*)  Total	13,716,172 <b>82,301,964</b>	5,846,550	4,572,654	22,305	19,027	-	-
Of which defaulted	973,571	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses are deducted from the related balance sheet amounts according to regulation.

Prior period	Exposures unsecured carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collaterals	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
Loans (*)	56,347,374	4,513,906	3,225,319	118,761	102,009	-	-
Debt securities (*)	11,471,804	-	=	=	-	-	-
Total	67,819,178	4,513,906	3,225,319	118,761	102,009	-	-
Of which defaulted	1,370,339	-		-	· -	-	=

<sup>(\*)</sup> Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses are deducted from the related balance sheet amounts according to regulation.

# c. Qualitative disclosures on Banks' use of external credit ratings under the standardised approach for credit risk

Explanations are disclosed in Section Four II - Explanations on credit risk disclosures.

#### c. Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation effects

Current period	Exposure	s before CCF and CRM			RWA and RW	RWA and RWA density	
Risk classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density	
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	38,527,164	58,676	38,540,877	58,676	-	-	
Claims on regional governments or local authorities	754,191	-	754,191	-	975,037	129.28%	
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial undertakings	-	_	_	-	-	-	
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	15,817,361	13,404,111	9,474,288	2,482,383	1,153,904	9.65%	
Claims on corporates	41,895,808	13,892,583	41,783,153	7,573,147	34,425,886	69.75%	
Claims on retails	10,499,895	4,809,874	10,378,562	703,816	8,386,841	75.68%	
Claims secured by residential property	1,392,525	-	1,392,525	-	487,384	35.00%	
Claims secured by commercial property	726,170	45,483	726,170	19,006	445,110	59.73%	
Past due loans	243,995	-	243,995	-	215,493	88.32%	
Higher risk categories decided by the Board	10,148,244	-	9,970,650	-	19,257,783	193.14%	
Secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Short-term claims and short-term corporate claims on banks and intermediary institutions	-	_	_	-	-	-	
Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other receivables	5,430,204	24,678	5,430,204	4,936	3,705,179	68.17%	
Equity securities	1,585,618	-	1,585,618	-	1,585,618	100.00%	
Total	127,021,175	32,235,405	120,280,233	10,841,964	70,638,235	53.87%	

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

Prior period	Exposur	es before CCF and CRM	Exposi	ures post-CCF and CRM	RWA and RWA density	
Risk classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	24,451,904	27,664	21,486,355	27,664	-	- ucrioity
Claims on regional governments or local authorities	668,649		668,649	-	458,705	68.60%
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial	000,010		000,010		.00,.00	00.0070
undertakings	-	-	-	_	_	_
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	_	_	_
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	6,786,624	3,924,967	5,484,484	1,452,216	1,129,767	16.29%
Claims on corporates	34,884,646	9,019,464	34,331,731	5,742,420	34,078,199	85.04%
Claims on retails	8,374,741	3,302,542	8,172,185	406,009	6,380,885	74.38%
Claims secured by residential property	1,017,581	-	1,017,581	-	356,153	35.00%
Claims secured by commercial property	728,209	45,639	728,209	12,674	434,064	58.59%
Past due loans	337,555	· -	337,555	-	283,541	84.00%
Higher risk categories decided by the Board	9,323,934	-	8,863,857	-	12,041,973	135.85%
Secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term claims and short-term corporate claims on banks and						
intermediary institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	4,640,239	24,690	4,640,237	4,938	2,392,924	51.51%
Equity securities	916,818	-	916,818	-	916,818	100.00%
Total	92,130,900	16,344,966	86,647,661	7,645,921	58,473,029	62.01%

# d. Standardised approach – exposures by asset classes and risk weights

Current period  Risk classes/Risk weights	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total credit exposures amount (post CCF and post- CRM)
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	38,599,553	1070	2070			1070	10070	10070	20070	- Others	38,599,553
Claims on regional governments or local	30,333,333										30,333,333
authorities	_	-	296.303	_	_	_	_	_	_	457.888	754,191
Claims on administrative bodies and other			200,000							.07,000	,
non-commercial undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on banks and intermediary											
institutions	-	-	7,511,481	-	4,406,800	-	38,390	-	-	-	11,956,671
Claims on corporates	647,275	-	6,509,015	-	10,496,613	-	28,506,092	374,568	-	2,822,737	49,356,300
Claims on retails	-	-	-	-	-	10,962,758	7	119,613	-	-	11,082,378
Claims secured by residential property	-	-	-	1,392,525	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,392,525
Claims secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	600,133	-	145,043	-	-	-	745,176
Past due loans	-	-	-	-	117,314	-	66,372	60,309	-	-	243,995
Higher risk categories decided by the											
Board	-	-	-	-	6,242	-	2,775,463	7,088,335	-	100,610	9,970,650
Secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term claims and short-term											
corporate claims on banks and											
intermediary institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds											
Other receivables	1.729.957	-	-	-	-		3.705.183	-	-		5.435.140
Other receivables	1,729,957	-	-	-	-	-	3,703,163	-	-	-	5,435,140
Stock investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,585,618	_	_	_	1.585.618
Total	40,976,785	-	14,316,799	1,392,525	15,627,102	10,962,758	36,822,168	7,642,825	-	3,381,235	131,122,197

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## X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

Prior period  Risk classes/Risk weights	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total credit exposures amount (post CCF and post-CRM)
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	21,514,019	1070				1070	10070	10070	20070	-	21,514,019
Claims on regional governments or local	21,514,015										21,514,013
authorities					512,713		109,524				622,237
Claims on administrative bodies and other					312,713		103,324				022,237
non-commercial undertakings						_					
Claims on multilateral development banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Claims on international organizations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Claims on banks and intermediary											
institutions	_	-	5,242,756	_	1,564,195	_	129,749	_	_	_	6.936.700
Claims on corporates	568,058	-	5,558,831	_	5,156,784	_	26,551,488	103,047	_	_	37,938,208
Claims on retails	-	-	-	_	-	8,578,136	51	7	_	_	8.578.194
Claims secured by residential property	-	-	_	1,017,581	-	-	-		-	-	1.017.581
Claims secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	613,638	_	127,245	-	_	-	740,883
Past due loans	-	-	-	-	171,364	-	102,856	63,335	-	-	337,555
Higher risk categories decided by the											
Board	-	-	-	-	3,727	-	2,721,297	5,986,766	-	2,334,422	11,046,212
Secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term claims and short-term											
corporate claims on banks and											
intermediary institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undertakings for collective investments in											
mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	2,252,250	-	-	-	-	-	2,392,925	-	-	-	4,645,175
Stock investments Total	24,334,327	-	- 10,801,587	- 1,017,581	- 8,022,421	8,578,136	916,818 <b>33,051,953</b>	6,153,155	-	- 2,334,422	916,818 <b>94,293,582</b>

# 4. Evaluation of counterparty credit risk according to measurement methods

# a. Qualitative disclosure on counterparty credit risk

According to Appendix 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks, promulgated in the Official Gazette, no. 29511, dated 23 October 2015, the counterparty credit risk arising from the transactions that binding both parties such as derivatives and repo, is calculated. The sum of renewal cost for derivative transactions and potential credit risk amount is considered as the risk amount. Renewal cost is calculated with valuation of contracts at fair value and potential credit risk amount is calculated by multiplying the contract amounts with the credit conversion ratios stated in the appendix of the regulation.

For the forward, option and other derivative contracts, collateral management is conducted daily according to the International Swap and Derivative Association (ISDA) and Credit Support Annex (CSA) agreements concluded with international counterparties, and when needed, short term total credit risk is reduced by usage of rights and performance of duties.

For the forward, option and other derivative transactions which are done by local agreements and not according to ISDA agreement, the credit risk is controlled via "Pre-Settlement" limit monitoring. Presettlement limit is allocated for the firms and organizations according to analysis and allocation processes. The basic rule for the Bank is that client risks do not exceed such limits. Risks are monitored simultaneously with the market and developed models are used in calculation.

The maximum risk that the counterparty may incur due to futures, options and other derivative transactions are limited, monitored with daily and instant reports. Possible limit breaches are reported to the high level committees and senior management of the bank and related actions taken to mitigate the risk.

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

# b. Counterparty credit risk (CCR) approach analysis

Current period	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE (*)	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	EAD post- CRM	RWA
Standardised Approach - CCR (for derivatives) Internal Model Method (for derivative financial instruments, repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing	6,675,424	1,619,184	-	1.40	8,294,608	3,731,601
transactions) Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-
transactions and securities financing transactions) Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity	-	-	-	-	-	-
lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions) Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing	-	-	-	-	326,984	65,402
transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions  Total	-	-	-	-	-	- 3,797,004

#### (\*) Effective expected positive exposure

Prior period	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE (*)	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	EAD post- CRM	RWA
Standardised Approach - CCR (for derivatives) Internal Model Method (for derivative financial instruments, repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions) Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo	2,508,814	590,169	-	1.40	3,098,983	1,461,921
transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions) Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity	-	-	-	-	-	-
lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions) Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and	-	-	-	-	125,923	11,391
securities financing transactions  Total	-	-	-	-	-	- 1,473,312

<sup>(\*)</sup> Effective expected positive exposure

# c. Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) capital charge

	С	Prior period		
	Exposure at default post-CRM	RWA	Exposure at default post-CRM	RWA
Total portfolios subject to the advanced CVA capital charge	-	-	-	-
(i) VaR component (including the 3*multiplier)	-	-	-	-
(ii) Stressed VaR component (including the 3*multiplier)	-	-	-	-
All portfolios subject to the standardised CVA capital charge	8,294,608	2,414,686	3,098,983	2,330,863
Total subject to the CVA capital charge	8,294,608	2,414,686	3,098,983	2,330,863

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

#### c. Standardised Approach: CCR exposures by risk class and risk weights

Current period Asset classes/Risk weight	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others	Total credit exposure (*)
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	390,927	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	390,927
Claims on regional governments or local									
authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-									
commercial undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	-	-	3,064,325	3,954,633	-	-	-	-	7,018,958
Claims on corporates	-	-	-	-	-	1,192,168	-	-	1,192,168
Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios	-	-	-	-	19,539	-	-	-	19,539
Other receivables (**)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	390,927	-	3,064,325	3,954,633	19,539	1,192,168	-	-	8,621,592

<sup>(\*)</sup> Total credit exposure: After applying counterparty credit risk measurement techniques that are related to the amount of capital adequacy calculation.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Other receivables: Includes counterparty credit risk that does not reported in "central counterparty" table.

Prior period									Total credit
Asset classes/Risk weight	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others	exposure (*)
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	152,590	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152,590
Claims on regional governments or local									
authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-									
commercial undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	-	-	1,247,802	1,162,140	-	-	-	-	2,409,942
Claims on corporates	-	-	116	4,014	-	587,873	-	-	592,003
Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios	-	-	-	-	70,371	-	-	-	70,371
Other receivables (**)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Total	152,590	-	1,247,918	1,166,154	70,371	587,873	-	-	3,224,906

<sup>(\*)</sup> Total credit exposure: After applying counterparty credit risk measurement techniques that are related to the amount of capital adequacy calculation.

#### d. Collaterals for counterparty credit risk (CCR)

Related table is not presented due to not having derivative collaterals which is considered in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio.

### e. Credit derivatives

There is no credit derivative transaction.

## 5. Explanations on securitisation

There is no securitisation transaction.

## 6. Explanations on market risk

The Bank has reviewed activities of market risk management and has taken necessary precautions in order to mitigate the market risk within the framework of financial risk management, according to the "Regulation on the Internal Systems of Banks and Internal Capital Adequacy Valuation Process" and the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks", which was published in the Official Gazette No. 29057 and dated 11 July 2014.

Market risk is managed based on different product mandates based on banking books and trading books and within the risk limits including sensitivity that is approved by Board of Directions in where related limits are monitored on a regular basis and the results are shared with senior management and the Board of Directors. In addition, the impacts of change in balance sheet due to banking activities on risk appetite are simulated.

Risk Committee monitors and evaluates market risk closely. Recommendations are presented to the Asset Liability Committee and Board of Directors in terms of the risk management.

Risk management strategies and policies are updated regarding to regulations stated above and is approved by Board of Director's. In relation to the regulatory capital requirements, on a consolidated and the bank only basis, standard method is used in measuring the market risk. In addition to the standard method, for internal reporting purposes, value-at-risk ("VaR") is used in daily calculation of amount subject to market risk and are reported to the senior management. Stress tests and scenario analyses are also applied within the scope of ICAAP to complement the risk analysis.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Other receivables: Includes counterparty credit risk that does not reported in "central counterparty" table.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

In addition, compliance on ING Bank's policies related to market risk, especially for the international regulations, is reviewed regularly. All these analysis are reflected in the relevant written procedures and policies. Due to the increase in the regulations and the need for pursuing more sophisticated risk management in recent years, the project of a software has been launched to manage risks related to asset liability management in a more integrated structure and currently enhancements are in progress.

	Current period	Prior period
	RWA	RWA
Outright products	2,219,863	1,501,363
Interest rate risk (general and specific)	1,884,850	476,138
Equity risk (general and specific)	, , , <u>-</u>	,
Foreign exchange risk	335,013	1,025,225
Commodity risk	· -	-
Options	-	-
Simplified approach	-	-
Delta-plus method	-	-
Scenario approach	-	-
Securitisation	-	-
Total	2,219,863	1,501,363

## 7. Explanations on operational risk

The "Basic Indicator Method" that is stated in "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks" Communiqué published in the Official Gazette no. 28337 on 28 June 2012, is used in the annual operational risk calculation of the Bank. The amount subject to the operational risk as of 31 December 2023 is calculated by using the gross income of the Bank in 2020, 2021 and 2022.

Annual gross revenue is calculated by deduction of profit/loss derived from the sale of available-for-sale assets and held-to-maturity securities, extraordinary income and indemnity insurance gains from the total of net interest income and non-interest income.

Current period	2020 amount	2021 amount	2022 amount	Total / Number of years of positive gross income	Ratio (%)	Total
Gross income Amount subject to operational	3,404,666	3,637,314	6,780,673	4,607,551	15	691,133
risk (Total*12.5)						8,639,158

Prior period	2019 amount	2020 amount	2021 amount	Total / Number of years of positive gross income	Ratio (%)	Total
Gross income Amount subject to operational risk (Total*12.5)	4,491,330	3,404,666	3,637,317	3,844,438	15	576,666 <b>7,208,321</b>

# 8. Interest rate risk arising from banking book

Interest rate risk in the banking book is managed within the framework of sensitivity based risk limits which is internally determined by the Board of Directors, and results are shared periodically with senior management, Asset Liability Committee, Risk Committee and Board of Directors. In addition, interest rate risk in the banking book is calculated according to the interest structure profile of all interest sensitive assets and liabilities and the period remaining for their maturity or re-pricing dates under the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of the Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book through Standard Shock Method" published by the BRSA in the Official Gazette no: 28034 and dated 23 August 2011.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# X. Explanations on unconsolidated risk management (continued)

Under the regulation, core deposit is calculated only for demand deposits and also separately for each currency. Maturity profile of demand deposit assumptions have been determined by taking into account the analyses conducted by the Bank through using historical data for demand deposit portfolio and the maximum hypothetical maturity limit stated in the Regulation.

In addition, analysis being performed about asset and liability accounts comprising different customer behavior characteristics such as internal interest sensitivity and optionality, and effects on balance sheet risk are evaluated within the framework of analysis results and business lines' expectations.

Interest rate risk in the banking book standard ratio is calculated at the end of months by measuring and evaluating the interest rate risk resulting from balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions in the banking books through standard shock method. Profits/losses refer to the profit/loss risk that might occur in the market value of financial assets and liabilities in the balance sheet as a result of applying upward/downward scenarios to the market interest rate.

	Applied shock	Gains /	Gains / Equity
Currency	(+ / -x basis points)	(Losses)	(Losses) / Equity
TL	(-) 400	933,280	6.63%
TL	(+) 500	(997,017)	(7.09) %
EUR	(-) 200	33,451	0.24%
EUR	(+) 200	(31,823)	(0.23) %
USD	(-) 200	17,286	0.12%
USD	(+) 200	(17,413)	(0.12)%
Total (for negative shocks)	, ,	984,017	7.00%
Total (for positive shocks)		(1,046,253)	(7.44)%

## XI. Explanations on hedge transactions

# Breakdown of the derivative transactions used in cash flow hedges

	Current period					Prior period
	Notional	Assets	Liabilities	Notional	Assets	Liabilities
Interest rate swaps	300,000	40,967	-	540,000	71,876	-
Cross currency swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	300,000	40,967	-	540,000	71,876	-

#### Explanations on derivative transactions used in cash flow hedges

Hedging instrument	Hedged item	Nature of risk hedged	Hedging ir	nstrument FV	Net gain / (loss) recognized in OCI during the period	Net gain / (loss) reclassified to income statement during the year	Ineffective portion recognized in income statement (Net
			Assets	Liabilities			
Interest rate swaps	TL/FC customer deposits	Cash flow risk due to the changes in the interest rates of TL and FC customer deposits Cash flow risk due to the changes in	40,967	-	(58,010)	34,573	802
Cross currency swaps	TL customer deposits and FC borrowings	the interest rates of deposits and currency risk of FC borrowings	-	-	(1,609)	-	-
Total			40,967	-	(59,619)	34,573	802

Prior period							
Hedging instrument	Hedged item	Nature of risk hedged	Hedging in	strument FV	Net gain / (loss) recognized in OCI during the period	Net gain / (loss) reclassified to income statement during the year	Ineffective portion recognized in income statement (Net)
			Assets	Liabilities			
Interest rate swaps	TL/FC customer deposits	Cash flow risk due to the changes in the interest rates of TL and FC customer deposits Cash flow risk due to the changes in	71,876	-	(46,387)	(65,093)	806
Cross currency swaps	TL customer deposits and FC borrowings	the interest rates of deposits and currency risk of FC borrowings	-	-	(13,001)	-	-
Total			71,876	-	(59,388)	(65,093)	806

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Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### XI. **Explanations on hedge transactions**

## Contractual maturity analysis of the derivative transactions subject to cash flow hedges:

Maturity analysis of the derivative transactions subject to cash flow hedges is provided in the Section Four -Note VI.

#### XII. **Explanations on segment reporting**

The Bank operates mainly in corporate, business and retail banking services. In scope of corporate, business banking operations, customers are provided with special banking services including cash management service. In retail banking operations, customers are provided with debit and credit card, retail loan, online banking and private banking services. Spot TL, foreign exchange buy/sell transactions, derivative transactions, and treasury bill/government bond buy/sell transactions are performed at treasury operations.

Information on operating segments is prepared in accordance with the data provided by the Bank's Management Reporting System.

Current period – 31 December 2023	Corporate, Business Banking	Retail Banking	Other	Total
Net interest income	5,176,644	1,712,705	(4,396,546)	2,492,803
Net fees and commissions income and other operating income	990.194	908,966	314.128	2,213,288
Trading gain/loss	1,085,662	406,437	910,050	2,402,149
Dividend income	, , , <u>-</u>	· -	661	661
Expected credit loss	(505,310)	(113,718)	(2,174)	(621,202)
Segment results	6,747,190	2,914,390	(3,173,881)	6,487,699
Other operating expenses (*) (**)	-	-	-	(6,357,408)
Income/loss from investments under equity accounting	-	-		362,070
Income from continuing operations before tax	-	-	-	492,361
Tax provision (*)	-	-	-	1,205,677
Net profit				1,698,038

Prior period – 31 December 2022	Corporate, Business Banking	Retail Banking	Other	Total
Net interest income	2,388,851	1,722,154	163,677	4,274,682
Net fees and commissions income and other operating income	909,305	656,568	(3,722)	1,562,151
Trading gain/loss	367,841	141,730	1,357,587	1,867,158
Dividend income	-	-	347	347
Expected credit loss	(668,617)	(224,309)	(5)	(892,931)
Segment results	2,997,380	2,296,143	1,517,884	6,811,407
Other operating expenses (*) (**)	=	-	-	(3,505,786)
Income/loss from investments under equity accounting	_	_		195,343
Income from continuing operations before tax	_	_	_	3,500,964
Tax provision (*)	-	-	-	(874,675)
Net profit	-	-	-	2,626,289

Other operational expenses and tax provision are presented at total column due to inability to allocate among the sections.

<sup>(\*)</sup> Other operational expenses and tax provision are presented at total column due to inability to allocate among the sections.

(\*\*) Includes "Personnel Expenses" and "Other Provision Expenses" that presented in the statement of profit or loss as a different items.

Current period – 31 December 2023	Corporate, Business Banking	Retail Banking	Other	Total
Asset	57,491,183	17,888,248	65,140,814	140,520,245
Liability	34,456,037	65,234,561	25,961,590	125,652,188
Equity	-	=	14,868,059	14,868,059

Prior period – 31 December 2022	Corporate, Business Banking	Retail Banking	Other	Total
Asset	46,397,576	16,049,479	36,406,387	98,853,442
Liability	19,146,506	48,212,630	17,975,347	85,334,483
Equity	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	13,518,959	13,518,959

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### Section five

Information and disclosures related to unconsolidated financial statements

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet
  - 1. Information related to cash equivalents and the account of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey

## 1.1. Information on cash equivalents

	Current period		Prior period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Cash in TL/foreign currency	180,874	2,363,704	160,443	2,842,566	
Central Bank of Turkey	7,428,641	16,812,217	2,569,657	9,520,254	
Other	-	171,942	-	-	
Total	7,609,515	19,347,863	2,730,100	12,362,820	

#### 1.2. Information related to the account of the Central Bank of Turkey

		Current period		Prior period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit Restricted time deposit Reserve requirement	6,377,113 - 1,051,528	8,625,039 - 8,187,178	2,569,657	3,213,222 - 6,307,032
Total	7,428,641	16,812,217	2,569,657	9,520,254

As per the "Communiqué on Reserve Requirements" promulgated by the Central Bank, Banks must keep required reserves as of the balance sheet date at a rate ranging between 0% and 8% for Turkish lira deposits and liabilities depending on their maturity. The reserve rates vary between 5% and 30% for foreign currency deposits and other foreign currency liabilities and vary between 22% and 26% for gold liabilities depending on their maturity. The additional reserve requirement ratio of 4 percent to be maintained in Turkish lira deposits denominated in foreign currency (except foreign bank deposits and precious metal accounts).

TL 6,376,736 (31 December 2022: TL 2,561,866) of the TL reserve deposits provided over the average balance and TL 8,625,039 (31 December 2022: TL 3,213,222) of the FC reserve deposits provided over the average balance are presented under unrestricted demand deposit account.

# 2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit/loss

# 2.1. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit/loss subject to repo transactions and those given as collateral/blocked

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss subject to repo transactions and those given as collateral/blocked are stated below in net amount.

	Current period	Prior period
Unrestricted portfolio	372,290	434,391
Collateral / blocked	69,813	160,825
Total	442,103	595,216

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

#### 2.2. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for trading

	Cur	Current period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	-	257,347	_	349,648
Swap transactions	827,566	458,588	1,155,200	380,544
Futures transactions	· -	-	-	-
Options	-	264,738	12,871	2,111
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	827,566	980,673	1,168,071	732,303

# 3. Information on banks and foreign banks accounts

#### 3.1. Information on banks

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks	982	1,404,392	491	2,340,059	
Domestic	982	9,465	491	10,017	
Foreign	-	1,394,927	-	2,330,042	
Headquarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	-	
Total	982	1,404,392	491	2,340,059	

3.2. Information on foreign banks

	Unrestricted amount		Rest	ricted amount
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
EU countries	100,848	1,447,141	584,623	722,316
USA, Canada	127,897	61,612	501,277	35,462
OECD Countries (*)	77,163	61,611	-	-
Off-shore banking regions	, <u> </u>	-	-	-
Other	3,119	1,900	-	-
Total	309,027	1,572,264	1,085,900	757,778

<sup>(\*)</sup> OECD countries except EU countries, USA and Canada

As of 31 December 2023, restricted bank balance amounting to TL 1,085,900 (31 December 2022: TL 757,778) all of which is comprised of (31 December 2022: all amount) collaterals that is held by counter banks under CSA (credit support annex) contracts and is calculated based on related derivatives market price.

## 4. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

# 4.1. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repotransactions and those given as collateral/blocked

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repo transactions and those given as collateral/blocked with net amounts are shown in below table.

# Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current period	Prior period
Unrestricted portfolio	1,604,567	1,564,289
Repo transactions	16,185	486,503
Collateral / blocked	2,193,311	2,309,516
Total	3,814,063	4,360,308

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)
  - 4.2. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current period	Prior period
Debt securities	4,496,019	4,307,854
Quoted to stock exchange	4,496,019	4,307,854
Not quoted	-	-
Equity certificates	66,629	65,905
Quoted to stock exchange	· -	-
Not quoted	66,629	65,905
Provision for impairment (-)	(748,585)	(13,451)
Total	3,814,063	4,360,308

#### 5. Information on loans

# 5.1. Information on the balance of all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank

	Current period			Prior period
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders of				
the Bank	65	1,956,949	56	1,210,575
Corporate shareholders	-	1,956,949	-	1,210,494
Real person shareholders	65	-	56	81
Indirect loans granted to shareholders of				
the Bank	1,477	1,255,729	1,486	530,274
Loans granted to employees of the Bank	110,940	-	90,570	-
Total	112,482	3,212,678	92,112	1,740,849

# 5.2. Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including restructured or rescheduled loans

Current period					
		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring			
Cash loans	Standard loans	Loans and receivables not	Restructured loans and receivables		
		subject to restructuring	Revised contract terms	Refinance	
Non-specialized loans	64,530,219	10,187,599	55,060	100,628	
Business Ioans	18,080,197	3,968,748	1,411	100,628	
Export loans	22,670,345	3,456,029	-	-	
Import loans	-	-	-	-	
Loans given to financial sector	5,428,565	1,775,402	-	-	
Consumer loans	16,243,517	773,038	51,139	-	
Credit cards	690,656	58,621	2,510	-	
Other	1,416,939	155,761	-	-	
Specialized loans	· · · · -	-	-	-	
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	
Total	64,530,219	10,187,599	55,060	100,628	

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

		Loans and other re	eceivables under close	e monitoring
Cash loans	Standard loans	Loans and receivables not	Restructured loa	
		subject to restructuring	Revised contract terms	Refinance
Non-specialized loans	52,340,117	8,503,209	151,787	179,719
Business loans	13,387,052	4,919,459	44,020	179,719
Export loans	18,073,039	1,235,582	-	-
Import loans	-	-	-	-
Loans given to financial sector	3,902,631	1,242,989	-	-
Consumer loans	14,095,685	999,675	102,127	-
Credit cards	577,716	51,031	5,640	-
Other	2,303,994	54,473	<u>-</u>	-
Specialized loans	-	· -	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	52,340,117	8,503,209	151,787	179,719

	Current period			Prior period
	Standard loans	Loans under close monitoring	Standard loans	Loans close monitoring
12 months expected credit losses Lifetime expected credit losses	374,442	-	360,108	-
significant increase in credit risk	-	323,330	-	295,614

# 5.3. Loans according to their maturity structure

	Standard -	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
Cash loans	loans	Loans and receivables not subject to restructuring	Restructured loans and receivables	
Short-term loans and other receivables	34,633,241	5,902,444	96,855	
Medium and long-term loans and other receivables	29,896,978	4,285,155	58,833	
Total	64,530,219	10,187,599	155,688	

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

# 5.4. Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel

		Medium and	
	Short term	long term	Total
Canadana Ti	4 440 544	45 504 240	46 740 060
Consumer loans – TL	1,119,544	15,591,319	16,710,863
Mortgage loans	304	5,045,796	5,046,100
Automotive loans	120,500	1,214,604	1,335,104
General purpose loans	998,740	9,330,919	10,329,659
Other	-	-	-
Consumer loans – Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Mortgage loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
General purpose loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer loans – FC	-	-	-
Mortgage loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
General purpose loans	-	-	-
Other	-	4 000	-
Consumer credit cards – TL	663,349	1,626	664,975
With installments	185,731	1,626	187,357
Without installments	477,618	-	477,618
Consumer credit cards – FC	-	-	-
With installments	-	-	-
Without installments	-	-	
Personnel loans – TL	36,711	35,368	72,079
Mortgage loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	
General purpose loans	36,711	35,368	72,079
Other	-	-	-
Personnel loans – Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Mortgage loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
General purpose loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel loans – FC	-	-	-
Mortgage loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
General purpose loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel credit cards – TL	38,926	-	38,926
With installments	14,340	-	14,340
Without installments	24,586	-	24,586
Personnel credit cards – FC	-	-	-
With installments	-	-	-
Without installments	-	-	-
Overdraft accounts – TL (real person)	284,752	-	284,752
Overdraft accounts – FC (real person)	-	-	-
Total	2,143,282	15,628,313	17,771,595

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

# 5.5. Information on commercial loans with installments and corporate credit cards

	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Commercial installment loans - TL	1,378,495	1,721,944	3,100,439
Real estate loans	-	922	922
Automotive loans	17,811	119,409	137,220
General purpose loans	-	-	-
Other	1,360,684	1,601,613	2,962,297
Commercial installment loans – Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Real estate loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
General purpose loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Commercial installment loans - FC	-	-	-
Real estate residential loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
General purpose loans	_	-	-
Other	_	-	-
Corporate credit cards – TL	47,886	-	47,886
With installments	9,161	-	9,161
Without installments	38,725	-	38,725
Corporate credit cards – FC	-	-	-
With installments	_	-	_
Without installments	_	-	-
Overdraft loans – TL (legal entity)	76,842	_	76,842
Overdraft loans – FC (legal entity)	-	-	-
Total	1,503,223	1,721,944	3,225,167
5.6. Loans according to borrowers			
		Current period	Prior period
Public		754,191	1,077,944
Private		74,119,315	60,096,888
Total		74,873,506	61,174,832
5.7. Domestic and foreign loans			
		Current period	Prior period
Domestic loans		74,860,868	61,171,638
Foreign loans		12,638	3,194

# 5.8. Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates

**Total** 

	Current period	Prior period
Direct loans granted to subsidiaries and associates Indirect loans granted to subsidiaries and associates	787,618 -	705,641 -
Total	787,618	705,641

74,873,506

61,174,832

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

# 5.9. Specific provisions set aside against loans

	Current period	Prior period
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	24,348	18,215
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	13,610	27,624
Uncollectible loans and receivables	679,005	982,330
Total	716,963	1,028,169

## 5.10. Information on non-performing loans (net)

## 5.10.1 Information on non-performing loans and other receivables restructured or rescheduled

	Group III Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Group IV Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Group V Uncollectible loans and receivables
Current period Gross amounts before specific provision Restructured loans	-	-	41,980
	-	-	41,980
Prior period Gross amounts before specific provision Restructured loans	98	877	85,422
	98	877	85,422

## 5.10.2. Information on total non-performing loans

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and	Loans and	
	receivables	receivables	Uncollectible
	with limited	with doubtful	loans and
	collectability	collectability	receivables
Prior period end balance	27,406	40,860	1,302,073
Additions (+)	103,646	2,084	45,390
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (+)	· -	52,415	37,403
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (-)	(52,415)	(37,403)	-
Collections (-)	(34,001)	(19,770)	(285,097)
Write-offs (-) (*)	(108)	(4)	(4,505)
Sold Portfolio (-) (**)	· -	-	(204,403)
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	(64,259)
Retail loans	-	-	(116,634)
Credit cards	-	-	(23,510)
Other	-	-	-
Current period end balance	44,528	38,182	890,861
Provisions (-)	(24,348)	(13,610)	(679,005)
Net balance on balance sheet	20,180	24,572	211,856

<sup>(\*)</sup> In current period, the amount of write-off made according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 6 July 2021 and numbered 31533, there is no write-off process and the values in the table are the amounts written off from the assets (31 December 2022: None).

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The Bank sold non-performing loan portfolio amounting to TL 127,852 as of 28 July 2023 and TL 76,551 as of 27 November 2023 (31 December 2022: TL 108,058) for an amount of TL 71,550 to asset management companies.

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

# 5.10.3. Information on foreign currency non-performing loans and other receivables

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Current period		-	
Balance at the end of the period	14,210	18,291	122,033
Provision (-)	(6,162)	(918)	(98,494)
Net balance on balance sheet	8,048	17,373	23,539
Prior period			
Balance at the end of the period	2,311	-	147,251
Provision (-)	(1,475)	=	(104,027)
Net balance on balance sheet	836	-	43,224

Non-performing loans granted as foreign currency are followed under TL accounts at the balance sheet.

# 5.10.4. Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans per customer categories

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Current period (net)	20,180	24,572	211,856
Loans granted to corporate entities and real person (gross) Provision amount(-) Loans granted to corporate entities and real person (net) Banks (gross) Provision amount (-) Banks (net) Other loans (gross) Provision amount (-) Other loans (net)	44,528 (24,348) 20,180 - - - -	38,182 (13,610) 24,572 - - - - -	890,861 (679,005) 211,856 - - - -
Prior period (net)	9,191	13,236	319,743
Loans granted to corporate entities and real person (gross) Provision amount (-) Loans granted to corporate entities and real person (net) Banks (gross) Provision amount (-) Banks (net) Other loans (gross) Provision amount (-)	27,406 (18,215) 9,191 - - -	40,860 (27,624) 13,236	1,302,073 (982,330) 319,743
Other loans (net)	-	-	-

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

#### I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

# 5.10.5. According to TFRS 9, accruals, valuation differences and related provisions calculated for non-performing loans

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and	Loans and	
	receivables	receivables with	Uncollectable
	with limited	doubtful	loans and
	collectability	collectability	receivables
Current period (Net)	675	649	13,243
Interest accruals and valuation differences	1,560	1,792	46,755
Provision (-)	(885)	(1,143)	(33,512)
Prior period (Net)	651	1,003	18,746
Interest accruals and valuation differences	2,213	3,447	70,420
Provision (-)	(1,562)	(2,444)	(51,674)

## 5.11. Liquidation policy for uncollectible loans and receivables

As with the loans classified in the other liquidation accounts, "Loans and receivables with limited collectability" and "Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability" accounts, according to the Provisions Regulation, the most appropriate action is determined by evaluating the quality of the loan, the collateral status, bona fide of the debtor and assessment of the emergency, in order to ensure the collection and liquidation of the loans classified in the accounts of "Uncollectable loans and receivables".

### 5.12. Information on the write-off policy

Accounting policies regarding the write-off policy are explained in the section three, footnote VIII.

In current period, the amount of write-off made according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 6 July 2021 and numbered 31533 is none (31 December 2022: None).

#### 6. Financial assets measured at amortised cost

## 6.1. Financial assets subject to repurchase agreements and provided as collateral/blocked:

	Current period	Prior period
Investments subject to repurchase agreements Collateralised / blocked investments (*)	- 7,780,674	2,621,819 2,198,288
Total	7,780,674	4,820,107

<sup>(\*)</sup> Consists of bonds given as collaterals by the Bank to be a member of Interbank, BIST, Derivatives Exchange, Takasbank, Money Markets and to operate in those markets.

#### 6.2. Government securities measured at amortised cost:

	Current period	Prior period
Government bonds Treasury bills Other government securities	9,970,600 - -	7,178,958 - -
Total	9,970,600	7,178,958

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

## 6.3. Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

	Current period	Prior period
Debt securities	0.070.600	7 170 050
	9,970,600	7,178,958
Quoted to stock exchange	9,970,600	7,178,958
Not quoted	-	-
Impairment provision (-)	-	-
Total	9,970,600	7,178,958

## 6.4. Movement of financial assets measured at amortised cost:

	Current period	Prior period
Balances at the beginning of the period	7,178,958	5,609,794
Foreign currency differences on monetary assets	-	-
Purchases during the period	4,174,960	1,975,027
Disposals through sales and redemptions	(2,012,522)	(381,869)
Provision for impairment (-)	-	-
Valuation effect	629,204	(23,994)
Period end balance	9,970,600	7,178,958

# 7. Information on associates (net)

## 7.1. Explanations related to the associates

The Bank does not have any associates.

## 8. Information on subsidiaries (net)

# 8.1. Information on equity of subsidiaries (\*)

# 8.1.1. Information on the consolidated subsidiaries

As of 31 December 2023, information on the equities of subsidiaries is as follows:

	ING European		
	Financial Services Plc.	ING Leasing	ING Securities
Paid in capital and adjustment to paid-in capital	6.306	250.000	21,469
Profit reserves, capital reserves and prior year profit/loss	292,393	238,686	112,430
Profit Development cost of operating lease (-)	185,972 -	105,335 -	67,467 -
Intangible assets (-)	-	(4,986)	-
Total core capital	484,671	589,035	201,366
Supplementary capital	-	-	-
Capital	484,671	589,035	201,366
Net usable shareholder's equity	484,671	589,035	201,366

<sup>(\*)</sup> ING Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., a subsidiary of our Bank, its capital was 50 million TL, was increased to 250 million TL by our Bank by increasing it by 200 million TL in cash, in line with the BRSA permission.

The Bank does not have any additional capital requirements due to the subsidiaries included in the calculation of capital requirement.

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

## 8.2. Information on subsidiaries

#### 8.2.1. Information on the consolidated subsidiaries

Title	Address (city / country)	The Bank's share percentage-If different voting (%)	The Bank's risk group share (%)
(1) ING European Financial Services Plc.	Dublin/Ireland	100%	100%
(2) ING Leasing	Istanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
(3) ING Securities	Istanbul/Turkey	100%	100%

As of 31 December 2023, financial information on consolidated subsidiaries as follows (\*):

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	Income from marketable securities portfolio	Current period profit/ loss	Prior period profit/loss	Fair value
(1)	12,843,540	484,671	119	744,549	-	185,972	119,384	-
(2)	2,314,469	594,021	905	436,449	-	105,335	47,048	-
(3)	859,718	201,366	747	102,196	-	67,467	44,735	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Consolidated subsidiaries regarding financial datas are prepared in accordance with BRSA regulations. The Bank makes regulations regarding consolidation principles.

#### 8.3. Information on subsidiaries

#### 8.3.1. Information on consolidated subsidiaries

	Current period	Prior period
Balance at the beginning of the period	1,171,862	839,286
Movements during the period	1,010,199	332,576
Purchases	-	-
Bonus shares obtained	-	-
Dividends from current year income	362,070	195,343
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	648,129	137,233
Provisions for impairment	-	-
Balance at the end of the period	2,182,061	1,171,862
Capital commitments	· · · · -	-
Share percentage at the end of the period (%)	100	100

# 8.4. Sectoral information on consolidated financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts 8.4.1. Information on consolidated subsidiaries

	Current period	Prior period	
Banks	_	_	
Insurance companies	<u>-</u>	_	
Factoring companies (*)	171,382	171,382	
Leasing companies	575,708	257,518	
Finance companies	· -	-	
Other financial subsidiaries	1,424,971	742,962	

<sup>(\*)</sup> In the Trade Registry Gazette dated 22 March 2022 and numbered 10542, the title of the company was changed to "ING Factoring A.Ş in Liquidation". It is shown in the "Unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries" line in the current period unconsolidated financial statements.

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

## 8.5. Subsidiaries quoted in a stock exchange

There are no subsidiaries quoted on a stock exchange.

#### 8.6. Information on non-financial subsidiaries that are not consolidated

ING Teknoloji A.Ş. was established by the Bank with TL 10,000 paid in capital and 100% ownership; it was registered in the Trade Registry Gazette on 7 March 2023.

# 9. Information on entities under common control (net)

#### 9.1. Information on entities under common control (net)

There are no entities under common control.

## 10. Information on finance lease receivables (net)

The Bank has no receivables from finance lease.

## 11. Information on derivative financial assets held for hedging

## 11.1 Information on positive differences of derivative financial assets held for hedging

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Fair value hedge	-	-	_	-	
Cash flow hedge	40,967	-	71,876	-	
Net investment hedge	· -	-	-	-	
Total	40,967	-	71,876	-	

# 12. Information on tangible assets (net)

	Real	Right-of-use	Other fixed	
Current period	estates	assets	assets	Total
Cost				
Opening balance	286,285	264,356	811,302	1,361,943
Additions	16,591	213,420	363,421	593,432
Disposals	(10,125)	(175,619)	(232,115)	(417,859)
Transfers	(10,125)	(175,019)	(232,113)	(417,009)
	-	-	- 11	-
Currency differences	-	-	14	14
Provisions for impairment / cancellation	-	-	6,900	6,900
Closing balance	292,751	302,157	949,522	1,544,430
Accumulated depreciation				
Opening balance	(132,879)	(82,022)	(509,730)	(724,631)
Current year depreciation expense	(6,865)	(44,160)	(96,130)	(147,155)
Disposals	4,370	40,172	132,679	177,221
Transfers	(24)	(4,615)	(86,676)	(91,315)
Currency differences	(= .)	(1,010)	(14)	(14)
Closing balance	(135,398)	(90,625)	(559,871)	(785,894)
Closing balance	(133,390)	(30,023)	(559,671)	(700,094)
Net book value	157,353	211,532	389,651	758,536

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

	Real	Right-of-use	Other fixed	
Prior period	estates	assets	assets	Total
Cost				
Opening balance	288,284	235,537	835,395	1,359,216
Additions	6,202	127,007	150,189	283,398
Disposals	(21,619)	(98,188)	(174,452)	(294,259)
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Currency differences	-	-	170	170
Provisions for impairment / cancellation	13,418	-	-	13,418
Closing balance	286,285	264,356	811,302	1,361,943
Accumulated depreciation				
Opening balance	(137,764)	(86,600)	(465,682)	(690,046)
Current year depreciation expense	(6,591)	(35,405)	(76,610)	(118,606)
Disposals	11,476	39,983	33,780	85,239
Transfers	, -	, -	(1,050)	(1,050)
Currency differences	-	-	` (168)	(168)
Closing balance	(132,879)	(82,022)	(509,730)	(724,631)
Net book value	153,406	182,334	301,572	637,312

# 13. Information on intangible assets (net)

	Current period	Prior period
Cost		
Opening balance	535,724	285,839
Additions	1,209,989	249,898
Disposals	(352,731)	(13)
Closing balance	1,392,982	535,724
Accumulated amortization		
Opening balance	(279,441)	(251,818)
Current year's amortization	(72,196)	(27,636)
Disposals	2,637	` 13
Closing balance	(349,000)	(279,441)
Net book value	1,043,982	256,283

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

#### 14. Information on investment properties (net)

	Current period	Prior period
Cost		
Openning balance	-	-
Purchases	-	-
Transfers	7,075	-
Disposals	· -	-
Impairment provision	-	-
Total cost	7,075	-

	Current period	Prior period
Depreciation		
Openning balance	-	-
Purchases	-	-
Transfers	4,346	-
Disposals	-	-
Impairment provision	-	-
Total accumulated depreciation (-)	4,346	-
Net book value	2,729	-

## 15. Explanations on deferred tax asset

## 15.1. Explanations on current tax asset

As of 31 December 2023 current tax asset and corporation tax payable are netted of and accounted as current tax liability in the unconsolidated balance sheet. The explanations about current tax asset/liability for the current and previous period are disclosed in Footnote II.9 of Section Five.

#### 15.2. Explanations on deferred tax asset

As of 31 December 2023, the net deferred tax assets of the Bank amounts to TL 2,058,754 (31 December 2022: TL 267,637 deferred tax assets) which is calculated based on the deductible temporary differences.

		Current period		Prior period
Timing differences constituting the basis for deferred tax	Accumulated temporary differences	Deferred tax asset/(liability)	Accumulated temporary differences	Deferred tax asset/(liability)
Provisions (*) Fair value differences for financial assets and	521,668	156,500	373,673	93,418
liabilities	1,090,028	327,330	268,032	67,276
Derivative valuation differences	358,416	107,525	(426,342)	(106,585)
Expected credit losses of Stage I and II	846,006	253,802	759,085	189,770
Other (**)	2,412,342	1,213,597	94,778	23,758
Total deferred tax assets / (liabilities) net		2,058,754		267,637

<sup>(\*)</sup> Consists of reserve for employee benefits, provision for promotion expenses of credit cards and other provisions.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Includes deferred tax assets resulting from inflation adjustments within the scope of the provisions of Provisional Article 33. of the Tax Procedure Law.

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# I. Explanations and notes related to assets of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) movements of the current and previous years are as follows:

Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) net	Current period (1 January – 31 December 2023)	Prior period (1 January – 31 December 2022)
Opening balance	267.637	(498,804)
Deferred tax income / (expense) (net)	1,471,439	797,663
Deferred tax recognized under equity	319,678	(31,222)
Balance at the end of the period	2,058,754	267,637

## 16. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations (net)

## 16.1. Explanations on assets held for sale

	Current period	Prior period
Opening balance (net)	660	660
Additions	-	-
Disposals (-)	660	-
Depreciation (-)	-	-
Balance at the end of the period (net)	-	660

## 16.2. Explanations on discontinued operations

The Bank does not have assets with respect to the discontinued operations.

17. Other assets exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (excluding off balance sheet commitments), breakdown of the names and amounts of accounts constructing at least 20% of grand totals

Other assets in the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# II. Explanations and notes related to liabilities of the unconsolidated balance sheet

## 1. Information on deposits

## 1.1 Maturity structure of deposits

		7 day call	Up to 1			6 months	1 year and	Cumulative	
Current period	Demand	accounts	month	1-3 months	3-6 months	– 1 year	over	deposits	Total
Saving deposits	3,750,845	_	16.624.381	6.697.908	12.908.198	2.207.876	8,164,334	-	50,353,542
Foreign currency deposits	15,364,832	_	6.791.151	2.903.462	200.525	113,400	66,238	-	25,439,608
Residents in Turkey	15,226,253	-	6.719.794	2,656,628	188,573	85,861	57,921	-	24,935,030
Residents abroad	138,579	_	71,357	246,834	11,952	27,539	8,317	-	504,578
Public sector deposits	647,101	_	,	· -	, <u>-</u>	· -	´ -	-	647,101
Commercial deposits	1,780,948	-	8,243,239	249,009	2,720,624	830,503	648,760	-	14,473,083
Other institutions deposits	14,519	_	3,190	2,521	2	10	7	-	20,249
Precious metals deposits	4,724,453	-	1,011,091	· -	-	-	-	-	5,735,544
Interbank deposits	13,721	_	3,665,528	-	-	-	-	-	3,679,249
Central Bank of Turkey	· -	-	· · · -	-	-	-	-	-	· · · -
Domestic banks	10,696	_	38,430	-	-	-	-	-	49,126
Foreign banks	3,025	-	3,627,098	-	-	-	-	-	3,630,123
Participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· · · · -
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	26,296,419	-	36,338,580	9,852,900	15,829,349	3,151,789	8,879,339	-	100,348,376

Foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument, the operating rules of which are determined by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance and the CBRT, and which ensures that TL deposits are valued with interest rates and are protected against changes in foreign exchange rates, started to be offered to the Bank's customers. In this context, the total amount of deposits opened as of 31 December 2023 is TL 25,287,156 (31 December 2022: TL 12,581,452).

	•	7 day call	Up to 1		3-6	6 months -	1 year	Cumulative	
Prior period	Demand	accounts	month	1-3 months	months	1 year	and over	deposits	Total
Saving deposits	2.005.498	_	10.969.787	4.645.195	9.398.863	781.749	1,139,927	_	28.941.019
Foreign currency deposits	8,565,214	_	10.919.383	4.478.556	1.052.679	168.754	154.844	-	25.339.430
Residents in Turkey	8,456,552	_	10,820,813	4,288,948	1,036,858	151,062	148,386	-	24,902,619
Residents abroad	108,662	_	98,570	189,608	15,821	17,692	6,458	-	436,811
Public sector deposits	342,794	_	-	2	- , -	-	-	-	342,796
Commercial deposits	1.571.354	_	3,523,690	57,335	1.630.322	55,336	694.771	-	7,532,808
Other institutions deposits	13,120	-	5,822	2,285	2	9	7	-	21,245
Precious metals deposits	2,684,517	-	1,679,522	· -	-	-	-	-	4,364,039
Interbank deposits	5,162	-	746,689	-	-	-	-	-	751,851
Central Bank of Turkey	· -	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Domestic banks	80	-	300,129	-	-	-	-	-	300,209
Foreign banks	5,082	-	446,560	-	-	-	-	-	451,642
Participation banks	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	15,187,659	-	27,844,893	9,183,373	12,081,866	1,005,848	1,989,549	-	67,293,188

# 1.2. Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance and exceeding the limit of saving deposit insurance

		antee of saving sit insurance (*)	Exceeding the limit of saving deposit insurance		
Saving deposits	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period	
Saving deposit	21,485,153	14,070,193	28,861,062	14,866,261	
Foreign currency saving deposits	11,101,913	8,004,861	10,838,409	14,754,359	
Other deposits in the form of saving deposits	-	-	-	-	
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign					
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	
Deposits in off-shore banking regions' under foreign					
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	

		Under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance (*)		Exceeding the limit of saving deposit insurance		
Commercial deposits (**)	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period		
Commercial deposit	954,699	529,672	13,213,929	6,661,179		
Foreign currency commercial deposits	293.763	161,707	8.921.352	6,762,558		
Other deposits in the form of commercial deposits	-	-	-	-		
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign						
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-		
Deposits in off-shore banking regions' under foreign						
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-		

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount of deposits subject to insurance is TL 400 for the current period (Prior period is TL 200).

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> With the regulation published in the Official Gazette dated 27 August 2022 and numbered 31936, commercial deposits were included in the scope of insurance.

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- II. Explanations and notes related to liabilities of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)
  - 1.3. Information on whether the saving deposits / private current accounts of real persons not subject to commercial transactions in the Turkey branch of the Bank headquartered abroad are in scope of insurance in the country where the head office is located

The Bank's head office is in Turkey and its saving deposits are covered by saving deposit insurance.

# 1.4. Saving deposits of real persons not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund

	Current period	Prior period
Deposits and other accounts in foreign branches	-	-
Saving deposits and other accounts of controlling shareholders		
and their mothers, fathers, spouses, children in care	-	-
Saving deposits and other accounts of president and members of		
board of directors, general manager and vice presidents, and		
their mothers, fathers, spouses and children in care	49,339	29,681
Saving deposits and other accounts in scope of the property		
holdings derived from crime defined in Article 282 of Turkish		
Criminal Law No: 5237, dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Saving deposits in deposit bank established in Turkey in order to		
engage solely in off-shore banking activities	-	_

## 2. Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading

# 2.1. Table of negative differences for derivative financial liabilities held for trading

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	-	245,388	-	64,212
Swap transactions	1,461,157	248,106	1,051,618	432,836
Future transactions	-	· -	-	-
Options	-	265,212	12,869	2,743
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,461,157	758,706	1,064,487	499,791

#### 3. Banks and other financial institutions

#### 3.1. Information on banks and other financial institutions

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Funds borrowed from Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Funds borrowed from domestic banks and institutions	-	997,790	66,219	612,472
Funds borrowed from foreign banks, institutions and funds	9,316	12,728,558	18,304	8,244,603
Total	9,316	13,726,348	84,523	8,857,075

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# II. Explanations and notes related to liabilities of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

#### 3.2. Maturity analysis of funds borrowed

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short term	9,316	1,134,152	78,263	2,784
Medium and long term	-	12,592,196	6,260	8,854,291
Total	9,316	13,726,348	84,523	8,857,075

### 3.3. Funding industry group where the Bank's liabilities are concentrated

The liabilities providing the funding sources of the Bank are deposits, borrowings, marketable securities issued and money market borrowings. Deposits are the most important funding source of the Bank and the diversification of these deposits by number and type of depositors with a stable structure does not create any risk concentration. The borrowings are composed of funds such as syndicated and post-financing obtained from different financial institutions with different maturity-interest structures and characteristics. There is no risk concentration in any of the funding sources of the Bank.

# 4. Explanations on securities issued (net)

	Current perio	Current period		Prior period	
	TL F	С	TL	FC	
Bank bills	-	_	-	_	
Bonds	-	-	394,172	-	
Total	-	-	394,172	-	

# 5. If other liabilities exceed 10% of the balance sheet total, names and amounts of the accounts constituting at least 20% of grand totals

Other liabilities do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

## 6. Explanations on lease liabilities (net)

	Curre	Current period		Prior period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	
Less than 1 year	52,722	20,863	12,362	1,927	
Between 1-4 years	118,360	77,837	84,305	47,797	
More than 4 year	191,007	113,610	229,965	134,385	
Total	362,089	212,310	326,632	184,109	

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- II. Explanations and notes related to liabilities of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)
  - 7. Information on derivative financial liabilities held for hedging
  - 7.1. Negative differences related to derivative financial liabilities held for hedging

None (31 December 2022: None).

- 8. Information on provisions
- 8.1. Information on the exchange rate decrease provision on foreign currency indexed loans and financial lease receivables

None (31 December 2022: None).

### 8.2. Information on other provisions

	Current period	Prior period
Specific provisions for undrawn non-cash loans (stage 3)	245,029	117,094
Provision for credit card score promotion	1,902	1,304
Other provisions	465,254	338,015
Allowance for expected credit losses (stage 1 and stage 2) (*)	117,671	88,697
Other	347,583	249,318
Total	712,185	456,413

<sup>(\*)</sup> Non-cash loan provisions are included.

Amount to TL 110,108 (31 December 2022: TL 126,532) of the other provisions consist of provisions set aside as a result of the legal assessment for the lawsuits that are likely to result against the Bank.

The deposit holders of offshore accounts held at Sümerbank A.Ş. (together with other dissolved banks merged into Sümerbank A.Ş., all of which were ultimately merged into the Bank), which were opened before Savings Deposit Insurance Fund (SDIF) seized these banks, initiates lawsuits against the Bank. As a result of these lawsuits, the Bank pays certain amounts to these offshore deposit holders of the dissolved banks. SDIF indemnifies these amounts in accordance with the Share Transfer Agreement (STA) entered into between Turkish Armed Forces Assistance (and Pension) Fund (OYAK) and SDIF.

The mentioned amounts are being paid to the Bank by SDIF with objections and short payments with STA clauses. SDIF has initiated 10 enforcement proceedings against the Bank for the refund of the said payments, requesting 506 million TL excluding interest. As a response to the Bank's objections to the enforcement proceedings initiated by SDIF; SDIF has filed lawsuits for the cancellation of the objections. Currently, there are nine ongoing lawsuits and one enforcement proceeding in this context.

Additionally, the Bank has initiated 8 enforcement proceedings against SDIF regarding our accumulated receivables that SDIF has either partially or completely failed to pay.

Both SDIF's actions against the Bank and the Bank's actions against the SDIF are presented below as a table:

Lawsuit & Enforcement Proceedings	Amount	Status	The Latest Development in Legal Process
First Case	21 910	First Instance Court	The trial continues
Second Case	,	First Instance Court	The court of first instance decided in favor of ING
Third Case	, -	First Instance Court	The court of first instance decided in favor of ING
Fourth Case	- , -	First Instance Court	The court of first instance decided in favor of ING
Fifth Case	981	First Instance Court	The court of first instance decided in favor of ING
Sixth Case		First Instance Court	The court of first instance decided in favor of ING
Seventh Case	- ,	Regional Appeal Court	The court of first instance decided in lavor of five
Eighth Case		First Instance Court	The trial continues
Ninth Case	- ,	First Instance Court	The trial continues
Enforcement	20,034	The mediation process	Compulsory mediation process has been finalised the
Proceedings	7,546		lawsuit is awaited
	506.419		

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

### II. Explanations and notes related to liabilities of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

On the other hand, there is an administrative law dispute between the Bank and SDIF. The Bank has filed a lawsuit for the annulment of the administrative resolution No. 2013/36 dated 31 January 2013 of SDIF's Fund Board (the "SDIF Fund Board Decision"), which constitutes the legal basis of the SDIF's abovementioned actions. Although the first instance administrative court ruled in favor of the Bank to annul the SDIF Fund Board Decision, the Council of State (i.e., the Administrative Supreme Court of Appeals, Danıştay) reversed the first instance court's decision on the grounds that the administrative courts lack jurisdiction because the dispute was a matter of private law and not one of administrative law. The Bank submitted a motion for the post judgment relief, i.e., correction of judgment which the Council of State rejected. Upon completion of the Council of State's review, the first instance court rendered a decision in line with the Council of State's decision against which the Bank (claiming the annulment of the SDIF Fund Board Decision) and SDIF (claiming the determination of the SDIF Fund Board Decision's legal validity by the administrative courts rather than a lack of jurisdiction decision) filed an appeal.

No provisions were set aside in respect of the amounts that the Bank paid in connection with the off-shore lawsuits, court decisions on off-shore lawsuits and lawsuits filed by SDIF, considering the (i) relevant provisions of the SSA, (ii) relevant provisions of the Share Sale Agreement dated 18 June 2007 relating to the purchase of the Bank's shares (owned by OYAK) by ING Bank N.V. and (iii) the course of the pending lawsuits against SDIF.

# 8.3. Information on provisions for employee benefits

As of 31 December 2023, TL 124,827 (31 December 2022: TL 61,324) of TL 215,110 (31 December 2022: TL 146,727) provisions for employee benefits is the unused vacation provisions. Full provision is provided for the unused vacation liability.

TL 90,283 (31 December 2022: TL 85,403) of the provisions for employee benefits is the termination benefit provision. In accordance with the labor law, the Bank is required to make lump-sum payments to employees whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation and misconduct. The payments are calculated on the basis of 30 days' pay limited to a maximum of historical TL 23,489.83 (Full TL) at 31 December 2023 and TL 15,371.40 (Full TL) at 31 December 2022 per year of employment at the rate of pay applicable at the date of retirement or termination.

In the unconsolidated financial statements dated 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the Bank operating in Turkey has calculated severance pay by taking into account their experience in personnel service completion or termination, and by discounting it via using the forecasted annual inflation and interest rates.

	Current period	Prior period
Net discount rate	3.01%	2.17%
Inflation rate	36.00%	22.30%
Interest rate	40.10%	24.95%
Probability of severance	28.06%	27.21%

Movement of the provision for termination benefit:

	Current period	Prior period
Balance at the beginning of the period	85,403	35,280
Change during the year	(28,657)	27,736
Actuarial gain	74,907	41,960
Benefits paid during the year	(41,370)	(19,573)
Balance at the end of the period	90,283	85,403

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# II. Explanations and notes related to liabilities of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)

## 9. Explanations on tax liability

### 9.1. Explanations on current tax liability

## 9.1.1. Explanations on tax provision

The Bank has no current corporate tax liability in current period (31 December 2022: TL 290,954).

### 9.1.2. Information on taxes payable

	Current period	Prior period
Corporate tax payable	_	290,954
Taxation of securities	75.293	31,883
Banking insurance transaction tax ("BITT")	71,686	37,802
Value added tax payable	29,986	17,723
Foreign exchange transaction tax	2,049	3,038
Property tax	2,010	1,452
Other	35,534	27,734
Total	216,558	410,586

## 9.1.3. Information on premiums

	Current period	Prior period
Social security premiums-employee	14,551	12,062
Social security premiums-employer	24,016	17,934
Bank social aid pension fund premium-employee	<u>-</u>	-
Bank social aid pension fund premium-employer	-	-
Pension fund membership fees and provisions-employee	-	-
Pension fund membership fees and provisions-employer	-	-
Unemployment insurance-employee	931	850
Unemployment insurance-employer	1,863	1,702
Other	-	-
Total	41,361	32,548

## 9.2. Explanations on deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax asset and liability are netted and shown in liabilities of unconsolidated balance sheet as deferred tax liability, and explanations about deferred tax asset / liability for the current and prior period are disclosed in Section Five Footnote I.15.

## 10. Information on liabilities regarding assets held for sale

As of 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, there are no liabilities regarding assets held for sale.

#### 11. Explanations on the subordinated loans

None.

## 12. Information on shareholders' equity

## 12.1. Paid-in capital

	Current period	Prior period
Common stock (*)	3,486,268	3,486,268
Preferred stock	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount represents nominal capital.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

- II. Explanations and notes related to liabilities of the unconsolidated balance sheet (continued)
  - 12.2. Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applicable at bank; if so, the amount of registered share capital ceiling

Paid-in-capital amount is TL 3,486,268 and registered share capital system is not applied.

12.3. Information on share capital increases and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in current period

None.

#### 12.4. Information on share capital increases from capital reserves

There is no capital increase from capital reserves in the current period.

12.5 Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and in the interim period following the last fiscal year, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments

There are no capital commitments in the last fiscal year and in the interim period following the last fiscal year.

12.6. Indicators of the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of future assumptions made by taking into account the uncertainties of these indicators on the Bank's equity:

The Bank's balance sheet is managed in a conservative manner in order to be minimally affected by interest, currency and credit risks. The Bank's operations are aimed to be continued with a conservative approach and with an increasing profitability. The year end income is transferred to the statutory reserves and extraordinary reserves under the shareholder's equity. The Bank tries to invest the majority of its shareholder's equity in interest bearing assets and to keep investments in non-banking assets such as tangible assets, investments in non-financial subsidiaries limited.

## 12.7. Information on preferred shares

There are no preferred shares.

#### 12.8. Information on marketable securities revaluation reserve

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
From associates, subsidiaries, and entities under common control (business partnerships) Valuation difference Foreign exchange difference	- (547,073) -	- - -	- 143,086 -	- - -	
Total	(547,073)	-	143,086	-	

# 12.9. Profit reserves and profit distribution

Under the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), legal reserves consist of first legal reserve and second legal reserve. First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of at least 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of issued and fully paid-in share capital.

As per the decision made at the annual general assembly of shareholders of the Bank on 27 March 2023, the distribution of the net profit of the year 2022, is as follows.

Profit distribution table of 2022	
2022 net profit	2,626,289
A – I. Legal Reserve (TCC 519/A) 5%	(131,314)
B – The First Dividend for Shareholders	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
C – Extraordinary Reserves	(2,476,283)
D – Special funds	(18,692)

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# III. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated off-balance sheet accounts

## 1. Explanations on off-balance sheet commitments

## 1.1. Type and amount of irrevocable commitments

	Current period	Prior period
Forward asset purchase commitments	16,172,073	2,046,189
Forward deposit purchase and sales commitments	36,000	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Loan granting commitments	3,324,152	2,420,233
Commitments for cheque payments	243,467	187,441
Commitments for credit card limits	1,577,760	1,198,791
Commitments for credit cards and banking services promotions	19,939	14,256
Other irrevocable commitments	33,972	29,886
Total	21,407,363	5,896,796

# 1.2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items

# 1.2.1 Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others deemed as financial commitments and other letter of credits

	Current period	Prior period
Commitments and contingencies	5,487,458	4,048,574
Letter of credits	2,118,931	1,053,321
Bank acceptance loans	4,808	-
Total	7,611,197	5,101,895

# 1.2.2. Irrevocable guarantees, temporary guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies

	Current period	Prior period	
Irrevocable letters of guarantees	10,057,924	6,822,822	
Cash loans letters of guarantees	1,253,981	551,940	
Advance letters of guarantees	1,494,368	736,625	
Temporary letters of guarantees	41,140	43,266	
Other	141,089	106,043	
Total	12,988,502	8,260,696	

# 1.3. Explanation on non-cash loans

## 1.3.1. Total amount of non-cash loans

	Current period	Prior period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	6,725,673	4,597,893
With original maturity of 1 year or less than 1 year	253,844	47,093
With original maturity of more than 1 year	6,471,829	4,550,800
Other non-cash loans	13,874,026	8,764,698
Total	20,599,699	13,362,591

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# III. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated off-balance sheet accounts (continued)

# 1.3.2. Information on sectoral risk concentrations of non-cash loans

	Current period				Prior	period		
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agriculture	895	0.02	_	_	11,167	0.51	_	-
Farming and raising	842	0.02	-	-	11,114	0.51	-	-
Forestry	34	-	-	-	34	-	-	-
Fishing	19	-	-	-	19	-	-	-
Manufacturing	793,035	22.00	4,680,584	27.54	455,936	20.77	3,241,666	29.02
Mining	14,154	0.39	406,371	2.39	22,135	1.01	428,840	3.84
Production	770,261	21.37	4,186,096	24.63	421,273	19.19	2,800,034	25.07
Electric, gas and water	8,620	0.24	88,117	0.52	12,528	0.57	12,792	0.11
Construction	157,641	4.37	2,408,767	14.17	138,957	6.33	1,936,615	17.34
Services	2,650,076	73.52	9,888,532	58.19	1,583,982	72.17	5,983,301	53.58
Wholesale and retail trade	1,993,718	55.31	649,798	3.82	1,227,606	55.93	345,207	3.09
Hotel, food and beverage	12,957	0.36	-	-	9,597	0.44	-	-
Transportation and telecommunication	182,817	5.07	1,874,183	11.03	120,207	5.48	1,276,534	11.43
Financial institutions	407,341	11.30	4,611,448	27.14	211,661	9.64	2,533,637	22.69
Real estate and renting services	28,671	0.80	930,812	5.48	4,744	0.22	499,123	4.47
Self-employment services	24,069	0.67	1,404,331	8.26	9,639	0.44	825,685	7.39
Education services	· -	-	-	-	25	-	· -	-
Health and social services	503	0.01	417,960	2.46	503	0.02	503,115	4.51
Other	3,114	0.09	17,055	0.10	4,763	0.22	6,204	0.06
Total	3,604,761	100.00	16,994,938	100.00	2,194,805	100.00	11,167,786	100.00

# 1.3.3. Non-cash loans classified in Group I and Group II

		Group I		Group II
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Non-cash loans	3,560,289	15,762,219	9,698	1,733
Letter of guarantees	3,548,661	8,162,650	9,698	1,733
Bank acceptances	<u>-</u>	4,808	-	-
Letter of credits	-	2,118,931	-	-
Endorsements	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
Underwriting commitments	-	-	-	-
Factoring commitments	-	-	-	-
Other	11,628	5,475,830	-	-

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# III. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated off-balance sheet accounts (continued)

# 2. Information on derivative transactions

	Current period	Prior period
Types of hadring transportions		
Types of hedging transactions		
Fair value hedges (I)	-	-
Purchase transactions	<del>-</del>	-
Sale transactions	-	- -
Cash flow hedges (II)	300,000	540,000
Purchase transactions	150,000	270,000
Sale transactions	150,000	270,000
Net investment hedges (III)	-	-
Purchase transactions	-	=
Sale transactions	-	-
A. Total derivatives held for hedging (I+II+III)	300,000	540,000
Derivative transactions held for trading		
Trading transactions (I)	222,926,715	119,134,159
Forward foreign currency transactions – buy	37,211,129	14,990,037
Forward foreign currency transactions – sell	35,195,294	14,584,271
Swap transactions- buy	59,571,396	36,473,517
Swap transactions – sell	61,049,850	36,521,016
Foreign currency options – buy	14,949,523	8,282,659
Foreign currency options – sell	14,949,523	8,282,659
Foreign currency futures – buy	<del>-</del>	-
Foreign currency futures – sell	-	-
Interest rate derivatives (II)	119,762,700	40,180,374
Interest rate swap - buy	59,881,350	20,090,187
Interest rate swap - sell	59,881,350	20,090,187
Interest rate options - buy	· · · · -	-
Interest rate options - sell	-	-
Securities options - buy	-	-
Securities options - sell	-	-
Interest futures - buy	-	-
Interest futures - sell	-	-
Other trading derivative transactions (III)	-	=
B. Total derivative transactions held for trading (I+II+III)	342,689,415	159,314,533
Total derivative transactions (A+B)	342,989,415	159,854,533

## 3. Information on credit swaps and related risks

As of 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, there are no credit derivative transactions.

## 4. Information on contingent liabilities and assets

As of 31 December 2023, a total provision of TL 110,108 (31 December 2022: TL 126,532) separated other provisions are under the item, considering legal assessment for the lawsuits with a high probability of resulting against the Bank and as a result of the audits of public authorities.

## 5. Information on the services provided on behalf of others

Related information is provided in Section Four Footnote IX.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## IV. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss

#### 1. Information on interest income

### 1.1. Information on interest income from loans (\*)

	Current period		Р	rior period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short term loans	6,817,261	1,113,634	3,906,290	630,476
Medium and long term loans	3,623,152	902,038	2,418,285	665,316
Interest on loans under follow-up	159,166	_	177,234	-
Premiums received from resource utilization			•	
support fund	-	-	-	-
Total	10,599,579	2,015,672	6,501,809	1,295,792

<sup>(\*)</sup> Commissions and fees received from cash loans are included.

#### 1.2. Information on interest income received from banks

	Current period		Prior perio	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Central Bank of Turkey	-	11,188	_	17,807
From domestic banks	17,610	1,012	3,747	258
From foreign banks	249	78,597	50	30,200
From branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	17,859	90,797	3,797	48,265

#### 1.3. Information on interest income received from marketable securities portfolio

	Current period		Pri	or period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial assets measured at fair value				
through profit or loss Financial assets measured at fair value	21,839	14,933	49,548	8,599
through other comprehensive income Financial assets measured at amortised	668,062	-	237,563	-
cost	1,767,575	-	836,828	-
Total	2,457,476	14,933	1,123,939	8,599

As stated in Section Three disclosure VII, the Bank has inflation indexed ("CPI") government bonds in its financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortized cost portfolios. The reference indices used for the real interest payments about these marketable securities is determined based on the CPI's of two months before. The Bank determines the estimated inflation rates used for valuation of securities in line with this. The estimated inflation rate used is updated during the year when necessary. At the end of the year, the actual inflation rate is used. As of 31 December 2023, an annual rate of 61.4% has been taken into account for the estimated inflation rate used in the valuation of these securities.

#### 1.4 Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries

	Current period	Prior period
Interest income from associates and subsidiaries	84,303	2,050

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# IV. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss (continued)

# 2. Information on interest expenses

# 2.1. Information on interest on funds borrowed (\*)

	Current period			Prior period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	5,013	904,000	65,684	239,649
Central Bank of Turkey	· -	-	-	-
Domestic banks	3,647	35,482	17,525	1,440
Foreign banks	1,366	868,518	48,159	238,209
Branches and offices abroad	-	-	-	-
Other institutions	-	48,259	-	10,794
Total	5,013	952,259	65,684	250,443

<sup>(\*)</sup> Commissions and fees paid for cash funds borrowed are included.

## 2.2. Information on interest expenses paid to associates and subsidiaries

	Current period	Prior period
Interest expenses paid to associates and subsidiaries	109,689	24,980

# 2.3. Information on interest on securities issued

FC	TL	FC
	69 004	_
	_	- 68,994

# 2.4. Allocation of interest expenses on deposits according to maturity of deposits

				Time de	posit			
Account name	Demand deposit	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Accumulated deposits	Total
Turkish lira								
Bank deposits	-	327,218	-	-	-	-	-	327,218
Saving deposits	-	3,701,765	4,845,767	1,559,071	30,192	1,613,761	-	11,750,556
Public sector deposits	-	1,426	-	-	-	-	-	1,426
Commercial deposits	-	1,669,970	302,663	546	410	-	-	1,973,589
Other deposits	-	871	370	-	-	-	-	1,241
7 days call accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	5,701,250	5,148,800	1,559,617	30,602	1,613,761	-	14,054,030
Foreign currency								
Foreign currency								
deposits	-	17,499	60,397	19,860	3,679	4,541	-	105,976
Banks deposits	-	1,958	, <u> </u>	, <u>-</u>	, -	· -	-	1,958
7 days call accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Precious metal								
deposits	-	423	-	-	-	-	-	423
Total	-	19,880	60,397	19,860	3,679	4,541	-	108,357
Grand total	-	5,721,130	5,209,197	1,579,477	34,281	1,618,302	-	14,162,387

# ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# IV. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss (continued)

## 3. Information on dividend income

	Current period	Prior period
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Other	- 661 -	347
Total	661	347

# 4. Information on trading income/loss (net)

	Current period	Prior period
Income	57,097,416	47,336,195
Gains on capital market transactions	259,436	150,346
Gains on derivative financial instruments	41,649,225	26,804,006
Foreign exchange gains	15,188,755	20,381,843
Loss (-)	(54,695,267)	(45,469,037)
Loss on capital market transactions	(272,987)	(101,827)
Loss on derivative financial instruments	(37,213,806)	(24,176,221)
Foreign exchange loss	(17,208,474)	(21,190,989)

Net profit on derivative financial instruments recognized in profit/loss resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates is TL 5,481,688 (31 December 2022: TL 2,686,638 net profit).

# 5. Information on other operating income

	Current period	Prior period
Lancard Community of Continuous Control Continuous Control	4 047 400	045.004
Income from reversal of prior years' provisions	1,017,469	815,994
Income arising from sale of assets	116,322	100,372
Banking services income	4,055	1,727
Other non-interest income	114,466	66,229
Total	1,252,312	984,322

# 6. Allowance for expected credit losses and other provision expenses

	Current period.	Prior period
Expected credit losses	621,202	892,931
12 Months expected credit loss (Stage 1)	107,030	309,604
Expected credit loss significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	61,118	153,931
Expected credit loss impaired credits (Stage 3)	453,054	<i>4</i> 29,396
Impairment losses on securities	526	1,315
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss	526	1,315
Financial assets measured at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	-	-
Impairment losses on associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures	-	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint ventures	-	-
Other	260,311	131,526
Total	882,039	1,025,772

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## IV. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss (continued)

## 7. Information on other operating expenses

	Current period	Prior period
	05.004	0.540
Reserves for employee termination benefits	25,681	9,512
Bank social aid fund deficit provision	-	-
Tangible assets impairment expense	-	-
Depreciation expense of tangible assets	147,155	118,606
Intangible assets impairment expense	-	-
Goodwill impairment expense	-	-
Amortisation expense of intangible assets	69,554	27,543
Impairment expense of equity participations for which equity method is applied	_	-
Impairment expense for securities that to be disposed	_	_
Depreciation expense of securities that to be disposed	-	_
Impairment expense of held for sale tangible assets and		
discontinued operations	-	-
Other operating expenses	2,872,289	1,436,062
Operating lease expenses related with TFRS 16 exception	72,857	39,841
Repair and maintenance expenses	94,166	49,515
Advertisement expenses	411,018	174,477
Other expenses	2,294,248	1,172,229
Loss on sales of assets	6,445	6,549
Other (*)	653,650	366,872
Total	3,774,774	1,965,144

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes saving-deposits-insurance-fund related expenses of TL 246,788 (31 December 2022: TL 164,894).

#### 8. Information on income / (loss) before taxes for continued and discontinued operations

As of 31 December 2023, the income before taxes is TL 492,361 (31 December 2022: TL 3,500,964).

## 9. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

As of 31 December 2023, the corporate tax provision expense for the period is TL 265,762 (31 December 2022: TL 1,672,338), and the deferred tax income is TL 1,471,439 (31 December 2022: TL 797,663 deferred tax income).

#### 10. Information on net operating income after taxes for continued and discontinued operations

As of 31 December 2023, the net operating income after taxes is TL 1,698,038 (31 December 2022: TL 2,626,289).

#### 11. The explanations on net income/loss for the period

Interest income from regular banking transactions is TL 17,894,168 (31 December 2022: TL 9,444,080), while the interest expense is TL 15,401,365 (31 December 2022: TL 5,169,398).

There are no changes in estimations related to the items in the financial statements.

# 12. If the other items in the statement of profit or loss exceed 10% of the statement of profit or loss total, explanations on the sub-accounts amounting to at least 20% of these items

Other fees and commissions received amounting to TL 1,105,887 (31 December 2022: TL 662,324) has included TL 268,258 (31 December 2022: TL 187,587) resulting from the credit card fees and commissions, TL 96,709 (31 December 2022: TL 60,886) resulting from service fees and commissions from contracted merchants and TL 247,790 (31 December 2022: TL 133,946) resulting from insurance commissions.

Other fees and commissions paid amounting to TL 392,665 (31 December 2022: TL 244,039) has included TL 213,020 (31 December 2022: TL 135,961) resulting from credit card exchange commissions.

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## IV. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss (continued)

## 13. Fees related with the services provided by independent auditors/independent audit agencies

In accordance with the decision made by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority dated 26 March 2021, fees, based on the given reporting period, in relation to the services provided by independent auditors or independent audit firms excluding value added tax costs are presented in the following table.

	Current period	Prior period
Independent audit fees in the reporting period	7,762	2,487
Total	7,762	2,487

# V. Explanations and notes related to unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Under the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), legal reserves comprise of first legal reserve and second legal reserve. First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of at least 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of issued and fully paid-in share capital.

The Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of the Bank was held on 27 March 2023. In the Ordinary General Assembly meeting, it was decided to transfer TL 2,626,289 unconsolidated net income from 2022 operations to statutory legal reserves, extraordinary reserves and revaluation surplus on tangible and intangible assets as a real estate sale income and utilized from the tax exemption amounting to TL 131,314 TL 2,476,283 and TL 18,692 respectively.

General Assembly of the Bank is authorized body for the profit appropriation decisions. The Ordinary General Assembly Meeting has not been held as of the date of these financial statements.

As of the balance sheet date, unconsolidated legal reserves amount to TL 563,562 (31 December 2022: TL 432,247), and TL 131,314 (31 December 2022: TL 60,006) of this amount consists of the amount transferred from the previous year profit within the current period.

As of the balance sheet date, extraordinary reserves amount to TL 8,931,180 (31 December 2022: TL 6,360,708).

# VI. Explanations and notes related to the unconsolidated statement of cash flows

## 1. Information on cash flow statements

Components of cash and cash equivalents are cash, cash in foreign currency, money in transit, cheques purchased, demand deposits including unrestricted deposits in the Central Bank of Turkey and time deposits in banks with original maturities less than three months.

# 1.1. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Cash	3,003,009	3,013,711
Cash in vault	160,443	134,580
Cash in foreign currency	2,842,566	2,879,131
Cash equivalents	9,862,463	12,665,224
Central Bank of Turkey	5,782,879	9,411,192
Banks	1,582,593	653,008
Interbank money market	2,496,991	2,601,024
Total	12,865,472	15,678,935

#### ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

## VI. Explanations and notes related to the unconsolidated statement of cash flows

### 1.2. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period

	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Cash	2,716,520	3,003,009
Cash in vault	180,874	160,443
Cash in foreign currency	2,535,646	2,842,566
Cash equivalents	23,829,883	9,862,463
Central Bank of Turkey	15,002,152	5,782,879
Banks	319,474	1,582,593
Interbank money market	8,508,257	2,496,991
Total	26,546,403	12,865,472

2. Explanation about other line items included in the cash flow and about the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents line item included in the cash flow statement:

Amounting to TL 1,252,312 increase (31 December 2022: TL 176,386 increase) under "Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities" consists of other operational incomes.

Amounting to TL 983,715 increase (31 December 2022: TL 5,186,954 increase) under "Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities" consists of profit / loss from capital market transactions, profit/loss from derivative transactions and other operational expenses.

Amounting to TL 4,548,900 decrease (31 December 2022: TL 235,635 increase) under "Changes in operating assets and liabilities" consists of mainly changes in prepaid expenses and changes in exchange accounts under other assets.

Amounting to TL 2,183,229 decrease (31 December 2022: TL 1,410,025 decrease) under "Changes in operating assets and liabilities" consists of mainly changes in fees and commissions obtained in advance and changes in exchange account under other liabilities.

"Other" item amounting to TL 859,895 (31 December 2022: TL 582,474) included in "Net cash flow from investment activities" includes TL 1,209,989 intangible assets (31 December 2022: TL 249,898).

As of 31 December 2023, the effect of changes in the foreign currency rates on the cash and cash equivalents has been determined by the sum of exchange rate differences of translation into TL of cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currency in the beginning and the end of the period quarterly and as approximately TL 4,661,537 (31 December 2022: TL 4,048,150).

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# VII. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Bank

# 1. Volume of related party transactions, income and expense amounts involved and outstanding loan and deposit balances

## 1.1. Current period

Risk group of the Bank	Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (business partnerships)			and indirect olders of the Bank	Other entities included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans						
Beginning of the period	705,641	611	56	1,210,575	1,486	530,274
End of the period	787,618	611	65	1,956,949	1,477	1,255,729
Interest and commission income	84,303	118,356	-	7,635	-	2,871

# 1.2 Prior period

Risk group of the Bank	Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other entities included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans						
Beginning of the period	757,539	1,191	187	1,082,968	395	428,782
End of the period	705,641	611	56	1,210,575	1,486	530,274
Interest and commission income	2,050	56,220	-	4,958	-	761

## 1.3. Information on deposit balances of the risk group of the Bank

Risk group of the Bank	Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures k group of the Bank (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other entities included in the risk group	
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Deposit						
Beginning of the period	236,191	464,827	451,807	1,974	113,158	57,551
End of the period	69,089	236,191	3,633,508	451,807	46,691	113,158
Interest expense on deposits	88,494	24,980	310,262	34,798	19,999	6,503

# 1.4. Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements entered into with the risk group of the Bank

Risk group of the Bank	associates	osidiaries, s and joint ventures tnerships)	joint Direct and indirect ures shareholders of the Other			ther entities included in the risk group	
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period	
Transactions at fair value through profit / loss							
Beginning of the period	100,000	-	31,915,187	19,803,771	-	_	
End of the period	305,897	100,000	45,124,087	31,915,187	-	-	
Total profit/loss	4,000	803	37,960	73,173	(8,426)	(7,459)	
Transactions with hedging purposes							
Beginning of the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	
End of the period	-	-	-	=	-	-	
Total profit/loss	=	-	(7,072)	29,573	=	-	

## ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

# VII. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Bank (continued)

# 1.5. Information on placements made with the risk group of the Bank

Risk group of the Bank	and join			t and indirect holders of the Bank	Other entities included in the risk group	
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Banks						
Beginning of the period	-	-	1,169,959	36,926	55,904	36,239
End of the period	-	-	133,260	1,169,959	35,671	55,904
Interest income received	-	-	248	25	-	25

# 1.6. Information on loans borrowed from the risk group of the Bank

Risk group of the Bank	Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other entities included in the risk group	
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Loans Beginning of the period	-	-	432,789	1,722,551	18,304	19,903
End of the period Interest and commission paid	658,069 21,195	-	43,203 9,890	432,789 47,490	9,316 1,364	18,304 671

# 1.7 Information regarding benefits provided to the Bank's top management:

Benefits paid to key management personnel for the period ended as of 31 December 2023 is amounting to TL 117,724 (31 December 2022: TL 49,590).

# VIII. Explanations and notes related to the domestic, foreign, off-shore branches and foreign representatives of the Bank

	Number	Number of employees			
Domestic branches	120	2,236			
			Country		
Foreign representative offices	-	-	-		
				Total assets	Capital
Foreign branches	-	-		-	-
Off-shore banking region branches	-	-		-	-

ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Section six

Other Explanations

I. Other explanations on the Bank's operations

None.

# II. Explanations and notes related to subsequent events

BRSA has determined within the board decision dated 11 January 2024 and numbered 10825 that transition date of "TAS 29 Hyperinflationary Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" for banks, leasing companies, factoring companies, financing companies, savings financing companies and asset management companies is 1 January 2025.

The Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of ING Faktoring A.Ş. in Liquidation was held on 30 January 2024, and as of 1 February 2024, the company was deleted from the trade registry, its legal entity ended and the liquidation process was completed.

ING Bank A.Ş.

Notes to the unconsolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Section seven

Independent auditors' report

# I. Explanations on the independent auditors' report

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank as of 31 December 2023, have been audited by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (a member firm of Ernst&Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' report dated 8 February 2024 is presented at the beginning of this report.

## II. Explanations on the independent auditors' report

There are no other significant footnotes and explanations related to the operations of the Bank that is not mentioned above.